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The MARCH of the NATIONS

by RUFUS STEELE

U. S. Debt Note Goes to Limit

Britain Will Send Gold Bars

France Alters Its Attitude

Hoover Sweeps Departments

Committee Gets Lytton Report

Beer Backers Tell Tall Tales

WASHINGTON regards President Hoover as having gone to the utmost possible limit of concession in the current note to Great Britain. To have offered more would have been to ignore the stand of Congress and the sentiment of vast bodies of American opinion. He bars cancellation, but puts the future debt payments into the framework of world recovery. He proposes re-examination of the whole subject through whatever agency may seem appropriate. He bars postponement of Dec. 15 obligations, but offers to accept any reasonable suggestion for facilitating payment. The note makes plain that future talks must be with each debtor separately—But each is assured of a sympathetic consideration of its own situation.

¶ Britain prepares, tentatively, to pay its Dec. 15 obligation to the United States with more than 11,000 bars of gold. Upon receiving President Hoover's reply to its second note, the Government turns to what it considers the least objectionable method. Some of the gold may be transferred from stocks already held in New York, the remainder shipped across the Atlantic, a few days' grace for the shipment to arrive being asked under the courtesy extended in the note. London's reaction to President Hoover's reply is generally favorable—The British maintain their traditional reputation as good sports.

¶ Paris notes important modifications in the French attitude on the debt payment due Dec. 15. Following all-day conversations with British statesmen, officials indicate their belief that Parliament might sanction payment under definite revision promise. Le Petit Parisien says America would have to accept the payment as the last that would be made before a revising and reckon the sum as part of the future liquidation. Britain's refusal of preferential treatment influences the French—Since Britain holds back for France, France is inclined to step along with Britain.

¶ President Hoover promulgates the most sweeping reorganization of federal departments in history. These become effective in 60 days, subject to congressional approval. The proposed consolidations and discontinuances affect 58 executive agencies. Four new divisions and 10 major regroupings are scheduled, bureaus are transferred from one department to another, commissions are merged. The message to Congress drops like a bombshell among officeholders, who had expected nothing so drastic, yet the President says it is only a beginning. Hard times have forced a disagreeable task long deferred—Government methods must get down to a business basis.

¶ The League of Nations Assembly refers the Lytton Report and the all-important resolutions concerning it to the Committee of 19. This halts hot debate in which the small nations clamored for what they regard as simple justice for China and the major nations weakened China's claims by sidestepping the main issues and weakly supporting the others. The next question is whether the United States and Russia will be represented in the Committee of 19. The major powers cling to the battered hope that Sino-Japanese conciliation may yet be possible. They have a good diplomatic alibi for doing nothing today—By next week maybe they won't have to do it.

¶ China believes the Japanese threaten to capture Jehol Province. Gen. Chang Hsiao-liang wires Nanking that he cannot come for a promised conference because of the increasing prospects of an offensive, now that the north Manchurian revolt has collapsed. A Japanese news agency spreads the report that Chinese are massing and that Japan may have to attack, and this report deepens Nanking's fear—Such reports usually mean the Japanese military is ready for a major movement.

¶ Washington hears remarkable testimony on liquor given before the House Ways and Means Committee on the Collier bill. The brewers promise to spend $360,000,000 and put 300,000 people to work if beer is made legal. Prof. Yandell Henderson of Yale says that beer with even 4 per cent of alcohol is no more intoxicating than coffee. Warming up, he says an average man can drink a pint of whisky without harm. Matthew Woll, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, boosting beer, sees the country on the eve of a tremendous increase in employment and a tremendous reversal in psychology—But doesn't all this somehow sound like an almost tremendous reversal of facts?

Rail Bridge Replaced In a Single Night

Special from Monitor Bureau

London

COMPLETE replacement of a 120-ton railway bridge by a new one weighing 180 tons has just been accomplished here in one night after a month's preparatory work. The bridge carries the tracks of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway over the Edgeware Road at Cricklewood.

Steel trestles projecting 65 feet were erected on either side of the existing bridge and on top of these the new bridge was assembled girder by girder ready to be rolled into position. The old bridge was jacked up onto roller bearings running on grooved rails and was then rolled out of its place while the new bridge, also mounted on roller bearings, was rolled into position.

Girl Scouts Busy 'Making' Holiday Cheer

All Over United States They Are Preparing Gifts for Needy

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 9—Girl Scouts all over the country are proving that money is not what counts most in providing holiday cheer, according to leaders at the national headquarters here.

In one city they have enlisted the aid of the firemen to collect the contents of nursery cupboards and attics. In another they have induced the telephone company to call up a large proportion of home owners with a request that they give toys, food, clothes, furniture and anything that could possibly be crowded into a Christmas basket.

In hundreds of towns they have transformed Red Cross flour into the crispiest, shiniest, most delectable cookies, which are now packed in boxes all ready for Christmas stockings. Red Cross print has been made into dresses and Red Cross flannel into warm underthings.

Here, there and everywhere the little girls are scurrying about with bursts of laughter and much weighty discussion, painting old boats, patching up dolls, sewing on the legs of cloth animals and repainting the somewhat worn dolls' houses, delivery wagons and spinning tops which they have collected from former users. They are hoarding pennies to buy milk, paring apples to make apple sauce and toasting themselves over the stoves in the deep and very important business of concocting cranberry sauce.

There has been a great begging of recipes and a subsequent baking of various kinds by the most domestic small girls, while the climb-the-fence type repairs broken zeppelins and paints a new coat on the hobby-horse who has faithfully rocked one family of children and is now on the way to joyous use by another.

Illinois Told Way To Save Millions

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Dec. 9—Envisaging annual savings totaling more than $15,000,000 in administration of education and highway maintenance alone for the down-state counties of Illinois, governmental experts declare in a report made public today that reorganization of these functions offers the greatest opportunities for economies.

The report is the second half of an exhaustive survey made for the Illinois Commission on Taxation and Expenditures by the firm of Griffenhagen & Associates and deals with that part of Illinois outside of Cook County, to which the first section was devoted.

The State would assume far more responsibility in the administration of schools, the maintenance of highways and the care of the dependent if the Griffenhagen recommendations were carried out, as they follow the trend toward shifting more responsibility onto the State, with a view to more economical and better integrated organization.

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THINGS PRESENT

Hm-m! Something seems to have gone wrong with bullfighting in Spain. The season just completed showed a total of 215 performances, compared with 249 in 1931 and 302 in 1930. Read "Twilight in the Plaza de Toros" on the Editorial page.

"Stamp money" has been put into practical use in Hawarden, Iowa, as you will note from the second item in "Mirror of World Opinion" on the back page.

There is an indefinable something about the cleverly wrapped modern gift which gives pleasure to giver and recipient alike. As the time is approaching when some gifts will have to be wrapped, perhaps you should read "The Outside Is Half the Gift" on the Household page.

Some interesting notes on Hymn No. 281 in the revised Christian Science Hymnal appear on the Daily Features page.

AND THINGS TO COME

Saturday brings the following pages: Antiques and Interior Decoration; News of Music, Art, and Theaters; Book Reviews and Literary News; Educational (with the Parent column, formerly appearing on Tuesdays). Look also for the World News Map.

Hoover Rejects Debt Delay; Way Left Open for Revision

Notes to Britain and France Draw Lines of Distinction Between Two Debtors—England Expected to Meet Payment in Gold When Cabinet Acts

Linking future examination of war debts to measures to restore world credit, President Hoover is compelled to reject postponement of the British and French payment due on Dec. 15.

While the British Cabinet has not taken action, it is regarded now as certain that it will meet its installment and that it will be paid in gold.

The French press indicates a decided swing away from the policy of default on its interest obligation due next week.

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9—Though both Britain and France are freely offered an ultimate review of their entire war debts to the United States, and thus the debt problem is headed toward constructive solution, two notes from the American Government released today more pointedly than ever draw sharp distinction between the two debtors.

Great Britain is urged to propose "any reasonable suggestion for facilitating payment on Dec. 15" by Mr. Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State. France is told, "I trust that the French Government will appreciate the importance of making the Dec. 15 payment in accordance with its terms."

Nevertheless it is considered that President Hoover has extended the utmost possible concession which an American Chief Executive could present to European debtors, taking into account the evident sentiment of Congress and of large bodies of American opinion. Moreover, the broader aspect of the notes puts the future of the debts into the framework of world recovery, with the emphasis on negotiations to reshape the obligations more nearly to new conditions.

Offering to accept "any reasonable suggestion for facilitating payment on Dec. 15," and proposing reexamination of future debts "through whatever agency may seem appropriate," President Hoover had his Secretary of State, Mr. Henry L. Stimson, reflect the abundant sympathy with Great Britain's difficulties which exists in the United States.

But complete postponement of the Dec. 15 payments, which the British Government requested, was again rejected. Instead, the path of compromise was once more insistently pointed out to Great Britain. Any middle course method of easing the Dec. 15 payment would be considered by the United States, and President Hoover will strongly recommend such steps to Congress. His previous suggestions, centering chiefly in a plan to permit payment in British pounds into a blocked account in London, were rejected by the British Treasury, but that a compromise will not be arrived at is as yet far from certain.

The American notes, therefore, are essentially invitations to Great Britain and France, later to be followed by similar bids to other debtor nations, to make their own proposals for future discussion of debts and the salvaging of the Lausanne agreements.

Indeed, President Hoover appears to offer debt reëxamination on a

(Continued on Page 3, Column 1)

RANKS OF REICH FASCISTS SPLIT BY PARTY STRIFE

Strasser, Next to Hitler in Power, Retires as Organizing Chief

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

BERLIN, Dec. 9—Differences between the conservative and radical sections of the National Socialist Party appeared in the open today with well-authenticated reports of the resignation of Herr Gregor Strasser as "organization leader."

Herr Strasser has been second in command under Herr Adolf Hitler and headed the conservative group which has been favoring coöperation with the Government and sharing ministries and responsibilities. The extremer section has been urging no compromise with the Chancellor, Gen. Kurt von Schleicher, and continues to demand full power for Herr Hitler.

Political discussion of the possibility of electing Herr Strasser as Minister-President of Prussia, and then taking him into the Reich Cabinet as minister without portfolio, is understood to have brought the situation to a head. The move would have entailed Fascist coöperation with General von Schleicher, which Herr Hitler is apparently not yet ready to grant.

Although Fascist circles are trying to minimise the importance of the split, it is significant that Herr Strasser has held his present position since January, 1927, and even was associated with Herr Hitler in the abortive 1923 Putsch. He has not resigned from the party, but retired to the position of "private soldier" within the National Socialist ranks.

The action heavily underlines the opinion within the Fascist movement that the way to power for the Hitlerites is through gaining a foothold in the Government now rather than nursing the hope of Herr Hitler achieving complete control by continuing in opposition until his "supreme moment" arrives.

Laurel Planting Along Roads Urged

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CHICOPEE FALLS, Mass., Dec. 9—Women's club leaders from towns and cities throughout western Massachusetts yesterday unanimously adopted a resolution urging the State Board of Public Works to do everything in its power to develop, preserve and augment laurel planting along the highways, at the conservation conference sponsored by the State Federation. The resolution points out that laurel grows abundantly and is easily transplanted, and that its development will greatly enhance the scenic beauty of the region.

Mrs. H. Preston Worden, reporting for the Agawam Women's Club, described in detail how the club had secured the coöperation of town officials, the labor of unemployed, gifts of loam, fertilizer and grass seed, gifts of shrubs, trees and flowers from local nurseries, and transformed a dump-strewn river bank near the Agawam bridge into a terraced garden. The entire project cost, she added, the sum of $1.89.

Among other achievements in conservation and improvement were listed the gift of 102 acres of land for a town forest by two members of the Ware Social Science Club, and the elimination of 65 signs and billboards by the Southwick Woman's Club.

PACT IS SOUGHT TO DEFINE LIMIT IN TAX MATTERS

Danger to Taxpayer Seen in Federal and State Encroachments

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9—An orderly allocation of revenue sources between the federal and state governments was the ultimate objective as legislative representatives of 18 states met here today to lay the groundwork for the National Council on Taxation to be held here late in January.

Consisting of the Board of Managers of the American Legislators' Association, the group entered upon a two-day consideration of a plan which would establish machinery for coördinating the taxing powers of the different governments within the country.

In its tentative form the plan looks toward a "gentlemen's agreement" whereby certain fields of revenue would be set aside exclusively for the Federal Government and other sources for the states thereby ending double taxation and the present system of competition.

Relief to property owners from what is alleged to be a disproportionate burden of taxation is an incidental aim of the tax experts who hold that a proper ordering of taxation is an incidental aim of the tax experts who hold that a proper ordering of taxation would include general levies of the manufacturers' sales tax variety thereby distributing the burden over a far greater proportion of the total population.

According to Mr. Henry W. Toll, director of the association, the concern of the present conference is the establishment of informal machinery whereby the tax authorities of the several states come into contact with federal legislators. Once the machinery is established, including a permanent fact-finding secretariat, they hope to revise and coördinate the entire tax structure of the country.

Using New York State as an example, Mr. S. C. Mastick, chairman of the New York State Senate Committee on Taxation and vice-president of the association pointed out that in 1930 the Federal Government took $900,000,000 out of his State in revenue. Since this came largely from corporate and personal income levies it left the property tax as the only large source of State revenue.

If the Federal Government, he argued, could be induced to limit its revenue sources to exercise taxes supplemented by a general manufacturers' sales tax, the state could meet its own needs out of income taxes and enable the local communities to reduce "exorbitant property taxes."

"Tax overlapping," Mr. Toll said, "is getting worse and worse. There is no procedure for achieving an organized policy. In fact it is easier now for the State of Illinois to negotiate with the Government of China than with the State of Indiana. We want to make it possible for the legislators of the states to negotiate with each other and with the National Legislature in order to develop uniform and coördinate systems of taxation."

The results of the present conference will be laid before the National Council on Taxation, which will be called here on or soon after Jan. 22. To this will be invited the members of the House Ways and Means Committee, the Senate Finance Committee, the chairman of of the Finance Committee of all state legislatures, the chairman of state tax commissions, Governors of states, the technical staff set up by Congress and tax experts working under the National Tax Association.

DRYS CENTER DEFENSES ON CONSTITUTION

Must Keep Prohibition There, League Says, at Any Cost

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9—Convoked to draft strategy for the defense of the Eighteenth Amendment, a special convention of the Anti-Saloon League assembled here today. Their chief objective is to keep prohibition in the Constitution, believing that no matter what may happen temporarily, the time will come again when it can be fully enforced.

Rejecting any form of compromise based on a recognition of defeat, they were prepared to face the danger of nullification as preferable to any change in the constitutional prohibition against the liquor traffic. In taking this stand they are aware that nullification will probably result, temporarily at least, in many of the industrial states and that it will increase the pressure for modification of the Volstead Act to legalize beer and light wines.

Their position shuts off compromise along the lines of revision to permit wet states to vote themselves out from under the Eighteenth Amendment while retaining federal control over the traffic and federal enforcement in dry states. This is substantially the method proposed in the Republican platform's prohibition plank and the method gaining favor among the more liberal dry groups.

A definite break in dry forces is presaged by the attitude of the league. While W. C. T. U. alliance with them in their determined stand against any change is indicated, several of the newer dry organizations are following the lead of the Allied Forces for Prohibition toward a more conciliatory position based on the belief that compromise is preferable to nullification.

A threefold objective, according to Dr. F. Scott McBride, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, is before the convention. It will seek to restate the case for absolute prohibition, to redefine the issue, and to organize the attack.

Emphasis will be placed on the contention that members of Congress are not bound by national party conventions. It will be maintained that under the Constitution the Representatives in Congress are responsible only to their constituents and Representatives from dry districts are legally bound to vote in accordance with the wishes of their districts regardless of party commitments.

Democrats Seek $1,000,000 Fund To Retire Debts

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 9—A drive to cash in on the unprecedented election totals which accrued to the Democratic Party on Nov. 8, for $1,000,000 in contributions to pay off the party's national deficit and keep the wheels functioning at Washington headquarters is in preparation today by Democratic national chairman James A. Farley.

The national committee is $793,000 "in the red," and following a meeting with its finance committee here last night, Mr. Farley is busy today drafting the schedule of quotas to be raised in every state. The same machinery that worked so efficiently in the national campaign; when state committees were held responsible for the results of the canvass in their territory, will be used for the fund-raising process.

Mr Farley heads the group in charge of the drive. His colleagues are Mr. Harry F. Byrd, one-time Governor of Virginia, and Mr. William H. Woodin, vice-chairman of the national committee; Mr. W. Forbes Morgan, secretary, and Mr. Frank C. Walker, treasurer.

Receipts for the 1932 campaign exceeded $1,600,000, and expenditures, including payments on indebtedness from the 1928 campaign, approximated $2,000,000. About $220,000 of the 1928 indebtedness is still outstanding.

Rift in East Concerns You

Do the major questions arising amid the kaleidoscopic changes of world events affect you? Answers to this question, couched in simple, concise paragraphs, will be offered by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR *from time to time, as the issues develop.*

Manchuria may be distant, but events there deeply concern you.

The Sino-Japanese trouble is only a spark.

It was only a spark in 1914 that flared up into a world war . . . The world mistrusts sparks now . . . It has evolved machinery for extinguishing them . . . But this one has been aglow unchecked for 16 months!

Examine this spark . . . Japan says unlimited freedom was given to disorganized China by the Nine Power treaty of 1922. As a result, Japan's interests in Manchuria, its loans, railway rights and accords are jeopardized . . . The treaty should be revised . . . Its troops are merely carrying out authorized police operations.

China says Japanese troops are operating outside legitimate spheres . . . Points to attacks on defenseless Shanghai with 30,000 casualties in Chapei . . . Says peace accords are being broken and invokes League.

Big powers are variously interested . . . America, without imperial ambitions, has traditional interest in East . . . Both disputants are its customers . . . It has a $9,000,000 trade with Manchuria . . . It keeps an eye on the security of its possessions in the Pacific.

These complex questions have been put up to the League and Kellogg Pact . . . up to world public opinion . . . up to you.

Japan, signer of the peace pacts, says you can't shift straightway from one era to another . . . Says let the powers guarantee its security in East or else stand aside while it takes its own action.

But war is no longer a lawful duel.

China and Japan have signed no arbitration treaty, neither has Japan signed the compulsory arbitration clause of the World Court. The League is asked to do something it has never done before. If it curbs Japan now, other great powers must henceforth expect to be curbed in like cases. If the treaties fail, other treaties may fail, the way to war is open, the way to disarmament blocked.

Settlement calls for the will to succeed, in upholding collective machinery for peace.

Vote Against Manchukuo Rule Expected From League Board

Resolution Against Recognition Likely in Committee of Nineteen—Matsuoka Enlarges on Cordial Relations Between Japanese and Soviets

By Cable from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

GENEVA, Dec. 9—A resolution against recognizing Manchukuo is expected to be brought before the League of Nations Assembly next week by the Committee of Nineteen, to which the Assembly has referred the Sino-Japanese dispute.

The committee will consider the resolution presented by Spain, the Irish Free State, Sweden and Czechoslovakia declaring that Japanese action in Manchuria is not justifiable on grounds of self-defense. Its framers have not complied with the demand of Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka that it be withdrawn.

Although the general discussion has closed, leaving slight hope for conciliation between China and Japan, it is evident that the great powers are unanimous in desiring to make one more attempt, and this will be done by the Committee of Nineteen.

News is eagerly awaited here as to whether the United States and Russia intend to send representatives to sit on the committee. It is reported that Mr. Maxim Litvinoff, Soviet Foreign Minister, is to visit Berlin, and may come to Geneva for this purpose.

Mr. Matsuoka's closing speech at the general discussion was specially notable for his references to the cordial relations between Japan and Russia. The Soviet Republic, he declared, understood the Manchurian question and for this reason Japanese popular opinion, which six months ago was antagonistic, today is enthusiastic about a non-aggression pact with Russia. "There is very good hope," asserted Mr. Matsuoka, "of this non-aggression treaty being concluded."

The Japanese delegate implied that the League was driving the country into the sympathetic arms of Russia by refusing to support its policy in Manchuria. "Soviet Russia," he said, "respects Japan." Yet, according to Mr. Matsuoka, Japan is the only country strong enough to present a real obstacle to the spread of Communism in Eastern Asia. "Our nation is prepared to undergo even the severest sanctions under the Covenant of the League of Nations," he declared.

Soviets Permit Manchu Chief To Travel in Europe

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

TOKYO, Dec. 9—Official advices confirm the report that the Soviets have not surrendered Gen. Su Ping-wen and Gen. Ma Chan-shan, insurgent Manchurian leaders who were said to have taken refuge across the Russian border, to Manchukuo, as reported yesterday. They have granted General Su permission to travel in Europe.

An official spokesman here understood that Japan had asked the Soviet military command to inform the Chinese that it would be unfortunate if they injured the Japanese hostages they have held since September. The Chinese heeded the warning, delivered the hostages unharmed to the Soviet, which turned them over to Japan, hence Japan is not pressing Manchukuo's desire that the "rebels" be returned to Tsitsihar for court-martial.

A tense situation around Shanhaikwan, which has continued for some days, developed into open fighting when Chinese machine-gunners attacked a Japanese armored train carrying supplies from Shanhaikwan to Chiensuo today. The Japanese repulsed the attack, which caused much excitement at Shanhaikwan and Chingwantao, where the Japanese expected a general attack from extensive Chinese volunteer forces.

Chang Warns Nanking That Japanese Attack On Jehol Is Coming

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

SHANGHAI, Dec. 9 — Marshal Chang Hsiao-liang has telegraphed Nanking regretting his inability to attend the Kuomintang plenary session Dec. 15 on account of increasing prospects of a Japanese offensive against Jehol following the collapse of the north Manchurian revolt.

Jehol commanders have reported that a Japanese armored train bombarded volunteers near Nanling and Japanese forces along the Chinchow-Chaoyang railway are making extensive military preparations. Japanese news agencies have reported that Marshal Chang's troops are massing along the Jehol border and suggested that the Japanese may be compelled to act.

Moscow officially informed Nanking that permission has been given to General Su to proceed to Europe through Russia and his troops have been allowed to remain in Russia for the present.

Nanking is officially informed that General Ma did not cross the border, but is remaining with his troops northward of Tsitsihar. A brief skirmish occurred Thursday between Chinese and Japanese troops near Shanhaikwan, causing martial law to be proclaimed in Tientsin and Peiping.

Palestine Camel and Donkey Transport Preferred by Railway

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

JERUSALEM—A return to camel and donkey transport in Palestine will follow interference with the development of motor traffic, is a widely held view here. The question is raised by an urgent appeal from the railway system for protection against "unfair road competition."

On the recent occasion of its fortieth anniversary the Palestine Railway found itself in much the same position as most railroads in other countries. Transfer of passengers and freight to road vehicles has resulted in greatly decreased revenue. Demands are being pressed for restrictions on automobile transport and the director of Public Works recommends limitation of the size of motorbuses and trucks. Many people, however, are strongly opposed to any limitation of the cheaper and in some cases speedier road transportation.

The network of lines now in operation by the Palestine Railways covers a distance of 1044 Kilometers. The capital value of the railroad in October, 1928, was £3,796,968. In that year 829,556 passengers traveled in the country by rail.

Beginning in 1890, the line was built in two years, and later operated, by the Societe du Chemin de Fer Ottoman de Jaffa a Jerusalem et Prolongements. The length was 87 kilometers and the cost about 7,000,000 francs.

On Sept. 22, 1920, the British Government gave notice of their intention to acquire the rights and interests of the French Company. The matter was referred to arbitration and on Oct. 4, 1922, the decision was given that £565,000 should be paid by the Palestine Administration in installments.

Today, 50 American locomotives, 12 English engines and six of other varieties, puff their way across the vale of Sorek and up the Judean hills, transporting tourists, dusty workmen, and Bedouins baked swarthy in the sun.

The arrival of the first engine in Jerusalem, an eyewitness recalls, created a tremendous stir, putting to flight a large part of the eager crowd awaiting the event. At first trains were often late, as Bedouins and animals were likely to be found lying between the rails.

During the last military operations in Palestine, the Turks constructed a branch of the Jaffa-Jerusalem line from the Vale of Sorek southward through Beersheba for the purpose of aiding their Suez Canal operations. They also extended the line from the Plain of Esdraelon to ancient Shechem (now called Nablus), Samaria, and thence to Ramleh and the Jaffa-Jerusalem line.

HOOVER CUTS BIG SWATH IN GOVERNMENT

Alters, Merges, Abolishes Obsolete, Overlapping, Useless Units

ONLY A BEGINNING CONGRESS IS TOLD

Reorganization Plan Affects 58 Agencies With Appropriations of $700,000,000

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9—The first sweeping reorganization of American executive departments in history was promulgated today by President Hoover and will become effective in 60 days, subject to congressional approval.

The proposals affect 58 executive agencies, with total appropriations this year of $700,000,000 and represent reforms which Mr. Hoover has preached, and constantly fought for, over a period of a dozen years. Mr. Hoover sent a special message to Congress describing the proposals at the same time that the respective executive orders were promulgated.

He made no estimate of the potential savings, although indicating that they would be substantial. New, comprehensive rearrangements are proposed: bureaus and agencies are transferred from one federal department to another; some executive commissions are merged; some are slated for abolition. Mr. Hoover cuts paths through the jungle of overlapping and duplicating executive agencies which have grown up, haphazard, for a century or more, in the heyday of uncorrelated legislative enactment.

The proposals call for 10 major regroupings of governmental activities in as many fields in addition to other proposals, requiring legislative approval, for the elimination of four specific agencies.

Four New Divisions

The first list of enactments will set up, first a great new "division of public works," under an assistant secretary in the Interior Department; second, a "division of education, health and recreation," also in the Interior; third, "a division of land utilization," in the Department of Agriculture; and fourth, a new "merchant marine division," in the Commerce Department.

Besides these four major new divisions, half a dozen other lesser regroupings are proposed in existing departments.

One of the most striking of these is the consolidation of the immigration border patrol, with 973 employees in the Labor Department, and the customs patrol, with 718 employees in the Treasury Department, within the Coast Guard. This particular unification proposal has been before Congress for three years, passed the House, but failed in the Senate.

According to an accompanying statement from the bureau of the budget, "the consolidation of the Border Patrol with the Coast Guard would place in one organization the duty of patrolling the entire border of the United States, on land and on sea."

Only a Beginning

Mr. Hoover describes the changes as only the beginning of federal reorganization, and promises to send additional orders shortly. Agencies affected range from the huge bureau of public roads, now in the Department of Agriculture, which will spend $220,000,000 in the present fiscal year, and which goes to the new "division of public works," in the Interior, under the Hoover reorganization scheme, down to the National Screw Thread Commission, a typical independent body, set up by Congress in 1918 and more or less forgotten since then, and whose unobtrusive work of "standardizing screw threads" with one chairman, six vice-chairmen, and a secretary, will finally be merged in the bureau of standards, where most people thought it belonged in the first place.

The obituary of the National Screw Thread Commission is written by the budget bureau, which declares "there no longer appears to be any reason for continuing the independent status."

The Hoover reorganization has been long waited, but the sweeping nature of the proposals had not been anticipated, and fell today something like a bombshell into the thickets of federal departments, agencies, commissions and independent committees, which have been growing unpruned for years. Immediate opposition to some changes is expected in Congress. In fact, Mr. Hoover, in his annual message of last Tuesday, forecast this opposition, declaring:

Warns of Protest

"The Congress must be warned that a host of interested persons inside and outside the Government whose vision is concentrated on some particular function will at once protest against these proposals. These same sort of activities have prevented reorganization of the government for over a quarter of a century. They must be disregarded if the task is to be accomplished."

Mr. Hoover today recalled that Congress provided for federal reorganization June 30, 1932, by presidential promulgation, provided the changes did not take effect till the expiration of 60 calendar days unless Congress meanwhile approved them, and provided further, that

statutory functions should not be abolished by executive orders.

Mr. Hoover pointed out that 18 independent agencies and commissions are eliminated by his proposals. This final house-cleaning of the Hoover Administration, indeed, ends much of the reproach that has been leveled against it that it is a government "by commissions."

The most important change is probably the grouping of federal divisions into the great new "division of public works." What Mr. Hoover orders here is typical of the other consolidations.

Following is the text of the President's message:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Congress, on June 30, 1932, enacted provisions for the reorganization of the executive departments, which subject I have from time to time laid before the Congress.

The declared policy of the Congress, as set out in Section 401 of Title 4, Part 2, of this Act follows:

"Sec. 401. In order to further reduce expenditures and increase efficiency in government it is declared to be the policy of Congress

"(A) To group, coördinate, and consolidate executive and administrative agencies of the Government, as nearly as may be, according to major purpose;

"(B) To reduce the number of such agencies by consolidating those having similar functions under a single head;

"(C) To eliminate overlapping and duplication of effort; and

"(D) To segregate regulatory agencies and functions from those of an administrative and executive character."

To accomplish these purposes, the President was authorized by executive order to transfer executive agencies to and from departments and independent executive agencies and to designate titles and duties of officials connected therewith.

The act provides that such executive orders must be transmitted to the Congress while in session and that they shall not become effective until the expiration of 60 calendar days, unless the Congress shall in the meantime approve them. In accordance with this authorization, I am transmitting herewith to the Congress executive orders which have been issued today, transferring and grouping a large number of executive agencies.

Many Commissions Escape

A further limitation was placed upon executive action in the provision that statutory functions may not be abolished by executive orders, the effect of which renders it necessary to retain many commissions, but, under the orders issued, their administrative functions are placed under various departments, the commissions retaining their advisory functions only. A total of 58 executive agencies and parts of agencies have been grouped or consolidated. One effect is to reduce by about 15 the number of independent agencies and commissions.

I have made no estimate of the extent of the economies which will eventually result from this reorganization program. The total appropriations for the present fiscal year to these agencies is approximately $700,000,000.

These orders constitute the necessary initial action required in carrying out the policy which the Congress has proclaimed in connection with reorganization of the executive branch of the Federal Government. They undertake to group certain executive agencies and activities in logical and orderly relation to each other as determined by their major functions and purposes, and to vest in the head of each department, subject to executive approval, the authority and responsibility to develop and put into effect the ultimate details of better organization, elimination of overlap, duplication and unnecessary expenditure. These sults can only be worked out progressively by the executive officers placed in charge of the different divisions.

An example of the value of such grouping and administrative economies brought about through the consolidation of agencies relating to veterans' service and likewise of enforcement activities which were authorized some time ago.

More Changes Later

I have under consideration further consolidations and grouping in the different departments, including certain functions of the army and navy, which I hope to be able to transmit to the Congress at a later date.

Public Works: I have established a division of public works in the Department of the Interior and designated that the title of one of the present assistant secretaries shall be changed to "Assistant Secretary of Interior for Public Works," under whose direction I have grouped the following organizations and functions:

1. The bureau of reclamation, now in the Department of the Interior.
2. The geological survey, now in the Department of the Interior.
3. The office of the supervising architect, which is transferred from the Treasury Department to the Department of the Interior.
4. The non-military activities (except the survey of northern and northwestern lakes and the supervisor of New York harbor) administered under the direction of or supervision of the chief of engineers, United States Army, including rivers and harbors and flood control work, and the duties, powers, and functions of the Mississippi River Commission, the California Debris Commission, the joint board of engineers for the St. Lawrence River waterway, the board of engineers for rivers and harbors, and the Intercean Canal Board, which are transferred from the War Department to the Department of the Interior, and the said commissions and boards shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.

Works in Alaska

5. The activities and duties relating to the construction, repair and maintenance of roads, tramways, ferries, bridges, and trails in the Territory of Alaska, now in the Department of the Interior.
6. The bureau of public roads, which is transferred from the Department of Agriculture to the Department of the Interior.
7. The office of public buildings and public parks, which is transferred from its status as an independent establishment to the Department of the Interior.
8. The administrative duties, powers, and functions of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, which are transferred to the Department of the Interior, and the commission shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.
9. The administrative duties, powers and functions of the Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway Commission, which are transferred to the Department of the Interior, and the commission shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.
10. The administrative duties, powers and functions of the Arlington Memorial Bridge Commission, which are transferred to the Department of the Interior, and the commission shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.
11. The administrative duties, powers and functions of the Commission of Fine Arts, which are transferred to the Department of the Interior, and the commission shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.
12. The administrative duties, powers, and functions of the George Rogers Clark Sesquicentennial Commission, which are transferred to the Department of the Interior, and the commission shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.

Other Minor Changes

13. The administrative duties, powers and functions of the Mount Rushmore National Memorial Commission, which are transferred to the Department of the Interior, and the commission shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.
14. The administrative duties, powers and functions of the general supply committee, Treasury Department, which are transferred to the Department of the Interior and the committee shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.
15. The Government fuel yards, which are transferred from the bureau of mines, Department of Commerce, to the Department of the Interior.

EDUCATION, HEALTH, AND RECREATION: I have established a division of education, health, and recreation in the Department of the Interior and have designated that one of the assistant secretaries shall be called "Assistant Secretary of Interior for Education, Health, and Recreation," and have transferred to that division the following organizations and functions:

1. The office of education, now in the Department of the Interior.
2. Howard University, now in the Department of Interior.
3. The Columbia Institution for the Deaf, now in the Department of the Interior.
4. The American Printing House for the Blind, which is transferred from the Treasury Department to the office of education.
5. The administrative duties, powers, and functions of the Federal Board for Vocational Education which are transferred to the office of education, and the board shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior.
6. The bureau of Indian affairs, now in the department of the Interior.
7. The public health service, which is transferred from the Treasury Department to the Department of the Interior.

National Parks Change

8. The division of vital statistics, which is transferred from the bureau of the census, Department of Commerce, to the public health service in the Department of the Interior.
9. St. Elizabeth's Hospital, now in the Department of the Interior.
10. Freedman's Hospital, now in the Department of the Interior.
11. The National Park Service, now in the Department of the Interior.
12. The national parks, monuments, and cemeteries, which are transferred from the War Department to the Department of the Interior.

LAND UTILIZATION: I have established a division of land utilization in the Department of Agriculture to include functions whose major purpose relates to the protection and utilization of land and its inherent natural resources, and have designated a change in the title of the assistant secretary to "Assistant Secretary of Agriculture for Land Utilization," and have transferred to that division the following organizations and functions:

1. The forest service, now in the Department of Agriculture.
2. The general land office, which is transferred from the Department of the Interior to the Department of Agriculture.
3. The administrative duties, power and functions of the Committee on the Conservation and Administration of the Public Domain, which are transferred to the Department of Agriculture, and the committee shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of Agriculture.
4. The advisory council of the National Arboretum, now in the Department of Agriculture.
5. The bureau of biological survery, now in the Department of Agriculture.
6. The bureau of chemistry and soils, now in the Department of Agriculture.
7. Various fractions of bureaus already in the Department of Agriculture dealing with this major purpose will be subsequently added to this general division.

Changes in Merchant Marine

THE MERCHANT MARINE: I have established a merchant marine division in the Department of Commerce for merchant marine, and have transferred to that division the following organizations and functions:

1. The coast and geodetic survey, now in the Department of Commerce.
2. The hydrographic office of the Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department to the Coast and Geodetic Survey.
3. The survey of northern and northwestern lakes of the office of the chief engineers of the War Department to the Coast and Geodetic Survey.
4. The Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection, now in the Department of Commerce.
5. The supervisor of New York harbor of the office of the chief of engineers of the War Department and the powers and duties of said supervisor to the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection.
6. The naval observatory of the bureau of navigation of the Navy Department, with the exception of those activities that have to do with the development, maintenance and repair of instruments for the Navy, to the Department of Commerce.
7. The United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation, to the Department of Commerce.
8. The Inland Waterways Corporation of the War Department, to the Department of Commerce.
9. The bureau of lighthouses, now in the Department of Commerce.

Industrial Changes

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY: I have transferred to the Department of Commerce or the bureaus thereof, as indicated, the following organizations and functions which involve services in the interest of commerce and industry:

1. The powers and duties of the Federal Oil Conservation Board to the Bureau of Mines, and the said board is abolished.
2. The administrative duties, powers, and authority of the National Screw Thread Commission to the Bureau of Standards, and the commission shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of Commerce.
3. The administrative duties, powers, and functions of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics to the Bureau of Standards, and the committee shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of Commerce.
4. The weather bureau of the Department of Agriculture to the Department of Justice.

I have transferred to and consolidated with the Department of Justice the powers, duties and functions of the alien property custodian and the powers and duties now exercised by the veterans' administration which relate to the defense in court of cases involving litigation arising under Section 19 of the World War Veterans' Act of 1924, as amended.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR: I have transferred to and consolidated with the Department of Labor the powers and duties now exercised by the Employees' Compensation Commission, which relate to the administration of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Act of March 4, 1927, and the Act of May 17, 1928, extending the provisions of the 1927 act to private employers and their employees in the District of Columbia.

Civil Service Changes

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION: I have transferred to and consolidated with the Civil Service Commission the powers and duties of the Employees' Compensation Commission which relate to the administration of the Act of Sept. 7, 1916, and amendments thereto, providing compensation on account of injuries sustained by civilian employees of the Federal Government and the municipal government of the District of Columbia, leaving the Employees' Compensation Commission to serve in an advisory capacity to the Civil Service Commission pending its abolition by legislative action.

BORDER PATROL: I have transferred to and consolidated with the Coast Guard in the Treasury Department the following services:

1. The Border Patrol from the immigration service in the Department of Labor, and
2. The Border Patrol from the customs service in the Treasury Department.

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET: I have transferred and consolidated the following activities in the Bureau of the Budget:

1. The powers and duties now exercised by the general accounting office which relate to the designing, prescribing, and installation of accounting forms, systems, and procedure in the several executive departments and independent establishments, except that the comptroller-general shall retain the power and duty to prescribe the form and manner in which accounts shall be submitted to his office for audit.

Changes in Auditing

2. The powers and duties now exercised by the general accounting office which relate to the administrative examination of fiscal officers' accounts and claims against the United States, and the adequacy and effectiveness of the administrative examination of accounts and claims in the respective departments and establishments and the adequacy and effectiveness of departmental inspection of the officers and accounts of fiscal officers.
3. The powers and duties of the bureau of efficiency.

RECOMMENDATIONS REQUIRING LEGISLATION: I recommend that legislation be enacted to accomplish the following additional changes in organization which the law does not confer upon me authority to make:

1. Abolish the Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway Commission, whose powers and duties are transferred to the Department of the Interior. This commission has accomplished the purpose for which it was created and need no longer be retained as a separate entity.
2. Transfer jurisdiction over the operation, protection, and maintenance of the parks, parkways, playgrounds, and recreational activities of the District of Columbia, from the office of public buildings and public parks to the commissioners of the District of Columbia, making it possible to consolidate and coördinate these activities with similar functions now performed by the municipal government of the district, and relieving the Federal Government of the control of activities which are purely local in character and which are paid for out of District of Columbia funds.
3. Abolish the Employees' Compensation Commission. I have transferred those duties and activities of the commission which involve relations between private employers and their employees to the Department of Labor, and the remainder of its duties and activities, involving relations of the Federal Government and the municipal government of the District of Columbia, with their own employees, to the Civil Service Commission. This leaves no justification for the retention of the Employees' Compensation Commission.
4. Abolish the board of trustees of the National Training School for Boys, and transfer the powers, duties, and functions of that board to the Board of Public Welfare of the District of Columbia.

The practice of committing delinquent boys to this institution from jurisdictions outside of the District of Columbia has been generally discontinued. This will automatically convert it into a local reform school, the management of which should be entrusted to local authorities. A similar change in jurisdiction over the National Training School for Girls was made by an act approved March 16, 1926.

I am submitting herewith not only executive orders but also a brief discussion prepared by the bureau of the budget of the proposed transfers and the basis on which they are predicated.

Changes Are Made In Monitor Radiocast

Due to necessary rearrangements of station programs, the daily evening radiocast of news from the columns of The Christian Science Monitor over Stations WBZ and WBZA of Boston and Springfield (990 kilocycles) and the short-wave station W1XAZ has been changed. The following schedule for "The Monitor Views the News" will prevail until further notice:

The Monitor news will be radiocast daily at 6:30 to 6:45 p. m. except on Tuesdays and Saturdays. The Tuesday radiocast is at 8:00 to 8:15 p. m. and Saturday from 7:00 to 7:15 p. m.

The daily noon radiocast at 12 to 12:15 will continue unchanged.

The Monitor's evening radiocast Saturday, Dec. 10, will be at 7:45 to 8:00 p. m., owing to the Southern California-Notre Dame football game broadcast, which starts at 4:45 p. m.

EAGLES' 'FROLICS' LEADERS SENTENCED

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (AP)—Conrad H. Mann, president of the Kansas City Chamber of Commerce, was sentenced today to serve five months imprisonment and pay a fine of $12,000 for violation of the federal lottery laws in connection with "frolics" of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. Frank E. Hering, who was editor of the Eagles magazine, was sentenced to four months imprisonment and to pay a fine of $4000. Bernard C. McGuire, one of the promoters, was sentenced to serve a year and a day and was fined $12,000.

Judge Coleman stayed execution of the sentence for 10 days and released the defendants in the custody of their attorneys, pending motions for bail on appeal to be made before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. The judge said he believed the "lottery was run honestly, with the qualification that many, if not most, of the purchasers of these tickets had no idea that the promoters were profiting to the extent of $500,000 from contributions."

CITY TO GIVE WORK TO 800

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LOS ANGELES—Extensions and improvements to the municipal power system here will require the labor of 800 construction workers this winter, according to plans of the board of water and power commissioners. An expenditure of $1,275,800 is contemplated.

Mayor 'Invites' Voters to Polls

Voters who have dilly-dallied over their duties of citizenship are not likely to disregard a City Hall "messenger" in a high hat. A proclamation in formal dress, rivaling the splendor of a gilt-edge security, has been issued by Mayor Weeks of Newton, summoning voters to a Dec. 13 election of aldermen and members of the school committee. The sluggard may get a jolt when the latest communication of Mayor Weeks tumbles from the envelope and reveals its elegant Old English typography, its tasteful border and its municipal seal with a Latin word affixed.

The sonorous communication, imposingly interspersed with "whereas's," reminds the voter that he is expected to make possible a 100 per cent turn-out at the polls. It further reminds him that the privileges enjoyed through citizenship in this well-ordered community demand that he no longer neglect his primary civic duty. Swelling to a climax, that makes even the municipal seal an anti-climax, it warns the voter that his inaction discourages those striving to reduce taxes and abets the unqualified office seeker.

The voter is reminded that the city fathers have moved "across the railroad tracks," into a new municipal dwelling and that this rise in the world demands that the citizens show more propriety in attending to their civic habits. Reformers and stodgy textbooks may have failed to bring the voter out, but there is every reason to expect that the Mayor's proclamation will persuade every citizen to put on his high hat and be at the party.

Art Works Exhibited On Street in Hartford

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HARTFORD, Conn. — Hartford's first street art exhibit, now being held at "Numero 490 Avenue de Farmington, formerly known as 490 Farmington Avenue" introduces the works of 15 artists, represented by more than 50 canvases, to the public eye.

The exhibit, which is patterned after those which have been held annually in Philadelphia and more recently in New York, has been a material as well as an esthetic success from the beginning, and similar exhibits are being planned for the next half year.

PAGEANT TO AID JOBLESS DRAFTSMEN

Unemployed Boston draftsmen will be aided by a holiday pageant to be produced at the Hotel Statler, Dec. 15 and 16 by the Architectural Division of the Emergency Planning and Research Bureau, Inc. of Boston. The cast of 275 represents graduates of 18 different colleges.

The pageant is to be under the personal direction of the author, Mr. William V. Dixey, and his collaborator, Mr. Herbert T. Glasure. Music will be provided by the choir of St. Paul's Cathedral. The organization presenting the pageant is a non-profit-making corporation founded solely for the relief of jobless draftsmen.

ECUADORIAN CABINET MEMBERS ANNOUNCED

QUITO, Ecuador, Dec. 9 (AP)—The Cabinet of Señor Martinez Mera, recently inaugurated President of Ecuador, was announced Dec. 6 as follows: Chancellor, Antonio Quevedo; Interior, Jose Perez Echanique; Treasury, Federico Cornejo; Education, Leopoldo Izquieta; Public Works, Alfredo Ezpinosa Palacios; War, Gen. Juan Francisco Orellana.

Señor Alberto Guerrero Martinez, provisional President of Ecuador for three months, resumed his post as President of the Senate.

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NEWS PROGRESS TO BE DEPICTED BY THE MONITOR

Journalistic Advance of Century to Be Seen at Chicago World Fair

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Dec. 9—As an instance of progress in journalism during the past 100 years, The Christian Science Monitor will be represented by a commodious pavilion at "A Century of Progress Exposition"—the Chicago World's Fair—in 1933.

Exposition officials have authorized an attractive and well-located site for the Monitor building near the Graphic Arts exhibit. The tract is 100 by 100 feet, running from the edge of the lagoon on which the fair faces to its main drive. In the center of this lot, which will be landscaped, The Christian Science Monitor Pavilion will stand 50 feet square.

The structure will carry out the modern style of architecture by which the entire exposition will be characterized. It will be one story, 23 feet high. About two-thirds of its area will be devoted to a display of the Monitor, illustrative of its contributions to newspaper making. This space will also include facilities for rest from sightseeing and for writing letters home. The other third of the floor space will be occupied by a Christian Science Reading Room, offering opportunity to read in quiet.

Expect to Build Soon

The contract for the site has been signed with the fair officials. The work of putting up the building will begin around the first of the year, so as to have it ready well in advance of the opening of the World's Fair next spring.

The pavilion exhibit will bring out the policy of constructive news, both in international and home relations, which marks The Christian Science Monitor. It will illustrate the elaborate system of collecting the news of world events which the Monitor has set up, with news offices in London, Paris, Berlin, Geneva, Rome, Vienna and Australia, as well as correspondents in nearly every other country.

Attention will also be given to the range of advertisements which the Monitor carries, coming as they do from 28 different countries in addition to the United States, with a total of approximately 23,000 advertisers in all.

Steps for the Monitor pavilion at the fair were initiated and carried through by an executive committee representing Christian Science churches and societies of Illinois. This committee was instituted at a conference of churches of the State held last year. Its program for the pavilion was subsequently ratified by a vote of the churches. Their committee will have charge also of the pavilion during the fair.

Planned in Chicago

The cost of the Monitor exhibit will be financed for the greater part by the churches and societies of Illinois. The Christian Science Publishing Society is contributing $8000.

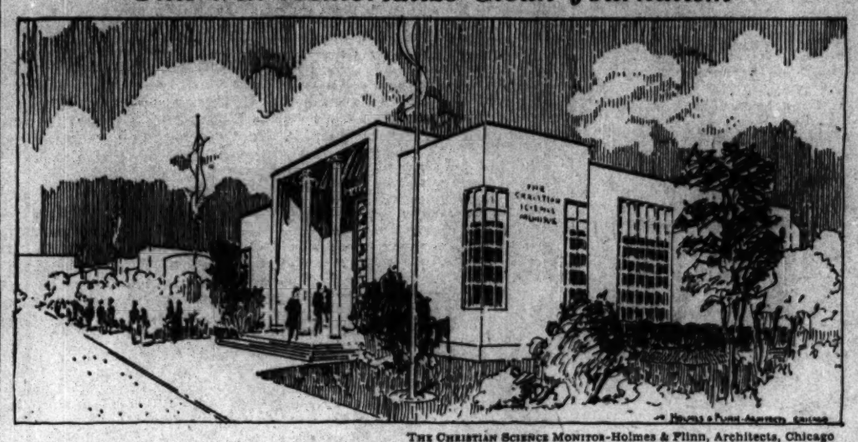
The architects of the pavilion are Holmes & Flinn of Chicago.

The Monitor has been interested in the Chicago World's Fair from the start, and has already printed many stories about its novel plans for chronicling various aspects of the progress of a century. The exhibit of the Monitor will be indicative of one phase of progress in journalism during the last century.

The Century of Progress Exposition is to open June 1 and is expected to close Nov. 1, unless weather and crowds warrant an extension.

The name of the exposition, "A Century of Progress," explains its theme. It is to be unique among world's fairs, its planners believe, because it is built around a single idea, the progress which the world has made in the last century, with emphasis upon the natural sciences. The immediate occasion of the fair is the 100th anniversary of Chicago, which was incorporated as a town in 1833.

This Will Memorialize Clean Journalism



THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR—Holmes & Flinn, Architects, Chicago

ARCHITECT'S DRAWING OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR PAVILION AT CENTURY OF PROGRESS EXPOSITION, CHICAGO

Hoover Rejects Debt Delay; Way Left Open for Revision

(Continued from Page 1)

world basis coupled with other outstanding economic difficulties. In a striking proposal which introduces a distinctly new tone into the debt debate, Secretary Stimson writes:

"The President of the United States is prepared, through whatever agency may seem appropriate, in cooperation with the British Government, to survey the entire situation and to consider what means may be taken to bring about the restoration of stable currency and exchange, the revival of trade and the recovery of prices.

"I welcome the suggestion contained in the note of your Government of a close examination between the United States and Great Britain of the whole subject in preparation for the international economic conference, for I believe that there are important avenues of mutual advantage which should be thoroughly explored."

Thorough Inquiry Forecast

No more forceful or explicit promise to review war debts could have been given at this juncture, in the view of political watchers here. With the intention of encouraging debtor nations, the Administration emphasizes what was clear from the start, that these obligations must eventually be reexamined from top to bottom.

But Secretary Stimson makes it plain that the talks must be with each debtor separately, and Great Britain should realize that this method will this time react enormously in its favor, because of the sharp differentiation made generally in America between the British plea and the political nature of the French protest.

"Mutual advantage" in this future consultation is promised, and the Secretary of State makes it plain that the United States will expect a further opening of British markets to American farm products, as well as a tangible reduction of armament to remove a political and financial weight from all the nations.

Regarded as Door Opener

In Washington the American note is taken preeminently as a door opener. Negotiations to ease the Dec. 15 payments will be continued right up until the last moment. And at any time henceforth President Hoover will receive any suggestion from Great Britain respecting the future of the debts. The constructive merits of two such eventualities cannot be ignored.

In this reply, President Hoover comes close to Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt's position that diplomatic talks should be controlled and pursued not by Congress but by the Chief Executive. He indicates a completely "open mind" on the subject, but it is increasingly unlikely that he will recommend a debt-funding commission, which Congress voted down last December. Instead, with Governor Roosevelt's statement with which to refute Congress, President Hoover can follow his own course, and keep affairs in Executive hands.

Apparently, therefore, talks with the British Government could begin in exploratory fashion before March 4. Whether such discussions would be worth holding remains to be seen, but with the great similarity of view between the incoming and outgoing Administrations on debt policy, there remains no reason why underbrush could not be cleared away without waiting three months. And to avoid such delay would palpably be a powerful influence to speed world recovery.

In view of all these factors, the American notes are regarded analytically here as strongly constructive elements in the current debate. With the reported determination of Great Britain, and very probably France as well, to meet their Dec. 15 obligations, and buttressed by the American promise to consult, the debt difficulty would appear to have turned a corner.

Any forthcoming statement from debtor nations that if they pay on Dec. 15 they will insist upon thorough review before June 15, when next payments fall due, is therefore answered in advance by the American note. Review is guaranteed.

The note to France, which was only one-third as long as the message to Britain, is identical in its first few paragraphs, which make the proposal for future debt negotiations. But then the two notes diverge Great Britain being informed of the American answer to the arguments presented by London, and France being told that Washington sees no reason for postponing or facilitating the Dec. 15 payments.

France is informed that the sum it owes on Dec. 15 is not considered "of disturbing weight or difficulty." In reply to French arguments that its gold holdings do not really facilitate payment to the United States, Mr. Stimson merely writes that in his view, "The existence of these holdings does appear relevant to the present problem of meeting the immediate difficulties of transfer."

Text of Stimson Note

The text of the Stimson note to Great Britain follows:

My Government has considered with the greatest care the note of Dec. 1, 1932, from the British Government, in which it has set forth at length the reasons which it advances for a reconsideration of the whole question of intergovernmental war debts, and for the postponement of the payment due by the British Government to the Government of the United States on Dec. 15 next.

Whatever part debt payments may have played in the economic history of the post-war years, it is clear that in the present conditions of world-wide depression accompanied by a sweeping fall of prices, their weight has greatly increased, and that they have a very definite relationship to the problem of recovery, in which both the British and the American people have so vital an interest.

The President of the United States is prepared, through whatever agency may seem appropriate, in cooperation with the British Government, to survey the entire situation and to consider what means may be taken to bring about the restoration of stable currencies and exchange, the revival of trade, and the recovery of prices.

Close Examination Welcomed

I welcomed the suggestion contained in the note of your Government of a close examination between the United States and Great Britain of the whole subject in preparation for the international economic conference, for I believe that there are important avenues of mutual advantage which should be thoroughly explored.

Such an examination does not imply cancellation.

In such an examination there would necessarily be consideration of other forms of tangible compensation available for the expansion of markets for products of American agriculture and labor.

And you will understand that the problem of foreign debts has in the American mind very definite relationship with the problem of disarmament and the continued burden which competitive armament imposed upon the entire world.

In order that you may understand more fully the attitude of the American people, I feel that I should refer briefly to certain implications in your note as to which the facts are viewed by our people differently from the understanding set forth by you.

Purpose of Loans Debated

Your note seems to carry the thought that the loans made by the United States Government represent in their entirety expenditures on destruction; that the payments heretofore made to the United States have been largely responsible for the existing world depression and the concentration of a large amount of gold in the United States; and that complete cancellation of war debts, as indicated in the Balfour note, is essential to world recovery. We cannot agree with these conclusions.

Many of the loans made before the armistice and substantially all the loans made after the armistice were not for destruction.

Of the amount expended in the United States by our debtors after we entered the war, both before and after the armistice, most of which was borrowed from the United States Government on war and relief loans, less than a third was spent for munitions and remounts.

Very large amounts were spent for food, tobacco, etc., for cotton and exchange, for relief and surplus supplies sold on credit, for repayments of commercial loans, and for interest. Much of the food, tobacco, cotton, relief and other supplies sold on credit were resold by the governments for use of their own civilian population.

Some of Supplies Resold

In certain cases these supplies were actually resold and the funds turned into the treasury of the debtor governments. The amounts used to purchase exchange were in reality loans by the United States to the allied countries which were no doubt expended by them in part at least in countries other than the United States; they served to maintain the value of allied currencies. Some of the loans made after the armistice were vital to the recovery, and, indeed, to the very existence of the borrowing nations.

It does not seem accurate, therefore, to treat all of what are termed in the United States "war debts" as representing sums devoted in their entirety to expenditures on destruction and totally unproductive in so far as the borrowing governments are concerned.

The United States Government in reaching the settlements with its debtors has combined loans made during the war period and loans made after the armistice, including commercial credits, funding all in the debt agreements. It is our understanding that different practice has prevailed in Europe. The figures cited in the note of the British Government covering advances made by the United States of America and advances made by the United Kingdom, as well as receipts to date on these advances, are not therefore strictly comparable.

League Report Quoted

The note of the British Government also seems to us to overemphasize the influence which war debt payments may have had in the past on world economy. With various observations and figures presented by the British Government in that regard, the American Government is not in accord, but it does not desire to enter into detailed discussion in the face of the larger immediate issues.

In general it is our view that the causes of this depression lie in much more potent forces than these debt transactions. We notice that similar conclusions have been indicated in the careful study published by the League of Nations entitled, "The Course and Phases of the World Economic Depression."

Furthermore, in its inferences as to the difficulties of payment, the British Government treats merely some of the items of the balance of payments, leaving out of account service items.

It may be pointed but that the expenditures of American tourists in foreign lands during the period 1924 to 1930 have totaled approximately $3,900,000,000, and that during that period immigrant remittances have aggregated net $1,495,000,000. This is in comparison to the total receipts of $1,673,000,000 on account of debt settlements during the same period.

Payments Relatively Minor

Again in measuring the transfer question, account must be taken not only of trade directly with the United States but of the whole area of international dealings. In the total of receipts and outgo arising from the international transactions of both our debtors and ourselves, debt payments have been a relatively minor item.

The argument that the payment of these debts to the United States has drained the gold reserves of other countries to the United States, does not seem to us borne out by actual experience. The gold holdings of the United States at the time these payments upon debts began were about $4,028,000,000, and they stand now at about $4,338,000,000.

It is true that our gold supply has at times exceeded this sum but this extra gold was demonstrably temporary deposits by other nations not related to debt payments.

The main fault in the distribution of gold supplies seems to us to have occurred as between the different countries of Europe as the gold supplies of Europe increased from about $3,018,000,000, on Jan. 1, 1924, to about $6,963,000,000 at present; the distribution of which as between the countries of Europe cannot be attributed to forces originating in the United States.

Possibility of Misunderstanding

I feel I must also call attention to the misunderstanding which might arise from the following statement in your note:

"The initiative in devising settlement of reparations was taken by the creditor governments of Germany, at Lausanne with the cognizance and approval of the United States Government."

The facts in this connection were more accurately set out in a statement issued by the British Treasury on July 14 last:

"Misunderstanding has arisen regarding Mr. Chamberlain's reference in his speech to the House of Commons on Monday, referring to conversations with representatives of the United States. He did not suggest, and of course had no intention of suggesting that representatives of the United States had approved, either tacitly or explicitly, what was done at Lausanne. The proceedings there were throughout on the basis that the course was to seek European solution of reparations without involving the United States in the discussion."

Interest Rate Lowered

In 1923 when the British Government sent a mission to settle the debt of Great Britain to the United States, the United States Treasury held demand obligations of Great Britain calling for interest at the rate of 5 per cent. As a result of the negotiations these obligations were refunded on an interest basis of 3½ per cent, which was a lower rate of interest than the credit of either country at that time commanded. The policy adopted by the United States in its settlement was stated by the debt funding commission:

"The commission in its settlement with Great Britain, made on June, 1923, and in subsequent negotiations or settlements has adhered to the principle that the adjustments made with each government must be measured by the ability of the particular government to put aside and transfer to the United States the payments called for under the funding agreement. Nor does the principle of capacity to pay require the foreign debtor to pay to the full limit of its present or future capacity. It must be permitted to preserve and improve its economic position, to bring its budget into balance, and to place its finances and currency on a sound basis, and to maintain, and, if possible, to improve the standards of living of its citizens. No settlement which is oppressive and retards the recovery and development of the foreign debtor is to the best interests of the United States or of Europe."

The representatives of no country have set their hands to any agreement which they believed at the time did not fulfill this policy.

Way Open to Suggestions

While it seems desirable to state these facts from the standpoint of historical accuracy and as necessary to explain the point of view of the American people towards these obligations, the real question raised by the British note is how can the problems which arise from the existence of these obligations best be dealt with under the conditions of the world today.

As to the payment due on Dec. 15, I appreciate the cogency of the difficulties which you present as to the transfer of these monies in the present state of foreign exchanges.

In an endeavor to meet this situation, it already has been suggested to you that the President might be willing to recommend to the Congress the acceptance of deposits in sterling in England, to be guaranteed as to dollar value and transferred at such time as would not interfere with the stability of exchange.

This I understand your Government has declined in the belief that the existence of a large sum of sterling awaiting transfer would affect the exchange markets almost as seriously as the actual purchase of exchange.

Accordingly further informal suggestions have been made to your Government of methods of minimizing these difficulties which it has not been able to find acceptable.

Recognizing these difficulties of effecting transfer I am confident that the Congress will be willing to consider any reasonable suggestion made by your Government which will facilitate payment of the sum due on Dec. 15.

Paris Press Indicates Softening of Attitude Against Debt Payment

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

PARIS, Dec. 9—Important modifications of French attitude on the war debt payment due next week is clearly discernible today as a result of the conversations between the French and British statesmen here yesterday. There are now tangible, though uncertain, prospects that the French Parliament might agree to pay, provided revision of the existing debt settlement were definitely promised.

The French press today for the first time abandons its intransigent tone and envisages such possibility. Most of the papers not only declare that M. Edouard Herriot and Mr. Ramsay MacDonald agreed on a similar debt action, but admit there is just a chance that the French Prime Minister could get the Chamber of Deputies to accept conditional payment.

The Petit Parisien, which is generally believed to reflect the Government's views, says an agreement was reached—subject, of course, to parliamentary approval—that Britain would pay and that France "would not refuse to pay if the American Government would accept the payment due Dec. 15 as the last before revision of the Mellon-Berenger accord, and also that the sum paid be reckoned as part of the future liquidation." An exchange of views is now under way with Washington on this basis, the paper affirms.

British to Use Gold If Cabinet Decides To Meet Installment

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, Dec. 9—More than 11,000 bars of gold will change hands between Britain and the United States as the result of Washington's note on war debts which is published in full in today's papers.

Though the Cabinet has not taken final decision—naturally it would not do so until a reply to the request for postponement had been received—it is known that the Government intends meeting the payment due Dec. 15 and considers transfer of gold the least objectionable method.

Actually it may or may not be necessary to shift gold at all. Part of the stock now lying in the vaults of the Bank of England may merely be earmarked for the United States.

If Congress does not approve of this method, then it is probable that some of the gold will be taken from stocks already held by the British Government in New York; the rest to be shipped across the Atlantic as soon as possible.

Inspired statements issued today intimate that the British taxpayer will not be called on to pay increased taxes this year despite the fact that the budget does not contain any provision for a war debt payment to the United States. The item would be added to the capital account and for the time being form part of the floating debt.

At present rates, the interest cost to the taxpayer for the current year would be very small. On the other hand the Bank of England will have so much less gold as backing for its note issue. Thus British currency will be more than ever on a "managed" basis and the likelihood of Britain returning soon to the gold standard correspondingly reduced.

Poland Sends Note

WARSAW, Poland, Dec. 9 (AP)—The Polish Government has sent to its Ambassador at Washington its second note regarding the $4,430,000, due the United States on Dec. 15. It contains additional data to support the request for postponement of this payment and revision of the 1924 debts agreement.

'Marchers' Held Neither Hungry Nor Marchers

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 (AP)—Representative Hamilton Fish (R.), of New York, told the House Dec. 7 that "95 per cent of the marchers in Washington were Communists."

"It's time the press stopped calling them 'hunger marchers,'" he said.

"They were neither hungry nor did they march.

"They came here in trucks and had plenty to eat."

Genuine *Smithfield Ham* .75c (Raw weight; baked)
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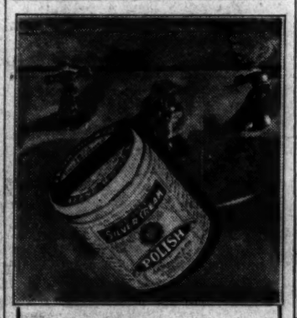

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WORLD'S PROFESSIONAL POCKET BILLIARDS CHAMPIONSHIP

Player	Won	Lost	HR	BG	TP
E. R. Greenleaf	2	0	67	9	250
Erwin Rudolph	2	0	53	8	250
Pasquale Natalie	2	0	47	26	250
James Caras	2	0	29	19	250
Andrew Ponzi	1	0	53	4	125
Bennie Allen	1	0	46	13	125
Frank Taberski	0	2	30	—	105
George Kelly	0	2	21	—	138
Walter Franklin	0	3	41	—	200
J. F. Mills	0	3	32	—	183

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 9—James Caras of Wilmington, eastern sectional champion, gave further proof that he must be regarded as a dangerous contender for the world pocket billiard championship yesterday, when he defeated the other youthful aspirant for the honors, James F. Mills of San Jose, in the first game of the afternoon session, at the Capitol Billiards Academy. Both displayed a skill far beyond their years, using safety play like veterans. But the easterner, who is the youngest player in the tournament, was more brilliant in his shooting, though inclined to take too many chances with his cue ball, and gradually worked his way ahead, until he won in the nineteenth inning, 125 to 76. The score by innings:

James Caras—0 27 9s 0s 15x 0s 3s 0s 11 0s 1x 0x 23 0x 14 3s 0x 10 14—125. Innings—19. High run—27.

J. F. Mills—1x, 32 0s 0s 0x 0s 0s 0s 0s 0x 2 2s 30 9 0x 0 4—76. Innings—18. High run—32. s—Safety. x—Scratch. Referee—Joseph Ferguson.

The second game was slow and long drawn out, as Pasquale Natalie played his most careful billiards to hold Walter Franklin, the lengthy newcomer from Kansas City, from scoring with his rapid-transit play. But finally getting tired of his care, he dashed into a final run of open play, and this proved effective, giving him the victory with 41 unfinished, for a total of 125 to 73. The score by innings:

Pasquale Natalie—28 0x 0x 12 0x 0 0x 0x 0s 8 1s 0x 0x 0s 6 1s 0x 0s 0 0 3 12 0x 0x 24x 41—125. Innings—26. High run—41 (unfinished).

Walter Franklin—0 0 0x 0 17x 0x 0s 0x 0x 27 5x 0s 0x 0x 21 2 0s 0 2x 0 0 8 2 0x 0x 0s —73. Innings—26. High run—27. s—Safety. x—Scratch. Referee—Joseph Ferguson.

Erwin Rudolph of Cleveland scored over the man who defeated him for second place in the world championship a year ago, George Kelly of Philadelphia, yesterday evening in the tenth game of the series, in a slow and carefully played game, winning by a score of 125 to 46. The little Midwesterner, always dangerous in match play, was very safe in his play, especially in handling breaks, and showed none of the carelessness that marked his performance on Wednesday. Kelly is below the form he showed last year, and the skill of holding the ball safe seemed lacking, so that Rudolph managed to get most of the frames, generally after both had tried to hold the breaks safe for several innings. So the match went to 22 innings. The score by innings:

Erwin Rudolph—0 2 29 0 5 9s 0x 0x 20 0s 0x 0x 0s 14s 0x 13 10 0x 0x 0 15 15—125. Innings—22. High run—29.

George Kelly—0 12 14 0x 0 0x 0x 0s 7s 1s 0x 0x 0s 1x 0s 4 0x 0x 0 13x 3—46—Innings—21. High run—14. s—Safety. x—Scratch. Referee—Joseph Ferguson.

PROVIDENCE HALTS BOSTON CUBS, 3 TO 1

CANADIAN-AMERICAN HOCKEY LEAGUE

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Boston	6	2	1	30	17	14
Philadelphia	6	2	1	22	11	14
Providence	4	0	6	24	22	8
Springfield	3	1	5	17	23	7
New Haven	3	1	5	17	24	7
Quebec	2	2	6	15	28	6

RESULT DEC. 8

Providence 3, Boston 1.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 9—Providence Reds, with Patrick "Paddy" Byrne in the nets in place of Billy Beveridge, who was recalled by Ottawa, defeated the Boston Cubs, 3 to 1, here last night. It was the first defeat of the Canadian-American Hockey League season for the Cubs.

PROVIDENCE — BOSTON
Harrington, Hart, Alexandre, Hinsperger, lw
rw, Saunders, Buckles, Davie
Murray, Connor, Taylor, Vail, c
c, Cook, O'Neil, King
Rivers, McCulley, Taylor, rw
lw, Klein, Weir, Harnott
Trapp, Rockburn, ld....rd, Foster, Benson
Vail, Lesieur, rd............ld, Jerwa, Lane
Byrne, g..........................g, Jackson

Score—Providence 3, Boston 1. Goals—Harrington, Murray, Hinsperger for Providence; Jerwa for Boston. Assists—Rivers 2, Harrington, Hart for Providence; Foster for Boston. Referee—W. J. Stewart. Linesman—Halloran.

INTERNATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE

	W	T	L	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Syracuse	7	1	2	30	15	15
London	5	4	1	19	11	14
Buffalo	5	1	4	17	13	11
Detroit	4	1	6	19	18	9
Windsor	2	3	4	15	25	7
Cleveland	1	2	7	21	39	4

RESULTS DEC. 8

Detroit 3, Cleveland 0.
London 1, Buffalo 0.

OLYMPICS SCORE SHUTOUT

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

DETROIT, Dec. 9—Cleveland Indians went down to defeat before Detroit Olympics here last night by a score of 3 to 0. It was the second shutout victory for Olympics in three nights and they moved into fourth place in the International Hockey League, two points ahead of Windsor Bulldogs. George Hay, Huggins and Steele did the scoring.

LONDON DEFEATS BUFFALO

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON, Ont., Dec. 9—London Tecumsehs closed in on the first-place Syracuse Stars here last night by gaining a 1-to-0 victory over Buffalo Bisons. The only goal came in the second period, with Leo Quenneville scoring on a pass from Gene Carrigan. Both players were formerly with New York Rangers and Springfield Indians.

ARROWS MAY GET PLAYERS

MONTREAL, Dec. 9 (AP)—Waivers from all National Hockey League clubs have been obtained on Johnny Gallagher, Montreal Maroon defenseman, and he will be placed with another club. Possibly Hack Simpson, returned from Windsor, and Gallagher may go to the Philadelphia Arrows of the Canadian-American Hockey League with which Maroons have a working agreement. Dave Kerr, goal, and Batt Phillips, wing, are at present on loan to the Arrows.

WANDS PENN SOCCER CAPTAIN

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 9 (AP)—Robert P. Wands '34 was yesterday elected captain of the 1933 University of Pennsylvania soccer team, champions of the newly organized Middle Atlantic States intercollegiate league. He came to Pennsylvania from the George Washington High School, New York City. He is also a member of the Penn lacrosse team.

Michigan and Purdue Each Rewarded With Three Players

Ohio State, With Two, Only Other Team Getting More Than One on the All-Intercollegiate Conference Football Eleven of 1932

ALL-INTERCOLLEGIATE CONFERENCE 1932 FOOTBALL TEAM

Position	Player	College
Left end	I. B. Williamson '33	Michigan
Left tackle	Marshall Wells '33	Minnesota
Left guard	J. T. Gailus '34	Ohio State
Center	J. W. Oehler '33	Purdue
Right guard	G. S. Kabat '33	Wisconsin
Right tackle	F. M. Wistert '34	Michigan
Right end	Paul Moss '33	Purdue
Quarterback	H. L. Newman '33	Michigan
Left halfback	G. I. Berry '33	Illinois
Right halfback	L. G. Hinchman '33	Ohio State
Fullback	Roy Horstman '33	Purdue

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Dec. 9—Considering the estimated power of the teams, as well as the individual factors, the all-star football selection of the Big Ten for 1932 is made up of three players from Michigan, three from Purdue, two from Ohio State, and one each from Minnesota, Wisconsin and Illinois. The other teams, Northwestern, Chicago, Indiana and Iowa, had stars who might have earned more attention had they played with stronger elevens.

There is one appointment regarding which there seems little room for argument. That is Harry L. Newman '33 of Michigan for quarterback. Handling a typical Michigan machine, playing confidently well within the limits of its possibilities and often outgained by opponents, Newman always produced the winning points at the right time. He often delivered the decisive scoring efforts himself. He was a splendid punt-catcher and returner, brilliant forward-pass thrower, nimble runner, punter and field-goal kicker. He was second in points scored with 29, made on three touchdowns, two field-goals and five after-points.

Newman, a Detroit boy weighing 175 pounds and measuring better than 5ft. 7in., replaced Carl F. Cramer '34 of Ohio State as the all-star quarterback. Cramer last season, his first for the Buckeyes, was such an all-around performer as Newman was in the campaign just closed; but Cramer did not fit so well in the Ohio State scheme this year. He had a rival, M. T. Oliphant '34, who showed better at times.

Horstman at Fullback

Other fine field generals were Paul Pardonner '34 of Purdue, an excellent goal-kicker as well as pilot of an undefeated eleven; J. T. Beynon '35, who developed late at Illinois; G. D. Potter '34 in the early games at Northwestern; G. E. Teyro '35 at Iowa, and Vinson Sahlin '34 at Chicago. Sahlin was a shifty open-field runner and a leading scorer.

Fullback must be awarded to Roy Horstman '33 of Purdue, though Minnesota would like to see Horstman moved to halfback to make way for J. A. Manders '33. Horstman, however, was a specialist in the power attack, which is expected of a fullback, and that seems to be his proper place. Horstman led all the backs in the Big Ten, scoring five touchdowns for 30 points. He is 5ft. 10in. in height and weighs 180 pounds and comes from Mishawaka, Ind.

It may be accepted that Manders ranked second among fullbacks. Good at plunging, he was more of an all-around star and a fine goal-kicker. This is the second season he has been elbowed off the team by a narrow decision. Other excellent fullbacks were John Regeczi '35 of Michigan, H. E. Smith '34 of Wisconsin, M. N. Vuchinich '34 of Ohio State, O. M. Olson '34 of Northwestern, P. J. Yanuskus '33 of Illinois and O. D. Edmonds '33 of Indiana. In addition to special fullback talents, Olson was a great punter and Vuchinich a goal-kicker.

As usual there were many splendid halfbacks. The two honored last season failed to maintain their records. The new winning pair is L. G. Hinchman '33 of Ohio State and G. I. Berry '33 of Illinois. Hinchman was a versatile runner, and did most of the passing, pupnting and signaling for the strong Buckeye eleven. He is a Columbus, Ohio, boy, weighs 175 pounds and stands over 5ft. 10in. Berry came into his own after two seasons of comparative obscurity, and his open-field running was brilliant enough to lift Illinois out of mediocrity. He is about the same build as Hinchman and comes from Abingdon, Ill.

Purvis Also Brilliant

Rating practically even with these halfbacks was Duane Purvis '35 of Purdue, but the Boilermakers could not be given another place on the team. Michigan had two splendid halfbacks in Herman Everhardus '34 and S. E. Fay '34, Purdue had another in F. J. Hecker '34, while Wisconsin had J. P. Linfor '34, Minnesota had F. L. Lund '35, Illinois had Frank Froschauer '35 and H. J. Walser '34, Indiana had Stanley Saluski '33, Chicago had Peter Zimmer '34 and Iowa had J. R. Laws '33. Several of these play another year or two with good prospects for recognition. Fay was a faithful "Friday" to Newman; Froschauer a great pass catcher and runner, and Walser one of the finest blockers in the league.

The two backs who failed to repeat are E. J. Rentner '33 of Northwestern and W. F. McGuire '33 of Wisconsin. Working behind a weaker line and getting less efficient blocking from his backfield mates, Rentner displayed his great running, plunging and pass throwing only in spots. McGuire, working with a team that developed late, made a brilliant finish, but his season as a whole was not so good as the standard he set last year.

If Newman is the unanimous choice for quarterback, Paul Moss '33 of Purdue is not far behind in popularity for one of the ends. Moss, weighing 185 pounds and measuring 6ft. 2in., was a shrewd and rugged defensive player, probably the best punter in the Conference, and a pass catcher almost without an equal. No matter how closely guarded, Moss caught the ball for short and long gains, and scored four touchdowns. The other end position goes to I. B. Williamson '33 of Michigan. He is a physical match for Moss, tall, rangy and clever on offense and defense. These ends were selected last year, and they were even more outstanding this season. Moss comes from Terre Haute, Ind., and Williamson from Toledo, Ohio.

Other fine ends were B. N. Robinson '34 of Minnesota, F. L. Petoskey '34 of Michigan, J. B. Schneller '33 of Wisconsin, Max Padlow '35 and Sidney Gilman '34 of Ohio State, and R. J. Fencl '33 of Northwestern. Petoskey was frequently shifted to fullback because of his ball-carrying ability. In Williamson and Petoskey the Wolverines had perhaps the finest pair of ends.

Among the tackles chief attention was claimed by Marshall Wells '33 of Minnesota and F. M. Wistert '34 of Michigan, and these were preferred because of the strength of their lines in general, strength to which they contributed. Wells comes from Minneapolis, Wistert from Chicago. T. A. Rosequist '34 and F. B. Conrad '34 were stalwart tackles at Ohio State. Purdue had a splendid pair in J. E. Letsinger '33 and W. P. Fehring '34. A. C. Anglemyer '34 was a star at Indiana, W. B. Cassels '33 at Chicago and R. R. Molinaro '33 at Wisconsin.

The guards are J. T. Gailus '34 of Ohio State and G. S. Kabat '33 of Wisconsin. The home of Gailus is Vandergrift, Penna., and that of Kabat, Milwaukee. Both were general utility men, big, fast and aggressive in interference and notable defenders against the forward pass attack. A. E. Bodman '33 of Illinois, who was named for one post last year, could not be selected again because of the general weakness of the Illini line. Chicago had a fine guard in R. E. Zenner '33, Purdue in E. F. Ungers '34, Ohio State in M. D. Varner '33 and Michigan had a splendid pair in J. F. Kowalik '34 and A. S. Marcovsky '33.

There is a strenuous argument between supporters of J. V. Oehler '33 of Purdue and C. J. Bernard '34 of Michigan for center. Probably for no weightier reason than that Michigan already has three places, Oehler, who hails from New Albany, Ind., is listed first. Other good centers were R. S. Smith '33 of Ohio State, H. F. Kranhold '34 of Wisconsin, and R. J. Oen '34 of Minnesota.

W. E. COYLE DEFEATS MULLER AT SQUASH

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 9—William E. Coyle, the young squash racquets star, now a full-fledged squash tennis player, furnished the sensation in the opening day of play in the annual invitation squash tennis tournament of the Princeton Club, yesterday, when he defeated Edwin Muller of the home club, in the first round 15—10, 15—18, 15—10. The Montclair youth, now a member of the team of the Fraternity Squash Tennis Club, is still in the Class B ranks, while Muller has been prominent in the Princeton Club team for many years.

The play was mostly devoted to lesser players yesterday, but today will see two former United States champions, Rowland B. Haines and Fillmore Van S. Hyde, as well as two prominent seeded players, Edward G. McLaughlin and Philip T. Moore, both of the Columbia University Club, in action. Harry F. Wolf, the present titleholder, who has a bye, will get into action tomorrow, when the second round will be completed. The summary:

PRINCETON CLUB INVITATION TOURNAMENT—First Round

H. T. Marckwald Jr., Short Hills Club, defeated W. O. Wyckoff, Fraternity S. T. Club, 15—3, 15—1.

Barnwell Elliott, New York A. C., defeated R. C. Flack, Harvard Club, 15—3, 15—5.

L. A. Strasser, Fraternity S. T. Club, defeated Fergus Reid Jr., Yale Club, 15—3, 15—1.

Ludlow Vanderventer, Elizabeth T. & C. C., defeated N. F. Torrance, Crescent A.-H. C., 15—4, 18—13.

Harvey A. Mayer, City A. C., won from N. H. Aronsohn, Princeton Club, by default.

W. E. Coyle, Fraternity S. T. C., defeated Edwin Muller, Princeton Club, 15—10, 15—18, 15—10.

E. L. Winpenny, Montclair A. C., defeated C. H. Donner, Princeton Club, 17—14, 15—7.

Second Round

W. J. Hall, Crescent A.-H. C., won from J. S. Becker, Yale Club, by default.

DUTRA AND DIEGEL ADVANCE

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 9 (AP)—While Olin A. Dutra of Santa Monica, and Leonard H. (Leo) Diegel of Agua Caliente crashed through for victories to maintain their status as favorites, other ranking entries were swept out of competition yesterday in first-round upsets of the third annual San Francisco open match play golf tournament. In the outstanding reversal, Horton Smith of Oak Park, Ill., one of the country's leading prize-winning golfers, failed to meet the challenge of Romie Espinosa and bowed to the young San Francisco pro, 2 and 1. Espinosa moved into an early lead which he maintained throughout. He was 3 up at the ninth and one under par when the match ended on the seventeenth. Smith's putting was bad. Dutra, P. G. A. titleholder and medalist, continued his winning pace with a 4-and-3 win over Dick Fry of Oakland.

COLLEGE BASKETBALL RESULTS

Anderson 55, Indiana Law 31.
Brooklyn P. I. 38, Cooper Union 25.
Crane 40, North Park 21.
De Paul 39, Elmhurst College 14.
De Pauw 34, Franklin 25.
Fordham 39, St. Joseph 24.
Gustavus Adolphus 34, St. Paul Luther 23.
La Crosse Teachers 39, Illinois Normal 27.
Long Island 31, St. John's 29.
Macalester 42, River Falls 34.
Maryville Teachers 38, St. Joseph 21.
Monmouth 38, Parsons 17.
Niagara 36, Toronto 23.
North Dakota 41, Moorhead Teachers 34.
Oak Park Y. M. C. A. 39, Wheaton 36.
Princeton 36, Drexel 27.
South Dakota 29, Southern Normal 23.
Western Union 24, Yankton 16.

N. J. BLUE WINS WITH A 71

PINEHURST, N. C., Dec. 9 (AP)—Halbert Blue of Aberdeen, N. C., Carolina golf champion, matched par on the No. 2 course yesterday with a round of 71 and won the class A "swat fest" competition of the Whistles Golfing Society. Blue's closest rivals were Francis Drake of Rye Beach, N. H., and Donald Parson of Youngstown, Ohio, who went out on the eighteenth hole with 4 and 5, respectively. Harry W. Knox of Deal, N. J., won in class B and W. E. Watt of Orange, N. J., in class C.

MONTREAL AND RANGERS LEAD

Head Divisions Undisputed—Ottawa and Chicago Also Triumph

NATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE

AMERICAN DIVISION

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
N. Y. Rangers	6	1	2	35	21	13
Boston	5	1	3	27	20	11
Chicago	4	3	4	19	22	11
Detroit	4	0	6	22	22	8

CANADIAN DIVISION

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Montreal	6	0	5	36	30	12
Toronto	5	1	3	17	18	11
Ottawa	5	1	4	24	22	11
N. Y. Americans	3	1	8	21	26	7
Canadiens	2	0	8	15	29	4

RESULTS DEC. 8

Ottawa 2, Canadiens 0.
Montreal 1, Toronto 0.
Rangers 3, Americans 1.
Chicago 3, Detroit 1.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MONTREAL, Dec. 9—The Maroons took over the leadership of the Canadian section of the National Hockey League last night by defeating the world champion Toronto Maple Leafs, 1 to 0, in a fast, close-checking game. The only goal was scored nearly 12 minutes after the third period got under way when Paul Haynes took a pass from Robinson close in on Chabot and shoved it behind the visiting goal tender. The counter not only gave the Maroons the group leadership but it gave Haynes the scoring leadership for the league.

MONTREAL — TORONTO
Ward, Brydson, Robinson, lw
rw, Bailey, C. Conacher, Doraty
Smith, Plaxton, Haynes, c
c, Darragh, Primeau, Blair
Northcott, Trottier, Duguid, rw
lw, Cotton, Jackson, Gracie
L. Conacher, Wilcox, ld.....rd, Clancy, Day
Wentworth, Bellemer, rd
ld, Horner, Levinsky
Walsh, g..........................g, Chabot

Score—Montreal 1, Toronto 0. Goal—Haynes for Montreal. Assist—Robinson for Montreal. Referees—J. C. Smeaton, Montreal, and R. W. Hewitson, Toronto. Time—Three 20m. periods.

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 9—New York Rangers, with their forward lines working finely in combination, won the initial game of the series with their local rivals, New York Americans, for the current season of the National Hockey League, yesterday evening, 3 to 1.

RANGERS — AMERICANS
F. Cook, Siebert, Murdoch, Heller, lw
rw, Martin, Patterson, Wasnie
Boucher, Somers, Voss, Murdoch, c
c, Himes, Phillips, Keating
W. Cook, Dillon, Keeling, rw
lw, McVeigh, Sheppard, Convey
Johnson, Brennan, ld rd, Dutton, Dutkowski
Seibert, Heller, rd..........ld, Ayres, Brydge
Aitkenhead, g......................g, Worters

Score—Rangers 3, Americans 1. Goals—F. Cook 2, Dillon for Rangers; Martin for Americans. Assists—Boucher 2, W. Cook, Somers for Rangers; Himes, McVeigh for Americans. Referees—J. O. Cleghorn and Eusebe Daigneault, Montreal. Time—Three 20m. periods.

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Dec. 9—The Black Hawks evened affairs with the Detroit Red Wings by defeating them, 3 to 1, in a National Hockey League game last night before 3500 people at the Chicago Stadium. All the scoring was done in the second and third periods.

CHICAGO — DETROIT
Ripley, McFadyen, Thompson, lw
rw, Wiseman, Aurie, Goldsworthy
Romnes, Cook, Holmes, c
c, Goodfellow, Carson, Marker
March, Jenkins, Couture, rw
lw, Sorrell, Emms, Lewis
Abel, Coulter, ld..........rd, Evans, Hansen
Graham, Bostrom, rd....ld, Young, Buswell
Gardiner, g......................g, Roach

Score—Chicago 3, Detroit 1. Goals—Romnes, Bostrom and Couture for Chicago; Carson for Detroit. Assists—March for Chicago; Lewis and Goodfellow for Detroit. Referees—M. J. Rodden, Toronto, and J. A. Cameron, Ottawa. Time—Three 20m. periods.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

OTTAWA, Dec. 9—The Ottawa Senators jumped into a tie for second place in the Canadian section of the National Hockey League last night when they defeated the Montreal Canadiens, 2 to 0. The game was featured by the brilliant display in the winners' goal of Bill Beveridge, recalled from Providence to take the place of the incapacitated Connell.

OTTAWA — CANADIENS
H. Kilrea, Touhey, McInenly, lw
rw, Gagnon, Gaudreault, A. Giroux
Welland, Cox, Howe, Milks, c
c, Morenz, Lepine, Larochelle
Finnigan, W. Kilrea, Forslund, rw
lw, Joliat, Mondou, G. Mantha
Shields, Starr, ld....rd, S. Mantha, Carson
Smith, Bourgeault, rd......ld, Burke, Leduc
Beveridge, g......................g, Hainsworth

Score—Ottawa 2, Canadiens 0. Goals—Forslund and Welland for Ottawa. Assists—Touhey, Shields, McInenly and Howe for Ottawa. Referees—G. J. Mallinson, Montreal; and A. H. Duncan, Toronto. Time—Three 20m. periods.

RETRENCHMENT FOR MINOR HOCKEYISTS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WINDSOR, Ont., Dec. 9—Clubs of the International Hockey League, faced with the most perplexing financial problems in history, have decided to adopt a player limit of 12 for the balance of the season. At least each club will be permitted to dress only 12 players for each game, although 13 may be carried on the pay roll. London, Windsor and Detroit plan to go through the season with 11 players. Syracuse, Buffalo and Cleveland will carry 13 for the time being at least.

A further salary reduction has been made by practically every club during the past week, with players to get bonus checks at the end of the season if the attendances pick up.

Windsor has returned Harold "Hack" Simpson, star of the Canadian Olympic team of 1931-32, to Montreal Maroons. Simpson failed to live up to expectations and will likely be sent to the new Western Canada League or retired from hockey.

British Golfers Accept Curtis Cup

The announcement that American and British women golfers will compete in the near future for the Curtis Cup, donated by Margaret and Harriot Curtis of Boston and Manchester, Mass., some time ago, featured the annual meeting of the Women's Golf Association of Massachusetts Thursday at the Algonquin Club, Commonwealth Avenue. Margaret Curtis revealed that the Ladies' Golf Union, governing body of British women's golf, has accepted the trophy, which will be competed for under rules governing play for the Walker and Ryder Cups.

Although a team of United States women players journeyed to Wentworth, Eng., last summer to compete against a British team, the Ladies' Golf Union regretfully declined the trophy at that time. It is now expected that the next international women's match between Great Britain and the United States will be held on the American side of the Atlantic in 1934 when the trophy will be at stake for the first time.

Four new members of the executive committee were ushered into office in the Women's Golf Association of Massachusetts. Mrs. Edmund S. Kelley of Oakley becomes chairman of the handicap committee: Dorothy Richards of Weston, intercity and tristate teams; Frances Stebbins of Brae Burn, W. G. A. M. representative in U. S. G. A., and Mrs. Robert G. Stone of The Country Club, finance committee. Margaret Curtis was named chairman of the nominating committee for 1933. Elinor K. Sutton of Anover headed the retiring board.

The remaining officers are starting on the second season of their two-year terms. They include Eleonor W. Allen, The Country Club, president; Mrs. Henry R. Watson, Hoosic Whisick, vice-president; Mrs. Frederic A. Stanwood, Wellesley, secretary; Mrs. George P. Buell, Albermarle, assistant secretary, and Ruth Batchelder, Brae Burn, treasurer.

Charles River Country Club will be the site of the Massachusetts state championship during the week of May 22, with Mrs. Edward H. Baker Jr. once again defending her crown. The intercity affair, for the Griscom Cup, which comes to Massachusetts once every three years, with Boston, New York and Philadelphia the contesting groups, will be held in conjunction with the Women's Eastern Golf Association championship at the Brae Burn Country Club during the week of June 5.

ANGLO-AMERICAN POLO

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (AP)—Although England has not yet sent in a challenge for 1933, there still remains a chance that the Anglo-American international polo cup series will be held, as normally scheduled, next summer. Several months ago British polo authorities said they were not ready to make a decision because of uncertain business and political conditions, but that further word would be forthcoming. Yesterday E. S. O'Reilly, secretary-treasurer of the United States Polo Association, explained that while no word had yet been received, it was not expected until late this month. "The procedure in other years usually has been a cablegram the last few days before the end of the year, followed by a letter," O'Reilly said. "It is still possible that the challenge will be filed." The agreement governing the competition requires that the challenge of the prospective invader be received the year preceding the matches.

CANADIANS WIN CLOSE GAME

LONDON, Dec. 9 (By Canadian Press)—The Edmonton Superiors last night defeated a vastly improved English hockey team, 2 to 0, in a close game played at the Stratham Arena. It was the sixth straight victory for the Canadians, who are touring the United Kingdom and the Continent. The English defense was considerably better than in any of the previous games and the Superiors had difficulty in penetrating it. Gardner, too, in the Briton's goal was a tower of strength. Edmonton scored in the first period via Buster Brown. The second frame was scoreless and James Brown made the second goal in the last period.

FULLBACK IS CAPTAIN

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WINOOSKI PARK, Vt., Dec. 9—St. Michael's College football lettermen met here yesterday and elected Thomas Tivnan '34 of Worcester, Mass., as their captain for the 1933 season. The new leader is a fullback.

Baseball Clubs Elect Bramham

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 9 (AP)—Judge W. C. Bramham, of Durham, N. C., today was elected president of the National Association of Professional Baseball Clubs. He was named for a one-year term at a salary of $6000.

Bramham will take over the duties of the committee of five which was appointed head of the association last year when Michael Sexton was ousted. Nomination of Judge Bramham was made by Sexton and seconded by Warren Giles, of the Rochester club of the International League.

The highly controversial subject of a salary limit among the minor baseball leagues and drastic penalties for its violation tentatively was passed up yesterday.

The matter has precipitated lengthy arguments all week, and previous to the national meeting yesterday it was believed a pay roll limit with penalties for violation would be adopted almost unanimously by the 13 smaller circuits.

But when the subject was presented on the floor of the convention a fresh outbreak of argument seemed almost certain, so officials accepted a motion to pass over this phase of recommendations until the next session.

A survey among the magnates revealed they were not so much opposed to adoption of the salary limit itself as to the penalty provided by the executive committee for its violation.

Under the resolution presented for the consideration of the committee, "any club" guilty of any violation of the salary limit rule adopted for its classification shall, if the violation be not corrected within three days of notice of such violation, assign the contract of or release unconditionally the player on such who receives the highest salary paid by such club. If more than one player is receiving an equally high salary then the player to be released or assigned shall be determined by lot.

In addition thereto a club "guilty of violation of the salary limit shall be fined 20 per cent of the maximum monthly salary limit allowed for each club in its classification," the fine to be paid into the national association treasury.

In addition the committee recommended that a salary affidavit signed by the player and the club president, be attached to each contract. The signing of a false affidavit by a player would make him liable to a penalty or a fine, or of being placed on the ineligible list for two years, or both.

The national association adopted amendments to its constitution so that a new governing body will comprise an executive committee of three members, one from Class AA, one from Class A and the third from Classes B, C or D. In addition there shall be a president; vice-president, who will serve as chairman of the executive committee; a treasurer and a secretary to be appointed by the president.

Among other things, the association voted to change its meeting time to the third Wednesday in November each year; refused to raise the protective limits of all classifications; to raise from 1 to 2 per cent the amount of cash consideration paid for the assignment of a player contract; to take 3 per cent from the gross gate receipts of all post-season series, including playoffs and various other minor changes.

The convention also passed up a recommendation that each club be required to post with the league president at the start of the season a check or surety bond equal to two weeks' pay of the ball club and a like amount with the national association. This is to protect players and creditors in case a team should pass out of existence before the close of the season.

Radio Tonight

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

5:00 p. m.—Agricultural markets talk.
5:15 NBC, Dromedary Caravan: sketch.
5:30 NBC, "Singing Lady."
5:45 NBC, "Little Orphan Annie."
6:00 Studio: Sport Review, Bill Williams.
6:15 NBC, Johnny Hart in Hollywood.
6:30 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:45 NBC, Today's News, Lowell Thomas.
7:00 Time: NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 NBC, Royal Vagabonds: Willie and Eugene Howard, comedians.
7:30 NBC, Five Star Theater: Walter Connelly as "Charlie Chan" in "The Black Camel."
8:00 NBC, Nestle Orchestra and Chorus, Phil Spitalny, director.
8:30 NBC, Talk series, from Chicago.
8:45 NBC, Howard Thurston, magician.
9:00 NBC, First Nighter, drama.
9:30 NBC, Armour Orchestra: "Eddie and Ralph"; quartet.
10:00 NBC, Sketch, with Phillips Lord.
10:15 "ueen of the Air" contest.
10:30 Hank Keene's Hillbillies.
10:30 Local dance music.
10:45 News; time; weather; temperature.
11:03 Sport review, Bill Williams.
11:15 NBC, "Night Song"; organ trio.
12:00 NBC, Cab Calloway's Orchestra.

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—Jack Beauvais, songs.
5:15 "Art of Living": talk.
5:30 NBC, "Flying Family."
5:45 NBC, "Safety Soldiers."
6:00 "Evening Tattler"; news.
6:40 "Old Painter."
6:45 "Tessie the Typist."
7:00 NBC, Olga Vernon's Orchestra.
7:15 NBC, Lanny Ross, tenor.
7:30 "Melody Lane"; orchestra; soloist.
7:45 NBC, The Goldbergs.
8:00 NBC, Cities Service Orchestra; Jessica Dragonette; Cavaliers Quartet.
9:00 NBC, Clicquot Club Eskimos; quartet.
9:30 Fox Fur Orchestra; soloists.
10:00 NBC, Chevrolet program, with Al Jolson.
10:30 NBC, Elgin Adventurers' Club.
10:45 NBC, All American Football Team.
11:00 Forecasts, E. B. Rideout; news.
11:15 Lew Conrad's Statler Orchestra.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—CBS, "Bobby Benson."
5:15 Shephard Fashion Parade.
5:30 CBS, "Skippy"; child sketch.
5:45 "Three Smiles," vocal trio.
6:00 Studio announcement; news.
6:15 "The Voice of the Saxophone."
6:30 White's Big Brother Program.
6:45 "Chandu"; transcription.
7:00 CBS, "Myrt and Marge."
7:15 CBS, "Buck Rogers in the Year 2432."
7:30 CBS, Three X Sisters; orchestra.
7:45 CBS, William Hall; orchestra.
8:00 CBS, Edwin C. Hill, commentator.
8:15 CBS, "Singin' Sam," baritone.
8:30 CBS, "The March of Time."
9:00 CBS, All America Football Show.
9:30 CBS, "To the Ladies"; Morton Downey; David Ross; orchestra.
10:00 CBS, Arthur Tracey; orchestra.
10:15 Kresge Varieties: recording.
10:45 Local dance music.
11:00 Studio announcements; news.
11:15-1:00 a. m.—Dance music.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-213m)

5:00 p. m.—Dance music.
5:15 Cosmopolitan String Trio.
5:30 Organ recital.
5:45 CBS, The Lone Wolf Tribe.
6:00 CBS, Irene Beasley; orchestra.
6:15 "What Congress Did Today," Edwin C. Hill.
6:30 CBS, dance music.
7:00 Weather; news; time.
7:15 Boston Chamber Music Ensemble.
7:30 Ronnie and Van, vocal duo.
7:45 Local dance music.
8:00 The Gossipers.
8:15 Walk-a-thon, from Somerville.
8:30 Master of Mystery sketch.
9:00 Neapolitan Serenaders.
9:15 Lincoln House Symphony Orchestra.
9:45 Studio announcements; news.
10:00 Le Paradis Band.
10:15 CBS, Comedy sketch.
10:30 CBS, Columbia Radio Revue: Jay Flippen; Ted Husing; soloists; orchestra.
11:00 CBS, Columbia Symphony Orchestra; Nino Martini, tenor.
11:30 CBS, Eddie Duchin's Orchestra.

Tomorrow's Features

WBSO, Babson Park, Mass. (920kc-326m)

8:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
12:00 noon—Stocks; piano.
12:30 p. m.—Popular soloists.
12:45 p. m.—Studio Orchestra.
1:30 p. m.—Melody Trio.
1:45 p. m.—Talk, "Timely Topics."
2:00 p. m.—Amateur program.
2:30 p. m.—Studio soloists.

WBZ

7:00 a. m.—Musical Clock; organ.
8:00 a. m.—Hildreth and Weir, poetry and organ.
8:15 a. m.—NBC and local programs.
12:00 noon—"The Monitor Views the News."
12:30 p. m.—NBC programs.
2:30 p. m.—NBC, Metropolitan Opera Company presents second and third acts of Verdi's "Simon Boccanegra," with Lawrence Tibbett.
4:30 p. m.—NBC, The Marionettes.
4:45 p. m.—NBC, Notre Dame-Southern California, from Los Angeles.

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, Gene and Glenn.
8:15 a. m.—E. B. Rideout; news.
8:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
10:15 a. m.—WEEI organist.
10:45 a. m.—NBC programs.
12:15 p. m.—News; organ recital; stocks.
1:10 p. m.—NBC dance music.
2:00 p. m.—NBC, League for Industrial Democracy luncheon; speakers.
3:00 p. m.—NBC programs; news.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical programs.
11:00 a. m.—CBS, Philharmonic-Symphony Society's Children's Concert, Ernest Schelling, conductor.
12:10 p. m.—St. Paul Cathedral service.
12:45 p. m.—CBS dance music.
1:00 p. m.—Records; shopping news.
2:00 p. m.—CBS programs.
4:30 p. m.—Le Paradis Band.

WAAB

8:30 a. m.—Time; news; weather; organ.
9:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
11:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
1:00 p. m.—CBS programs.
2:00 p. m.—Local studio and musical.
3:15 p. m.—Studio classical music.
4:00 p. m.—Women's Federation.
4:30 p. m.—CBS dance music.

Highway Officials Are Selling 'Antiques'

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HARTFORD, Conn.—The right of way division of the Connecticut Highway Department has made known its entrance into the antique furniture business.

A famous old inn known as the Marshall Tavern, which has stood since the middle of the eighteenth century at the point where College Highway intersects with the Albany Turnpike at Avon, has become a traffic hazard and must be removed because it blocks the sight line between the two highways. In the old structure, division employees have found nine fireplaces with a variety of fixtures, an old wainscoting and several other items of the revolutionary period which the division is disposing of to collectors.

NOTRE DAME SERIES EXTENDED

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 9 (AP)—University of Southern California athletic officials announced late yesterday that the home-and-home football series with University of Notre Dame has been extended through 1935. The announcement set to rest rumors that the relationship between the two institutions, which has been perpetuated six years, would be terminated after the contest scheduled for 1933. Southern California will play the Ramblers at South Bend next Nov. 25 and Nov. 23, 1935. The 1934 game will take place here Dec. 8.

MISS COE AND MRS. RUGGLES WIN

PINEHURST, N. C., Dec. 9 (AP)—Catherine Coe of New York and Mrs. J. A. Ruggles of Pinehurst, yesterday won the silver foils best-ball handicap golf tournament. Their card was 35—38—73, two strokes lower than that of Mrs. H. C. Buckminster of Boston and Mrs. Emmet French of Southern Pines, who scored 37—38—75.

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CHURCH COUNCIL VOICES DEFENSE OF PROHIBITION

Delegates Warn Parties Against Nullification by Cutting Enforcement

By WALTER W. VAN KIRK
Special to The Christian Science Monitor

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 9—The Churches of Christ in America took a strong stand today against the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. If the attitude of the 400 churchmen attending the quadrennial meeting of the Federal Council correctly reflects the thinking of their respective communions, the efforts now being made to repeal constitutional prohibition will be fought every step of the way.

The report on the temperance question was presented by Bishop Doaz of Houston, Texas. It was strongly supported by many of the delegates, prominent among whom was the Rev. Dr. W. O. Thompson of the Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A. and a former president of Ohio State University. The resolution said in part:

"We assume responsibility for a campaign of education in church and school to save America from social demoralization through the drink habit; we respectfully remind our legislative and executive officers that the platforms of both political parties have made definite commitments for the complete protection of dry territory."

Party Leaders Cautioned

'Addressing themselves to the political leaders of these parties the churchmen said: "If in this time of depression our legislators by their action allow the liquor traffic in any form to return and the nation to be deprived of all the advantages we have gained in the reduction of the consumption of alcohol, they will be held responsible before God and man for the effects that will result."

The concluding plank in the prohibition platform of the churches says: "We pledge ourselves to the support of the Eighteenth Amendment and of appropriate enabling legislation. We protest against nullification of any existing law by failing to appropriate for its enforcement. We protest against any submission of repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment."

Dr. Thompson deplored the agitation now in progress to the effect that a tax on legalized liquor would solve the economic problems of the nation. "What the people need," said Dr. Thompson, "is bread, not beer. If the Government must tax beer in order to balanbe its budget then the Government, to be consistent, must encourage the consumption of liquor so that the necessary revenue will be forthcoming. Such a situation would be deplorable."

Social Creed Adopted

The churches are to have a new social creed. The proposed revision of the "social ideals of the churches" has been adopted by the Federal Council, and will now be passed on to the constituent denominations for their separate action.

For the first time the problem of unemployment insurance has been incorporated in the churches' social creed. "Industry," it is said, "must clearly provide a reserve for the support of wage earners and their families in periods of unemployment. The notion that social insurance would saddle an impossible burden upon industry is not true, and its falsity must be made clear."

It is further declared that "the Christian ideal calls for hearty support of a planned economic system, in which maximum social values shall be sought. It assumes the principle that the personalities of human beings are of more value than their labor power and deserve prior consideration."

Violent Action Condemned

The Federal Council distinctly disclaimed the use of violent measures in the achievement of a better world order. "In areas of conflict," the social ideals say, "the church should discountenance violence." Due to a dispute over that section of the new social creed dealing with birth control it was decided to defer final action on this and kindred issues until the meeting of the council two years hence.

Ways and means of applying the Christian ethics of justice and good will to American race problems was considered at this morning's session. "Christians," said Bishop George C. Clement of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, "as individuals and as organized groups should seek to spread the facts about the race problem and to apply Christian ideals to civic, economic and social relationships. Public opinion based on heritage and race prejudice provides the opposition which must be met with facts and Christian ethics."

In its recommendations on this question the council asks the churches to work for civic justice in race relations. "It is is imperative," the council says, "that a guarantee be given of full equality before the law to every citizen, irrespective of race, color, creed or nationality."

EVENTS TONIGHT

Centennial celebration of birth of Bjornstjerne Bjornson, Norwegian poet and dramatist, talks by Prof. Robert E. Rogers of M. I. T., and Mr. Ingolf V. Bockmann, former president of American-Scandinavian Forum, George W. Brown Hall, N. E. Conservatory of Music, 8.

New England Conservatory of Music: Concert by student orchestra, Jordan Hall, 8.

Northeastern Section, American Chemical Society: Meeting, address, "Radio Applied to Chemistry," by Prof. Harold C. Webber, of M. I. T., 28 Newbury Street, 8.

Boston Association of Smith College Alumnæ: Lecture on Italian sculpture by Prof. Clarence Kennedy, Steinert Hall, Boylston Street, 8:30.

Southern Club: Dance, Copley-Plaza Hotel, 9.

B. U. College of Practical Arts and Letters: Dance, Copley-Plaza Hotel, 9.

Footlight Club: Presentation of "Mr. Proback," Eliot Hall, Jamaica Plain, 8.

Amateurs of Brookline: Closing performance of "As Husbands Go," by Rachel Crothers, Whitney Hall, Coolidge Corner, Brookline, 8:15.

Burroughs Newsboys Foundation: "Newsboys' Week," open house program, 18 Somerset Street, 7 to 9:30.

Harvard University: Final lecture in series, "The Use of Poetry and the Use of Criticism," by Mr. T. S. Eliot, Charles Eliot Norton lecturer, New Lecture Hall, Cambridge, 8. Open to public.

Roxbury Little Theater Players: Presentation of musical comedy, "The Count of Unaware," High School of Practical Arts, Roxbury School Center, 8.

Barclay Club: Dance, benefit of Infants' Hospital.

Field and Forest Club: Council meeting, 3 Joy Street, 6:15.

Village Players: Presentation of "As Husbands Go," Newton High School Auditorium, Walnut Street, Newtonville, 8:15.

Symphony Hall: Illustrated travelitalk, "China and Japan," by Mr. E. M. Newman, 8:15.

Theaters

Colonial—Walter Hampden in "Cyrano," 8:00.

Majestic—"Mädchen in Uniform," film, 2:30 and 8:30 p. m.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum: Recital by Miss Mae Taylor, soprano, and Mr. Samuel Gardiner, accompanist, Fenway Court, 2:45.

Women's Republican Club: Second lecture in series, "Public Questions: Home and Foreign," by Prof. Willis Starr Myers, of Princeton, clubhouse, 16 Beacon Street, 11. Also showing of motion pictures, 2:30.

Daughters of American Constitution: Luncheon meeting, Mr. Ben H. Spence, of Toronto Canada, speaker, Hotel Brunswick, 13:30.

Symphony Hall: Illustrated travelitalk, "China and Japan," by Mr. E. M. Newman, 2:30.

Showing of motion pictures, "By Air to Inca Land," by Mr. Robert Shippee, benefit Children's Museum of Boston, Hotel Statler, 3.

Sale of articles made by the sightless benefit Massachusetts Division of the Blind, home of Mrs. Kitt Mansfield and Mrs. Frank R. Fayerweather, 1750 Beacon Street, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Jordan Hall: Presentation of "Sara Crewe," by Clare Tree Major Company, 10:15 a. m. and 12:15 p. m.

Twentieth Century Club: Luncheon discussion, subject, "Planing America's Future," by Prof. Edwin Francis Gay, of Harvard, 3 Joy Street, 1.

Alliance Francaise: Meeting, Prof. Andre Morize, speaker, Copley-Plaza Hotel, 3:30.

Copley-Plaza Hotel: Dramatic recital by Miss Adele Neff, 2:30.

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: American paintings, Miss Maginnis, 11.

Theaters

Majestic—"Mädchen in Uniform," film, 2:30 and 8:30 p. m.

Fine Arts—"Raub der Mona Lisa," film, at 1:40, 3:40, 5:40, 7:40, 9:40 p. m.

Colonial—Walter Hampden in "Cyrano" 2.

Jordan Hall—"Sara Crewe," or "A Little Princess," at 10:15 a. m. and 3: 15 p. m.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open week days, except Mondays, 8 to 4; Sunday, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries every day except Monday at 11 o'clock. Exhibitions: Charles H. Tyler Memorial Exhibition, closing Dec. 11; German and Netherlands Engravings of the fifteenth century; eighteenth century French Ornamental Designs; etchings by Whistler; prints by D. Y. Cameron.

E. G. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Colonial portraits. Through Dec. 10.

Grace Horne Gallery, Dartmouth and Appleton Streets—Oils and water colors by John Whorf. Through Dec. 31.

Fine Arts Theater, Massachusetts Avenue at Norway Street—Landscape paintings by Mrs. Hugo Munsterberg. Through month of December.

Copley Art Store, 691 Boylston Street—Recent etchings by Louis Icart.

Doll & Richards, 323 Boylston Street—General print show.

Bookshop for Boys and Girls, 570 Boylston Street—Colored reproduction of paintings by Cezanne, Van Gogh and others. Through Dec. 31.

Myles Standish Galleries, Bay State Road and Beacon Street—Paintings by Alpheus J. Shelton. Drawings in colors of dogs by Bernard W. Shattuck. Both through Dec. 10.

Copley Society, 158 Commonwealth Avenue—Landscapes in oils by H. B. Brainerd. Through Dec. 16.

Casson Galleries, 175 Berkeley Street—Water colors of flowers by Greta Allen. Through Dec. 12.

For other exhibitions, see Monday's Monitor.

FIRMS PLAN FIRE BRIGADE
Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 9—A prvate fire brigade for every local industrial and commercial firm is the aim of the Newark Safety Council, which has just inaugurated a fire school in the City Commission chamber for the instruction of the private fire brigades, now numbering about 100 in this city.

Who'll Put This 'Gadget' to Work?

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR-Wide World

FUTURE POWER-BILL SLICER

A. E. Kittredge, Mechanical Engineer, Points to Small Turbine Whirling Above Thermo-Dynamic Power Coils.

Effortless Spin of Sea-Turbine Model Betters 'Perpetual' Motion

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 9—A small turbine wheel which spins continuously without any apparent motivation is a center of interest for large numbers of visitors to the National Exposition of Power and Mechanical Engineering here. The exposition opened Dec. 5 and will continue through Dec. 10.

The wheel, about three inches in diameter, is supported horizontally in a glass bulb connected by two long glass tubes with another glass bulb below, which is half filled with water. The glass bulbs and tubes and a strip of cheesecloth constitute the entire machine. The fact that the whole process is in full view adds to the fascination of watching it and makes it apparent that no hidden source of energy is used to make the odd little machine work.

Mr. George H. Gibson, who put it together, described how the turbine wheel is kept revolving without any visible source of power. This is done by invisible vapor from the nozzle of a glass tube leading from the bulb containing water, which blows against the buckets on the rim of the wheel with a spouting velocity of 800 feet a second and makes the wheel spin. The vapor is generated by the warmth of the surrounding atmosphere acting upon the water in the lower bulb. The other tube, which opens into the bottom of the upper bulb, is in two coils, one wrapped in cheesecloth.

Mr. Gibson said the temperature difference between the water bulb and the wrapped coil is about three degrees Fahrenheit and that the plant rated one sixty-thousandth horsepower.

The little plant was constructed to illustrate the power sources of the atmosphere in a way similar to that of the sea-thermal plant installed at Santiago, Cuba, at a cost of several million dollars, Mr. Gibson said.

Many of the exhibits at the exposition show the remarkable progress made as a result of research work during the last few years.

WILD CATTLE VISIT RESORT
Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 9—Recent reports from Ocean City, in the southern extremity of Maryland say that resort has been invaded by wild cattle, ponies and goats, which have almost taken possession of the place. The wild cattle and goats come from the extremity of Worcester County's coastal line and the community was obliged to organize to corral them. The ponies evidently swim from some of the group of islands in Chincoteague and Sinefuxtant Bays as they occasionally do when seeking a change of pastures.

Research Altering Concept of Deity

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (AP)—Dr. Albert Einstein's latest discoveries about the nature of space are likely to lead the world to a new conception of God, said Dr. Walter Russell last night to a meeting of the Society of Arts and Sciences, of which he is president.

"We are fast releasing ourselves from creeds," said Dr. Russell, "and entering into a far broader conception of the intelligence which governs the universe. Instead of approaching God through blind faith and belief we are gaining much surer ground from which to approach Him. We have begun to sense something tangible and inspiring beyond space, mass and dimension."

The meeting was held to present gold medals to Dr. William Crocker, director of the Boyce Thompson Institute for Plant Research of Yonkers, and to Dr. Harlow Shapley, director of the Harvard Astronomical Observatory.

WEATHER

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and Vicinity: Fair tonight and Saturday; not much change in temperature; gentle shifting winds mostly westerly; minimum temperature tonight near 22.

Maine: Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; not so cold on south coast tonight.

New Hampshire and Vermont: Partly cloudy, possibly with snow flurries tonight; Saturday partly cloudy; not much change in temperature.

Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Atlantic coast, Eastport to Sandy Hook: Moderate west winds over south portion and moderate southeast winds shifting to west winds on Saturday over north portion; overcast weather tonight and Saturday.

Official Temperatures

	A	B		A	B
Atlantic City	28	46	Montreal	20	30
Bismarck	-14	-8	Nantucket	32	44
Boston	24	43	New Orleans	56	56
Buffalo	18	26	New York	28	40
Calgary	4	4	Norfolk, Va.	38	48
Charleston	42	60	North Platte	-6	4
Chicago	8	14	Philadelphia	30	44
Cincinnati	22	32	Phoenix, Ariz.	52	74
Denver	-12	4	Pittsburgh	24	30
Eastport, Me.	18	42	Portland, Me.	18	44
Hatteras	50	52	Raleigh	32	52
Honolulu, T.H.		76	St. Louis	14	24
7 p.m. Dec. 8	72		St. Paul	-8	0
Helena, Mont.	-28		Salt Lake City	20	24
Huron, S. D.	14	-2	San Francisco	38	52
Jacksonville	50	60	Santa Fe, N.M.	28	46
Kansas City	8	14	Seattle	20	30
Key West	68	74	Tampa	54	74
Los Angeles	52	62	Washington	26	42
Memphis	24	40	Wichita, Kan.	8	16
Miami, Fla.	64	78	Williston, N.D.	-14	-12

A—8 a. m. eastern standard time Dec. 9.
B—Maximum Dec. 8.

High Tides at Boston

Friday 9:02 p. m., Saturday 9:12 a. m.
Height of tides 7.5 feet, 8.7 feet.

Light all vehicles at 4:42 p. m.

COMING DECADE IS SAID TO HOLD MUCH FOR YOUTH

Dr. Mott Declares It Will Have More Unsolved Issues Than Any Other

"The charge that youth of today is indifferent to the more important things of life is inaccurate," said Dr. John R. Mott, president of the World's Alliance of the Y. M. C. A. and chairman of the International Missionary Council, speaking last night at the annual Founders' Day banquet of the Boston "Y" in Bates Hall.

"Youth is keenly dissatisfied with the past and with things as they are, and that is different," he continued. "Never has youth been more discerningly critical than it is today. It hates sham, but is reponsive to the note of reality."

Concerning his subject, "What Does the Next Decade Hold for the Youth of This Generation?" the speaker found that "it holds what it has never held before—an unprecedented opportunity to come upon more unsolved problems than in any other decade."

"The world has found itself as one body, and as such, nations cannot be indifferent to one another," stated the speaker. "But the rising tide of national and racial pride is very strong. The world is in a more plastic state today than it was in the middle of the World War and nations and peoples are looking for leadership."

Considering world-wide relations, the speaker said the "prestige of the United States and of Europe has been lowered in the eyes of Asiatic and African nations. Also there is great discontent concerning unequal treaties. China is not the only nation that feels this way. Is any country satisfied with the Versailles Treaty? I don't know one."

Asking why the Russian anti-religious movement boasted almost 4,000,000 members while the Y. M. C. A. has only a little more than 2,000,000, Dr. Mott said, "We not only can but must win this generation. We must win them in order to fill the gaps; in order to relieve from the impossible strain those people carrying heavier loads than they can bear; in order to increase the missionary force, and to solve the serious problems with which we are faced."

"How can youth be won?" asked Dr. Mott. "In the following way: Let us first become alarmed that we are not winning enough of them. We should look upon this task as most important. Then let us make a heroic appeal, for such an appeal brings a heroic response. Let us furnish them with more outlets for their ideas and ideals. Plans must be large enough to appeal to their imaginations. Finally, let us summon them to the impossible, knowing that the impossible attracts those to which the possible would never appeal."

Theaters

Boston Stage Notes

Next week, Boston theaters will be mostly dark. Mr. Walter Hampden's "Cyrano" closes at the Colonial tomorrow night, and the German film, "Mädchen in Uniform," departs after two weeks at the Majestic.

At the Fine Arts, "Raub der Mona Lisa" will be taken off Sunday, to be followed Monday by another German film, "Brand in der Oper." The Hans Wiener Dance Group will repeat its successful program of Monday at this theater tomorrow afternoon at 3. Monday evening at 9, Miss Pauline Dueth Barry will give a piano recital.

The second play in the Clare Tree Major series for children, "Sara Crewe," will be presented at Jordan Hall tomorrow forenoon and afternoon by the Boston University Women's Council.

Mr. Newman's travelitalk subject for this evening and tomorrow afternoon at Symphony Hall will be, "China and Japan." The series will be concluded next week with a lecture on "Hawaii to the Arctic."

Mrs. Patrick Campbell will repeat her lecture-recital on "Beautiful Speech and the Art of Acting," as guest of the Women's Republican Club on the afternoon of Dec. 13.

Wide Area Covered By Smithsonian's 1932 Expeditions

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 (AP)—Advances in many lines of fundamental scientific research were reported by Dr. Charles G. Abbot, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, at the annual meeting of the regents yesterday.

Chief Justice Charles E. Hughes, chancellor of the institution, and his fellow regents were told of studies dealing with expeditions to remote parts of the globe and of rapidly increasing collections of the Smithsonian.

The institution, Dr. Abbot reported, sent out or participated in 25 expeditions, which visited 13 states in this country, several European countries, Canada, Alaska, Mexico, Hispaniola, Jamaica, British Guiana and southwest Africa.

Outstanding gifts to the institution's library included a set of 45 volumes of the "Phra Tripitaka" a notable Buddhist work, from the King of Siam, and a volume dealing with Christopher Columbus from Signor Dino Grandi, former Foreign Minister of Italy. Among the 157,870 specimens added to the museum was a gold nugget weighing 9 troy ounces.

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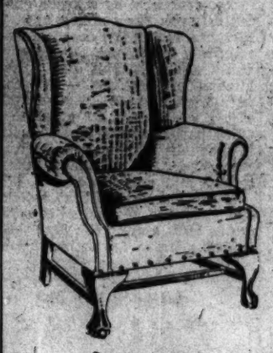

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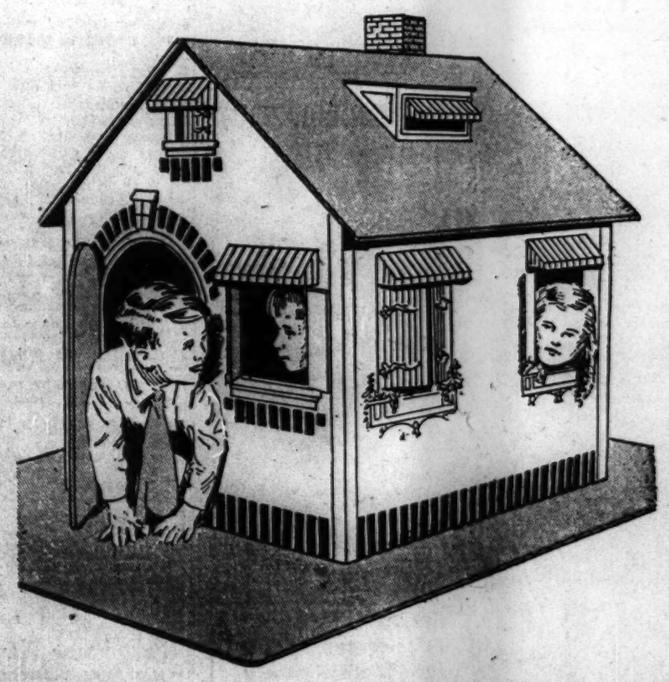

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HOUSEHOLD ARTS · CRAFTS · CUISINE

American Christmas Dinner

By FLORIS CULVER THOMPSON

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

MEMORIES of a Christmas dinner in south Texas, many years ago, bring to mind a picture of a beautiful dining room where a bright fire burned on the hearth and an immaculate table laid with gleaming silver groaned under the weight of a most enormous turkey. Such a turkey! It looked as large as a lamb or a young roast pig, only infinitely more regal in shape and general appearance.

We tried to guess its weight—those of us who, far from our own homes, were fortunate enough to have been remembered by our charming hostess. 'Ve tried to guess its depth, too, as our entertaining host deftly carved slice after slice of luscious white meat from the breast and took savory, steaming stuffing from inside. But the turkey seemed at the moment to defy limitations. Rather, it was the symbol of bounty—bounty of a most delicious nature.

Whether for its symbolism or its delicacy, many persons prefer turkey (and chicken, perhaps), for Christmas dinner rather than the roast beef or goose of early English savor. Tradition does not demand turkey, but taste often does. Fortunately, the hostess is allowed considerable leeway in her selection of a menu. And she can hardly devote several carefree morning hours to the joys of Christmas giving unless she has planned a dinner, attractive to be sure but also simple enough to have allowed her to care for it in large part—beforehand.

And considering the time it takes to prepare and stuff fowl, a busy hostess really needs to select supplementary dishes that require very little time and effort in preparation as indicated in the menu that follows:

Tomato Juice Cocktail
Olives
Celery
Stuffed Roast Turkey — Giblet Gravy
Flaky Rice — Mashed Sweet Potatoes
Buttered Corn — Pimiento Salad
Christmas Plum Pudding — Hard Sauce
Mints

A glance at this menu suggests that the tomato juice cocktail, the kernel corn and the pudding may well be purchased unless perchance taken from supplies of the householder's own make; the gelatine salad and hard sauce may be made a day or two beforehand, the vegetables prepared the day before and the turkey of course made ready then, wrapped in waxed paper and put into the refrigerator.

Tomato Juice Cocktail

Combine
3 cups tomato juice
2 teaspoons lemon juice
1 tablespoon Worcestershire sauce
1 teaspoon chili sauce
1 teaspoon bottled horseradish
1 tablespoon minced celery
Let stand half an hour. Strain and chill.
Makes 10 cocktails.

Stuffed Roast Turkey

Select a turkey that is young and plump allowing one pound to each serving. Have the butcher strip the feathers and clean the bird. Singe and remove pin feathers with combination tweezer. Cut the neck skin, push it back and cut off the neck close to the body. Also cut the skin around the leg one-half inch below leg joint. Pull out the tendons. Break the bone and remove the foot. Remove oil bag on upper part of the tail. Cut skin on upper part of throat and remove the windpipe and crop unless this has been done by the butcher. Wash bird with running water. Wipe inside and out.

Stuff with a favorite dressing. Sew the openings together or seal with parchment tape or short skewers. Rub the bird with a seasoned mixture of softened butter and flour. Draw thighs and wings close to the body and secure with skewers or string. Draw neck skin to back and skewer. Place turkey on its side in roaster and put into hot oven (450° F.) to sear. When browned, reduce the heat to 350°F. At this moderate temperature bake the turkey three to five hours or twenty-five minutes to the pound. Baste frequently with fat in the pan or with a mixture of half butter and half boiling water. Turn the turkey to let it brown evenly.

Orange Dressing

Separate the pulp of
4 oranges from the membrane.
Drain
8 canned apricots
8 peaches
12 stewed prunes. Mix fruit. Add
28 whole walnut meats and
8 cups soft bread crumbs. Mix all lightly with a long fork. Add
2 eggs, beaten light and
1 teaspoon salt. Stuff the turkey
This is sufficient for a 15 pound turkey. Any reliable poultry dressing may be substituted if desired.

Giblet Gravy

Wash and clean the giblets. Cover them with water and simmer until tender. Run through meat grinder. Reserve stock and giblets. When turkey has been roasted and removed from pan, pour off the liquid and skim fat, from top.

For the gravy blend
½ cup fat
½ cup flour. Add
3 cups giblet stock
⅛ teaspoon pepper
½ teaspoon salt. Stir vigorously and cook 5 minutes. Season to taste. Strain, if necessary. If too thick add more stock or hot water. Add the chopped giblets. Serves 10.

Pimiento Salad

Soften
4 tablespoons gelatine in
½ cup cold water. Dissolve it in
3½ cups boiling water. Add
4 tablespoons of vinegar
2 teaspoons sugar
1 teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon mustard
When mixture starts to set, add
4 slices chopped pimiento
2 cups shredded cabbage
2 cups cut fine celery
1 green pepper, chopped. Place in refrigerator. At serving time place a slice or square on lettuce and add a spoonful of mayonnaise.
This recipe serves 10 or 12.

Christmas Plum Pudding

Mix and sift together
3 cups flour
1 teaspoon soda
1½ teaspoons salt
1 teaspoon cinnamon
½ teaspoon each of cloves and nutmeg. Mix
1 cup chopped suet
1 cup milk
1½ cups raisins
½ cup dates
¼ pound sliced citron
¼ pound candied cherries
1 cup molasses
Combine mixtures. Turn into oiled molds, cover and steam three hours. Serve with hard sauce. Serves 12.

Hard Sauce

Cream
½ cup softened butter and add gradually
1½ cups powdered sugar. Add
½ teaspoon vanilla and
½ teaspoon almond. Mix well (or beat until very light).

If desired, roast chicken may be substituted for turkey and a slightly different menu rounded out as follows:

Roast Chicken — Chestnut Dressing
Riced Potatoes — Mushroom Gravy
Buttered Squash — Asparagus Salad
Watermelon Pickles — Currant Jelly
Cranberry Pie

In preparing this menu, on the day before the hostess may make the chestnut dressing and prepare and stuff the chicken; peel the potatoes, wash and sort the lettuce, fetch the relishes and bake the pies. Canned squash, canned asparagus and canned mushrooms may be purchased. Chicken may be prepared and roasted like the turkey.

Chestnut Dressing

Put
2 cups hot cooked chestnuts through the ricer. Add
2 cups bread crumbs
⅓ cup butter or melted chicken fat
2 teaspoons salt
¼ teaspoon pepper
1¼ teaspoon poultry seasoning. Season to taste.
Mix well. Sufficient for 1 chicken which will serve 6.

Mushroom Gravy

Blend
4 tablespoons chicken fat
4 tablespoons flour. Add
2 cups giblet broth slowly and stir briskly. Season to taste. Cook 6 minutes, add
1 cup or 1 can button mushrooms, and if desired, the chopped giblets.
Serves 6.

Asparagus Salad

From
4 eggs hard cooked, make 6 to 8 rings according to the number to be served.
Beat together
4 tablespoons olive oil
½ teaspoon salt
⅛ teaspoon paprika
2 tablespoons vinegar. Pour it over
2 cans asparagus stalks. Chill. Arrange the stalks in bundles of four or five, slip each through an egg ring and arrange on lettuce. Garnish with a dash of paprika.

Cranberry Pie

Line a pie plate with plain pastry and make a rim around the edge. Reserve some paste for strips to be laid across top. A package pie crust may be used. For filling one pie, cook
2 cups (½ pound) cranberries
¾ cup sugar
½ cup water slowly for 10 minutes. Cool. Pour into the lined plate. Cut six strips of pastry ¾ inch wide and long enough to twist a few turns and reach across the pie.
Lay three strips across the top and three the opposite way, securing the ends and pressing lightly to the rim.
Bake about 30 minutes in a moderate oven. Serves 6.

For those who will consider a ham dinner, how about this simple combination?

Baked Spiced Ham — Evergreen Apple Sauce
Buttered Cauliflower
Candied Sweet Potatoes
Hot Biscuit — Cranberry Jelly
Pineapple Sherbet — Fruit Cake
Christmas Candies

This menu is especially adapted to the use of the business housekeeper. She can purchase the canned sweet potatoes, the biscuits ready to bake if she wishes, the jelly, sherbet, fruit cake and candies. The apple sauce she can make the evening before and boil the ham then (or buy canned ham). Christmas Day she has only to set her table, to assemble the dinner as it were, to bake the ham, cook cauliflower and finish the sweet potatoes.

Baked Spiced Ham

Select a
10- to 12-pound ham
Boil in water to cover for 10 minutes. Then simmer
3 hours or until tender. If desired, flavor the liquor with cider or pickled peach juice. Let the ham stand in the liquor over night so that it will be juicy. In the morning take out the ham and remove the skin. Rub the fat with brown sugar seasoned to taste with ground cloves. Bake in a slow oven (300° F.) for 1 hour.

Evergreen Apple Sauce

Put into sauce pan
4 cups sliced tart apples
1 sprig mint
1 cup sugar
½ cup water
Dissolve
½ teaspoon green coloring in mixture. Bring to the boiling point. Stir once. Cover tightly and simmer until tender. If on an electric range, the current may be turned off and the cooking done on stored heat. Leave covered about 20 minutes, then test. Remove mint. Slices will be whole and transparent. Serves 6 or 8.

Oatmeal Stuffing
(Specially Requested)

Put
⅓ cup fat in saucepan with
1 tablespoon onion chopped fine, stir and cook 2 minutes or until onion is yellow, add
2 cups rolled oats
1 teaspoon salt and
1 tablespoon poultry seasoning. Stir and cook 3 minutes, add
1 cup hot water and stir and cook until thick.

Important Notice

We learn from Miss Farmer's School that some of our readers are still sending their inquiries concerning recipes direct to the school. May we emphasize again that all communications concerning recipes and menus published in these columns and all submitted manuscripts are to be sent to The Christian Science Monitor, care of the Women's Department.—Editor.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

These Boxes Are True Guerdons of What Lies Within Them, for the Wrappings Express the Contents and Also the Hobbies of the Recipients. All These Materials Are Readily Available at Reasonable Prices.

Won't You Sit Down?

ADVENTURES IN HOME MAKING

By MRS. HARRY A. BURNHAM

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

ABOUT 10 years ago a writer in a furniture trade magazine asked manufacturers of furniture why they did not devote some time and thought to improving the kitchen chair. He reminded them that every piece of kitchen equipment had been improved: the garbage can, the kitchen range, the kitchen cabinet, the refrigerator, the dish-washing appliances, the kettle and pan racks, ironing boards and laundry equipment; in fact, everything even remotely connected with beauty and comfort in a kitchen had, he said, received careful attention, except the chairs.

I was reminded of that article, which I read long ago and in which I was much interested, when I recently heard two housemaids talking to each other from neighboring yards as they hung clothes out in the sunshine. "Come over this evening and I will show you how to do that new crochet stitch," said Molly, who does exquisite Irish crochet. "All right, I will," Jane replied. "I always feel so rested in your kitchen." "That," philosophized Molly, "is because I have nice easy chairs to sit in." "Maybe 'tis, at that," said Jane thoughtfully.

* * *

I knew both kitchens which were under discussion. Molly's kitchen was the same size as Jane's, but the windows faced the south and were filled with blossoming plants. A cheerful fire glowed red through the grate, and Boston rockers with patchwork cushions and backs stood invitingly by each window. It was a cozy place, although large enough so that the kitchen sink and dish cupboards were not greatly in evidence. Jane's kitchen was very, very modern. A steam radiator furnished heat to the room, and an electric range, concealed by a lovely enamel cabinet, was the cooking unit. The windows, facing the north, were attractively curtained. Altogether, it was a clean, efficient and orthodox kitchen of 1932, but—the chairs were hard, straight, wooden affairs which were quite all right to use when paring apples, but for sitting in when learning a new Irish crochet stitch they were most unimaginative and unsociable.

If my memory of that article in the furniture magazine is correct, it was built around the idea that in lifting a house from the basement you elevate the whole building; and so, if a kitchen is happy and comfortable, the whole house will reflect a cheerful atmosphere.

* * *

I have never been able to understand why there should not be one, preferably two, comfortable chairs in every kitchen unless, of course, it is a kitchenette, in which there is scarcely room to stand, not to mention sitting. I like to "settle down" when I open my files and prepare to "settle up." I can see no good reason why kitchen chairs may not be artistic as well as comfortable and utilitarian.

Is there not some modern Sheraton or Hepplewhite who will be the fortunate designer of a kitchen chair which will distinguish him forever at the same time that he gives to our kitchens a rare opportunity to demonstrate the worth of beauty and comfort?

Such a chair would almost immediately establish a new standard of beauty for the whole house. The "maid next door" would begin talking about "Molly's kitchen" with definite and far-reaching results, and, if we belong to the 90 per cent of home makers who do not employ a maid, then we, while doing "general housework in a private family," would place his name on a scroll of honor along with the great and good, the while we say proudly to our neighbor, "Won't you sit down?"

Mashed potatoes are a good addition to biscuit dough and to doughnut batter. They improve the flavor of either one, and the doughnuts do not take up so much fat during cooking. This is a good way to utilize a tablespoonful or so of leftover potato.

The Outside Is Half the Gift

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

THERE is an indefinable something about the cleverly wrapped modern gift which gives pleasure to giver and recipient alike. Perhaps it is because the outside is designed to express both the gift and the taste of the one for whom it is destined.

Let us say the gift is to be received by a woman past middle age. Why not choose a beige-colored velour paper for the background? On this soft ground use a tricolored band of navy blue, old-blue, and rose ribbons tied diagonally from lower right to upper left corners, spreading wider at the upper corner. Near the bottom place a well-proportioned bow of the three colors, and in the upper right hand triangle paste a seal in modernistic version of the Wise Men. Or if preferred, a Chinese medallion may be used.

If the gift is a toy, a book, or a new suit for a child, there are many interesting papers on the market for children's packages. What fun to wrap them in a cellophane which has an orange-and-black hobby-horse design! When tied with narrow black ribbon, set off with a large artificial orange, this package will delight any youngster. Mother Goose and child-activity papers tied with diagonal bands across the corners, or tied lengthwise, and finished by bows with curled ends, are very acceptable.

Interesting Color Schemes

Perhaps there is an exquisite bit of lingerie, an orchid negligée, for example, for which an attractive exterior is to be chosen. Try a color scheme of yellow, green and orchid for this. Silhouettes go far in adding a touch of chic, and they may be purchased as seals. Paste a girl silhouette on the right-hand side of the yellow tissue wrapped box. On the left, use nile-green and orchid ribbon, tied into the composition with a narrow strip of black. The final touch should be a full bow of green and orchid placed slightly above the center line.

This use of colored paper, silhouette and tying may be carried out in a variety of color schemes. A very lovely package is one of yellow velour, tied with a combination of old-blue, old-rose and pale salmon-pink; or one which has a green background with orchid and pale rose ribbons tied in with black.

If the gift is to be a bon voyage remembrance, why not choose a smart apple-green patent leather paper as the background, tie it effectively with a combination of wide cerise, maroon and rose ribbons, with a touch of black in a narrow ribbon, and give the necessary bon voyage touch by a Spanish galleon silhouette?

Cellophane is an adaptable medium, and there is much satisfaction derived from the modish package which it makes. A truly fascinating package is one in violet cellophane over blue tissue, tied with purple and magenta ribbons. To avoid puckering of the cellophane around a large seal, the coach silhouette must be placed on the blue tissue. Since cellophane is transparent, the design will show very clearly.

The round package is usually very difficult to plan, but in using cellophane it becomes quite simple. The package is placed in the middle of a square of cellophane, and the paper gathered together at the top of the box. This leaves a natural flaring decoration, completed with a bow of tulle, set off by an artificial flower or a sprig of holly. A basket of fruit or a glass of jelly or conserve seems more delicious when it arrives in a dress of cellophane.

Large Packages

Very large boxes are thought the most troublesome to do. They are often longer or wider than the paper chosen, and their size is cumbersome to handle. Yet, with a bit of extra patience, they may be made as lovely as the smaller boxes. If the paper is not wide enough, strips of the predominating color of the design may be added on each side. Laps may easily be hidden by covering them with ribbon and finishing with a bow. Or the entire box may be covered with a single design of paper, by careful piecing, which is hidden by use of wide ribbon. Such a box as this may be worked out in red-orange paper with white polka dots, tied with wide orange ribbon, and finished with a luscious bunch of artificial oranges.

Then comes the very Christmasy group if more conservative wrappings are desired. A delightful package in this group is one in black and silver. First wrap the box in black tissue, then superimpose brocaded silver paper over the lower right corner. Paste a tree silhouette in the metallic ground, silver stars on the black ground, and tie wide silvery tulle ribbon, following the diagonal formed by the two papers, in a sumptuous bow near the center. An equally attractive box may be made by using the same method of arranging the papers but carrying out the plan with a Christmas scene design and brocaded gold paper. Tie tinsel bordered red tulle in a large bow near the upper right corner and add a sprig of holly.

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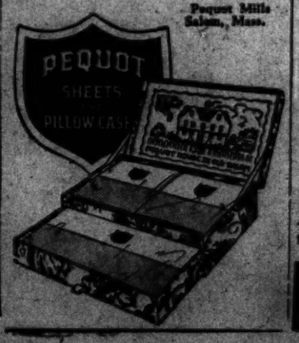

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THE HOME FORUM

The Pony Show

THE taciturn William met me under the sweet apple tree, near the rabbit house.

"Are they parting with them?" said he in a low voice, not with any ominous intent, but simply because he never wastes his ample energy in conversation. He has come up from the garage purposely to utter these few significant words.

"Them" are the two survivors of our four white Easter rabbits. One was the early victim of too much devotion, while another became, not so long ago, a parting gift for "dear teacher."

It has been proposed that the survivors, having lost somewhat the first bright glamour of ownership, be our tribute to the pet sale which will be a feature of the Pony Show this afternoon. William's part, in case the owners decide favorably, is to find suitable conveyance and deliver the little beasts this morning at the farm where the Pony Show is to be held.

Our pony, a fat black rogue who was only interested in passing a carefree life in our field, and who would scarcely walk with a child on his back unless lured on by an apple carried before him, has already been sent to be sold as a pet. Two of the children rode him in last year's show, but he is too lazy now for anything so strenuous.

With some difficulty, I extract a final decision from the rabbits' owners, and William departs with them. They were never affectionate rabbits, nor even very active, but someone may take a liking to them in the pet sale. Their palatial house, a large converted dog kennel, with a little covered porch in front and beyond that a good-sized rabbit run, inclosed top and sides with chicken wire, stands sadly empty.

* * *

The Pony Show is held on one of the numerous farms with a show ring in our part of the country. The two older sisters drive over with their mother shortly after lunch. The two younger must have naps, so we go later in the station wagon with William.

We leave William and the wagon in a field, packed with parked cars, and trudge over a dusty cart track and through long dry grass around the end of the ring, under the noses of a class of jumpers waiting to be called. On the other side, where are the booths and attractions that especially interest the children, we are sure to find the rest of the family, and presently we spy them, circling in the vicinity of the pets.

It is hot as hot, with thunder clouds in the sky. We all want orangeade, and quickly find that booth. Then the youngest must have ice cream, which the older children have already located and they run to buy some for her. The best part of that is the little breeze that plays around the table in the orchard where we settle ourselves. The youngest, as usual, is quite satisfied with two spoonfuls.

The older ones are impatient to show us all the excitements which seem, to my surprise, not to include the ponies, though many are in evidence, being led or ridden among the booths by their small owners.

An artist doing lightning pastel portraits under an apple tree is the most thrilling—besides the pets. He has a generous number of samples leaning against everything upright in the neighborhood. And there is a marionette theater, the same one we saw at a large horse show earlier in the season. The charming young woman who takes the tickets remembers that then we did not see the end of "The Three Wishes," on account of a sudden thunder shower, and she invites us to come to their studio in town next winter, to see the drama in its completeness. The four blonde sisters, all dressed alike (today in their favorite sash dresses), are not easily forgotten.

* * *

The pets are at the very end. The most fascinating of them, without a doubt, is a darling wee goat, alone in a casual wire inclosure. He calls continual attention to himself by his appealing bleat, and is never without a staff of faithful admirers, running to and fro with handfuls of grass and leaves to appease him.

There is a dog tied to a bush, a large pen of rabbits of all sizes and colors, boxes of rabbits besides, guinea pigs, birds, kittens, baby alligators, white mice and rats. The children are quite beside themselves. Jackie, of course, knows immediately what she wants and gets it, with her nice ingratiating manner and not too much teasing.

We wander at last to the phalanx of cars parked around the show ring. On the large open field the sun shines down relentlessly. The sisters' mother has changed the hot closed car, in which she came, for our more airy and roomy station wagon, and sent William home.

The matter of the pets is now settled. Jackie and Lyndal dart off and return with a wire-covered box containing two guinea pigs; and Cadzie, after much deliberation, adds a large, lively gray rabbit to our impedimenta. The youngest, happily, has not felt the need of another pet. Now we can give our attention to all our little friends showing their ponies in the ring.

It is a delightfully friendly show—a benefit, in fact, that almost everyone there has had some part in—and there is much visiting back and forth in the cars around the ring, much kindly comment on the performances on the ponies. The alligators sit in our car for a while with their new owners, and a particular friend grazes the wee goat, newly acquired, between our wheels.

When we are home again, supper time or no, the guinea pigs and the gray rabbit must be installed in the waiting rabbit mansion. We have not had time to feel its emptiness at all.

By turning in our two slightly worn white rabbits and adding the trifling sum of two dollars and thirty-five cents to a deserving cause, we have become newly and richly outfitted with someone else's pets. A pet clearing house for this district, and a very good idea it is. As for the four sisters, they have scarcely noticed it was a Pony Show.

A. W. P.

Shadow of the Mayas

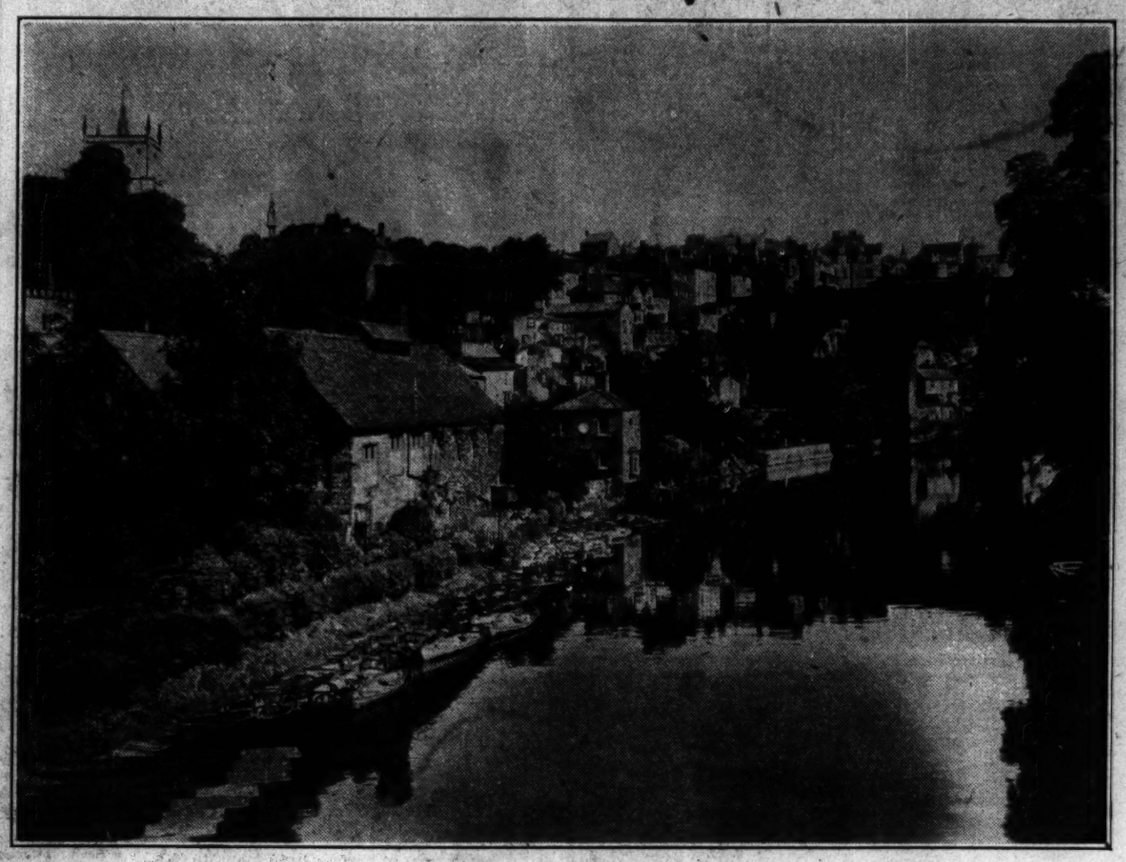
Moon-drenched figures, in snowy garb, walk the white, white road to Totuta between rows of white-trunk palms. The slight breeze slides over the hot limestone, which crops out in gray masses from the thin soil of the Yucatán peninsula. . . . It rustles the sail-like banana leaves and the tall crests of the cocoanuts leaning against the moon-plated sky. Through the corn milpas it passes, whispering legends of this land of the pheasant and the deer. We heed its mystery as we walk the white palm road to Totuta. A little rise, and beyond is the limitless jungle sea of silver. . . .

Morning breaks glaring hot. And the people, all in spotless white, melt into wall and shadow unobtrusively, quietly. Their speech, too, melts—soft Chinese-sounding Maya. But they walk erect, proud. The hair of the women is sleeked back from slanting curved foreheads, massed in divided rolls at the back of the neck, just as it appears on the ancient Maya stone carvings. . . .

I seek shade by massive scalloped walls, painted and repainted a dozen delicate tints, now peeling so that all colors are inextricably blended like a series of phantom rainbows, a palimpsest of fairy azures and amethysts and pinks. Over these walls are draped the flaming orange-red blossoms of leafless *flamboyón* trees. I come to the vast deserted castle, built centuries ago by the Spaniards to save the pride of the last of the great Maya chiefs, a price for rendition. Now a huge *zopilote* crouches, with black outstretched wings and raw-red head, upon the cupola above the crumbling façade.

The market. Clean white-washed walls rise above a floor, made of a native cement, laboriously ground by hand, a floor identical with those that once graced the great ancient stone temples of Uxmal and Chichén Itzá, when we Anglo-Saxons were still living in miserable huts. Potatoes for sale, each carefully washed, lie in neat piles on clean white canvas.

Such is a picture of the Maya peoples of southeast Mexico—Yucatán, Tabasco, Quintana Roo Campeche. And on beyond are their brethren, the Quichés and Lacandóns, a tide of busy brown people overflowing the highlands of Guatemala and the Petén and Alta Vera Paz.—CARLETON BEALS, in "Mexican Maze." (Philadelphia: Lippincott.)



THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR—© J. Dixon-Scott, London

The Town of Knaresborough, Yorkshire, England, From the Bridge

Problems

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

PROBLEMS have no place in God's perfect, spiritual creation, and likewise have no place in the real man's consciousness; for God's work is done, and there is nothing to be worked out in the realm of reality, where God's image lives, moves, and has his being.

It is only in what is termed human experience that problems appear, and it is in the so-called human existence that we are to work out our salvation; hence the seeming appearance of problems as we awake from a material sense of existence to the spiritual.

On page 66 of "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" Mrs. Eddy has written, "Trials are proofs of God's care," and earnest students of Christian Science are daily proving the truth of this statement. God is infinite Mind, and His creation is wholly spiritual and perfect. We know, therefore, that He does not send trials or problems; and because He is omnipresent, always guiding His ideas, we can rely on Him at all times to show us how to reflect our God-given dominion.

But what of our attitude toward problems? Our attitude toward them has much to do with our progress Spiritward. Do we not sometimes wonder why we have so much to meet? And do we not often find ourselves working and praying with the object of merely ridding ourselves of an unfavorable condition or circumstance? In that case we are accepting the problem as a stumblingblock, when it should be seen as a steppingstone to progress.

The better way is to begin with confidence and courage to know that God is All-power, and that we reflect the intelligence and understanding with which to realize harmony and perfection under all seemingly untoward conditions. Let us take for illustration the attitude of the student toward a mathematical problem. Does he complain of the work he is called upon to do? No! He begins with assurance to apply the rules of mathematics, knowing that these never vary, and that the results are sure when the rules are rightly applied.

The problems that come to the student of Christian Science are no less mental than are those that come to the student of mathematics. Even though they may be termed human conditions, we live in a mental realm and are dealing primarily with thoughts. And as human conditions are essentially the result of human thinking, the remedy lies in spiritualizing thought, and in this way eliminating the false concepts that produce apparent discord.

It is well to remember that problems are passing, but that the understanding gained through solving them is eternal. As Paul says, we should "glory in tribulations also: knowing that tribulation worketh patience." Whatever the nature of the problem, one's effort should be to rise above it to a better understanding of God and to glorify Him.

The foregoing is not an argument in favor of the necessity of having problems, for, as has been stated before, problems are no part of God's creation, and Mrs. Eddy tells us on page 224 of Science and Health that "there should be painless progress, attended by life and peace;" but, if we are tested, let us not allow discouragement or resentment even a temporary place in our consciousness. Let us, rather, look for the blessing that will surely be revealed as we are faithful to what we know of the truth of being. This attitude results in greater spiritual growth and the harmonious solution of wrong conditions seeming to confront us. Discordant problems should grow beautifully less in our experience as our understanding of divine realities increases, for Christian Science is preventive as well as curative.

A student of Christian Science, employed as a traveling salesman, was sent to new territory in a strange city. Through some misdirection he found himself in a district not on his list. On inquiring he was told he could not reach his destination until too late to see the customers listed. He had done earnest mental work that morning regarding divine guidance, so he realized that there was a blessing to be gained from the experience and that holding the right mental attitude would reveal it. Discouragement and resentment were given no consideration whatever, and the student decided to use the intervening time walking through the district, all the time keeping gratitude uppermost in his thought. As he did so he found many business houses needing and wanting what he had to sell, and the afternoon's work netted unusually large returns. Although this territory had been entirely overlooked by the sales manager, it continued to be very productive of business.

As we joyfully take up our tasks and see the glorious results of true thinking, we are indeed humbly grateful for the priceless gift of Christian Science, and for Mary Baker Eddy, its Discoverer and Founder, whose thought was pure enough to hear the inspired Word, and unselfish enough to give her understanding to a waiting world struggling with unsolved problems.

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into French]

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A Winter Sunset

There seems no wind in all the land.
Austere against the fading light
I see a lonely cypress stand,
As carved from steel and malachite.

Beyond, a single sea-bird flies
To gain its far and craggy home
Below the lemon-colored skies—
An ocean-islet ringed with foam.

In all the land there seems no stir
Save that of pinions westward flown.
Glad weather, fellow traveler!
Tonight I also fare alone.

—GRACE STRATTON, in "The Breakers and Other Poems." (San Francisco: Robertson.)

Bagpipe Music

Many people say that they love the bagpipe, and then add hastily—"At a distance." To the true Gael the sound of the pipes is a voice putting to music the poetry in his heart. To him it speaks of history, of the love of country, or the sweetness of associations, both of town and hillside, called up by old tunes he has known since childhood.

Who that has heard the pipes skirling from Edinburgh Castle on a misty morning, coming ever nearer as the "Kilties" swing down the High Street, can ever forget the thrill evoked thereby—a thrill intensified as the men march into view headed by a tall pipe major, twirling his staff with all the ceremony due to the occasion. Kilts swinging, ribbons flying, and feet tramping in unison over the cobbles of the ancient "Royal Mile" to the rhythm of marching music—these, and the color and glamour of the spectacle combine to make a picture that lingers forever in memory.

At the Highland Games, held each year in many parts of Scotland, the most skillful piping is to be heard. The massed pipe music in itself is something to stir imagination. Among the Braes of Mar, upon the Cowal Hills, wherever the games may be held, the old tunes reawaken, and the neigboring bens seem to rouse themselves to listen. Or, again, floating on the waters of some lonely loch on the West Coast, hearing from the distant shore the sound of pipe music rising and falling, blending with the cry of seagulls, the whistle of the wind, and the lapping of waves upon the rocks, is to realize the sweetness of piobearochd (pipe music) heard in its natural setting.

A few extracts from a book, "The Bag-Pipes," by Dr. A. D. Fraser, illustrate the enlivening effect of pipe music. He is describing a visit paid to an old woman in her cottage in the West Highlands. He was carrying his own set of pipes at the time, and observed that the old body looked at them with interest.

"'You like the pipes?' I said. 'Oh, that I do,' she answered in Gaelic. 'Would you dance if I piped to you?' I then asked. She peered at me slowly out of half-closed eyes as if not comprehending my meaning—as if trying to read my thoughts, half-afraid that I must be laughing at her. But when I quietly repeated the challenge, it touched my heart to see . . . the blush of pleasure struggle through the tan on those thin cheeks. She looked down at her feet. . . . The heavy clay-covered boots were sizes too large, and there was not a vestige of a lace in either of them, so that the hard, fire-baked tongues curled down in front.

"But under the influence of the music a perceptible change was quickly brought about and she became transformed. . . . The frail-looking body keeping time to the music swayed gently to and fro; the clumsily shod feet began to move about—at first with a dreamy uncertain sort of up-and-down motion, more like a woman walking cloth or trampling clothes, then with more and more confidence as memory wakened up under the spell of that king of strathspeys, 'Tullochgurm,' until at length we saw evolved, as out of chaos, some beautiful Old World steps smooth and graceful in movement, and quite unknown to the modern lightning speed dancer. . . .

"I like to think of the old piper's daughter, not as we first saw her when she came winking and blinking to us out of the smoke; but as we left her on that day, standing upon the flat stone in front of the cottage, looking years younger and waving us a smiling farewell. I like to remember her as we saw her from the crest of the hill for the last time, bathed in the warm glow of the setting sun, with the light of the dance still in her eye, and a look of happy wonderment on her face."

Keats' Lucidity

But indeed nothing is more remarkable in Keats than his clear-sightedness, his lucidity; and lucidity is in itself akin to character and to high and severe work. . . . Even in his pursuit of "the pleasures of song," however, there is that stamp of high work which is akin to character, which is character passing into intellectual production. . . .

No one else in English poetry, save Shakespeare, has in expression quite the fascinating felicity of Keats, his perfection of loveliness. . . .

For the second great half of poetic interpretation, for that faculty of moral interpretation which is in Shakespeare, and is informed by him with the same power of beauty as his naturalistic interpretations, Keats was not ripe. For the architectonics of poetry, the faculty which presides at the evolution of works like the *Agamemnon* or *Lear*, he was not ripe. But in shorter things, where the matured power of moral interpretation, and the high architectonics which go with complete poetic development, are not required, he is perfect.—MATTHEW ARNOLD, in "Essays in Criticism."

Landscape

"Your doorway frames
A New England Corot
These autumn days!"
So
An artist exclaims;
And I go to the door

To see the opal-like blaze
Over the glade,
And, distantly, cattle that graze
Under a willow's silvery shade;
Corot, to be sure—
With the very identical haze!

LE BARON COOKE.

KNARESBOROUGH is a changeling among Yorkshire towns. It is like the youngest, merriest baby in a family where all the rest are staid. It has a midsummer gayety that is all its own. The red and white and gray houses cling to the cliff-side like a little town in Italy reaching down to cool itself in the green waters below. But there the likeness ends. The wide, grassy meadows and the great trees bowing themselves toward the calm river, the echoing church bell—these are altogether England. An artist, surely, must have placed that new bridge there in its tall and slender dignity, making an arch of beauty for the gray-walled castle and the myriad-hued houses. Perhaps they are all artists in Knaresborough; certainly they love their ancient town and see to it that it is kept safe from the hands of the waster and the destroyer. Even the necessary gasometer is painted gray and crenellated to seem like a portion of the Castle tower!

The grounds, so high above the river, have been made into a garden. You stand before the door, waiting to be let in. The guide has not yet come, but you are not neglected. A little woman, passing by, with true Yorkshire graciousness and good manners, entertains you. She is not too busy to show courtesy to a guest, and she is proud of Knaresborough. With earnestness she beseeches you on no account to miss the "Relics of William the Conqueror, Queen Philippa, and Eugene Aram." A medley of people and periods which provokes curiosity! The guide, when he arrives, is as enthusiastic as she; and, leading his visitors into the Castle, without an instant's pause bursts forth into its praises.

"Pass along now, please," says the guide, as you pause to admire Queen Philippa's dower chest, its iron rusted, but its leather as soft and supple as when it was new. "This," with a rap of the stick, "is William the Conqueror's money coffer. It has nine locks." Nine hundred years ago there were nine keys to the nine locks, and nine men who possessed them; and when our Conquerpr wished to take anything from out the box, he had to gather together the nine men into one place, whereupon the Great Unlocking began. You gaze at this historic thing with respect, but have no time to meditate thereon. For a rap of the stick ushers you through the dungeon door. Could it speak, it would give a shout of praise to the heroic memory of Oliver Cromwell. He battered the old door down that it might shut in prisoners never more. "He broke the door, he broke the windows and he broke the feudal system." It is like coming from night into day to emerge once more into the soft sunshine under the free blue sky.

How pleasant it is to sit under the Castle's shadow and look upon the river flowing far below. In those meadows Charles I paced up and down, thinking of his capitulation on the morrow. But it took a Cromwell to begin to set men free. Like a symbol of liberty is the Castle at Knaresborough, with its broken dungeon door.

Cove at High Water

Green is the cove, the fresh green shade
Of alders when the sun is clear;
And green the spruce-tree branches laid
Over the cove that lean and peer
On dark green pollock—fish that steer
In silent grace round jade-green ledges;
And golden green the cut-grass dear
To frightened minnows. Morning pledges
Of loyalty to this green spot,
Gay warblers pour in notes that rest
On me like gray-green moss inwrought
To ease this granite boulder's breast.
O emerald nook of coolness, hear
My thanks for this green atmosphere!

WILBERT SNOW.

The Nubian Nile

Those who do not go beyond Thebes are only half acquainted with the Nile. Above Esneh, it is no longer a broad, lazy current, watering endless fields of wheat and groves of palm, bounded in the distance by level lines of yellow mountain-walls. It is narrower, clearer and more rapid, and its valley, after the first scanty field of wheat or durra, strikes the foot of broken and rocky ranges, through the gaps in which the winds of the Desert have spilled its sands. There is not the same pale, beautiful monotony of color, but the landscapes are full of striking contrasts, and strongly accented lights and shadows. Here, in Nubia, these characteristics are increased, and the Nile becomes a river of the North under a Southern sun. The mountains rise on either hand from the water's edge; piles of dark sandstone or porphyry rock, sometimes a thousand feet in height, where a blade of grass never grew, every notch and jag on their crests, every fissure on their sides, revealed in an atmosphere so pure and crystalline, that nothing but one of our cloudless mid-winter days can equal it. Their hue near at hand is a glowing brown; in the distance an intense violet. On the western bank they are lower; and the sand of that vast Desert, which stretches unbroken to the Atlantic, has heaped itself over their shoulders and poured long drifts and rills even to the water. In color it is a tawny gold, almost approaching a salmon tint, and its glow at sunrise equals that of the snow-fields of the Alps.

The arable land is a mere hem, a few yards in breadth on either side of the river. It supports a few scattering date-palms, which are the principal dependence of the Nubians. . . . The banks are planted with wheat, beans and a species of lupin, from which bread is made, and wherever a little shelf of soil is found along the base of the mountains, the creaking sakias turn day and night to give life to patches of durra and cotton. In a rough shed, protected from the sun by palm-mats, a cow or buffalo walks a weary round, raising the water, which is conveyed in small channels, built of clay, to all the numerous beds into which the field is divided. These are filled, in regular succession to the depth of two inches, and then left to stand until dried by the sun. The process is continued until the grain is nearly ripe.—From "A Journey to Central Africa," by BAYARD TAYLOR. (New York: Putnam.)

Problèmes

Traduction de l'article anglais de Science Chrétienne paraissant sur cette même page

LES problèmes n'ont aucune place dans la création de Dieu, spirituelle et parfaite; ils n'en ont pas davantage dans la conscience de l'homme réel; car l'œuvre de Dieu est faite, et il n'y a rien à résoudre dans le royaume de la réalité, où l'image de Dieu a la vie, le mouvement et l'être.

C'est uniquement dans ce qu'on appelle la vie humaine que les problèmes se présentent, et dans cette prétendue existence humaine, nous devons travailler à notre salut; de là vient que nous paraissons rencontrer des problèmes lorsque nous commençons à nous éveiller et quittons le sens matériel pour parvenir au sens spirituel de l'existence.

A la page 66 de *Science et Santé avec la Clef des Ecritures (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures)*, Mrs. Eddy écrit: "Les épreuves prouvent la sollicitude de Dieu;" et ceux qui étudient sérieusement la Science Chrétienne démontrent chaque jour la vérité de cette assertion. Dieu est l'Entendement infini, et Sa création est parfaite, entièrement spirituelle. Par conséquent, nous savons qu'il n'envoie pas d'épreuves ou de problèmes; et parce qu'il est omniprésent et guide toujours Ses idées, nous pouvons compter sur Lui en tout temps pour nous apprendre à refléter la domination qu'Il nous a donnée.

Mais quelle est notre attitude à l'égard des problèmes? Car ceci influe beaucoup sur nos progrès spirituels. Ne nous étonnons-nous pas quelquefois de rencontrer tant d'obstacles? N'avons-nous pas souvent constaté que nous travaillions et prions uniquement pour nous débarrasser d'une condition ou d'une circonstance défavorables? Dans ce cas, nous faisons du problème une pierre d'achoppement, tandis que nous devrions y voir un marchepied sur la voie du progrès.

Ce qui vaut le mieux, c'est de commencer par savoir avec confiance et courage que Dieu est la Toute-puissance; que nous reflétons l'intelligence et la compréhension grâce auxquelles nous pouvons réaliser l'harmonie et la perfection, même dans les circonstances qui paraissent les plus difficiles. Pour illustrer ceci, pensons à l'attitude de l'étudiant qui doit résoudre un problème d'algèbre. Se plaint-il du travail qu'il est appelé à faire? Non! Il entreprend avec assurance d'appliquer les règles mathématiques, sachant qu'elles ne varient jamais et que leur application correcte produit des résultats certains.

Les problèmes que rencontre celui qui étude la Science Chrétienne sont de nature mentale, comme le sont aussi ceux de l'étudiant en mathématiques. Bien qu'il s'agisse de ce qu'on appelle des conditions humaines, nous vivons dans un royaume mental et nous avons affaire en premier lieu à des pensées. Or comme les conditions humaines résultent essentiellement du penser humain, le remède consiste à spiritualiser la pensée et à éliminer ainsi les faux concepts qui produisent l'erreur apparente.

Il est bon de se rappeler que les problèmes passent, tandis que la compréhension acquise en les résolvant est éternelle. Comme le dit Paul, nous devrions nous glorifier "même dans les afflictions, sachant que l'affliction produit la patience." Quelle que soit la nature du problème, nous devrions faire des efforts pour monter plus haut, pour mieux comprendre Dieu et Le glorifier.

Ce qui précède n'est pas une thèse en faveur des problèmes ou de leur nécessité; car, répétons-le, les problèmes ne font nullement partie de la création divine; et Mrs. Eddy nous explique à la page 224 de *Science et Santé* que "les progrès devraient se faire sans qu'on ait à souffrir, et devraient s'accompagner de vie et de paix;" mais si nous sommes mis à l'épreuve, ne permettons pas au découragement ou au ressentiment d'occuper une place dans notre conscience, ne fût-ce que pour un temps. Cherchons plutôt la bénédiction qui sera certainement révélée si nous sommes fidèles à ce que nous connaissons de la vérité de l'être. Cette attitude aura pour fruit une plus grande croissance spirituelle et la solution harmonieuse des fausses conditions qui semblaient se dresser devant nous. Les problèmes pénibles devraient se présenter de moins en moins à mesure qu'augmente notre compréhension des réalités divines, car la Science Chrétienne non seulement guérit, mais prévient le mal.

Un voyageur de commerce étudiant la Science Chrétienne fut envoyé en tournée dans une grande ville qu'il ne connaissait pas. Par suite d'une fausse indication, il se trouva dans un quartier qui n'était pas sur sa liste. Informations prises, il vit qu'il ne pourrait atteindre sa destination assez tôt pour voir les clients inscrits. Ayant fait le matin même un travail mental sincère pour se laisser guider par Dieu, il comprit que cette circonstance tenait en réserve une bénédiction qui se révélerait s'il persistait dans une attitude mentale correcte. Le découragement et le ressentiment ne furent point acceptés, et le Scientiste décida d'employer le temps qui lui restait à parcourir le quartier où il se trouvait, donnant toujours à la reconnaissance la première place dans sa pensée. Ce faisant, il constata que bien des maisons de commerce avaient besoin de ce qu'il offrait, et son travail de l'après-midi produisit des gains exceptionnels. Ce quartier auquel le chef des ventes n'avait pas songé continua d'être une excellente source d'affaires.

Lorsque nous entreprenons nos tâches avec joie et que nous voyons les glorieux résultats de la pensée juste, nous apprécions vraiment en toute humilité l'inestimable don de la Science Chrétienne; nous sommes reconnaissants de ce que Mary Baker Eddy, Découvreuse et Fondatrice de cette Science, ait eu la pensée assez pure pour entendre la Parole inspirée, —assez désintéressée pour donner sa compréhension au monde qui l'attendait, au monde qui luttait sans parvenir à résoudre ses problèmes.

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Miami to Hold 'Florida Week' As State Boost

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MIAMI, Fla.—To make Florida the winter capital of the nation is the purpose of the comprehensive plan laid out by Mr. Henry L. Doherty, president of the Florida Year-Round Clubs.

Designating the opening week at the Miami Biltmore Hotel beginning Nov. 23 as Florida Week, Mr. Doherty has followed up his survey of the State and his discussions with many of the State's leaders by telegraphing invitations to Gov. Doyle E. Carlton, members of his cabinet; Gov.-Elect David Sholtz, 150 mayors of Florida cities, members of the Legislature, publishers and editors of leading Florida newspapers and a number of prominent citizens to be his guests for that week at the Miami Biltmore Hotel, a unit of the Year-Round Clubs.

It is Mr. Doherty's intention to hold a series of informal discussions with these leaders with a view to carrying out his purpose of exerting every effort to lengthen Florida's winter season.

Despite the many and widespread interests which demand his daily attention, Mr. Doherty has endeavored consistently to give the greater part of his time and personal attention to Miami and its problems. What probably will occupy a major place on the schedule during "Florida Week" will be new ways and means of developing and promoting the nation-wide interest in Miami and Florida as a tourist haven which Mr. Doherty feels is of paramount necessity.

Chile Takes Steps To Organize Its Fishing Industry

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SANTIAGO, Chile—Organization of the national fishing industry in Chile has taken definite shape with a government allotment of 7,000,000 pesos (slightly more than $400,000) for the purpose. The program includes the acquisition of new material and the redistribution of fisherfolk throughout the country.

The Government announced that it had intrusted the organization scheme to Dr. Hans Lengerich, a German fisheries expert. For many years it had been generally considered that the fishing problem in Chile was one of production—that there was not enough fish. Dr. Lengerich, in a preliminary report following a national survey, found the problem to be one of conservation and distribution.

In connection with the conservation work carried out by the Government, Señor Pedro Golusda recently returned from Magallanes where he distributed 500,000 salmon in the following rivers: Las Minas, Chabunco, Agua Fresca, San Gregorio, Santa Maria, Rio Pescado and San Juan.

It is the Chilean Government's intention not only to establish a "zone of attraction" in Patagonia, but also lay the foundation of a large salmon industry. If it succeeds it may well be that within a few years the two extremities of the American continent, Alaska and Patagonia, will be found in competition in the world's salmon markets.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

M. Rhoda Goodwin, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. M. G. Clark, Burlington, Vt.
Miss Alice C. Sellars, Attleboro, Mass.
Mrs. Jennie L. Jessen, Attleboro, Mass.
A. Ramsay Gifford, Lowell, Mass.
Tom McKelvie, Vancouver, B. C., Can.
Alice M. Bassett, Alexandria, Minn.
Carl Ted Norris, Augusta, Ga.
Mrs. Alice A. Yolaw, Saugus, Mass.
Mrs. Amelia T. Gaffey, Randolph, Mass.
Mrs. Christina J. Loud, Randolph, Mass.

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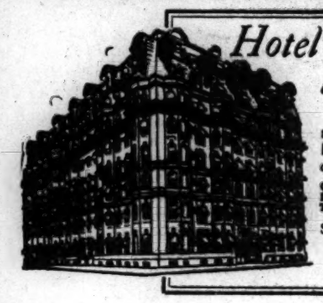

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For full information, booklets or reservations write to Hotel George Washington, Jacksonville, Florida

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Prices in tune with the times

But the delightful Florida sunshine is still on the gold standard. All sports under ideal conditions — deep-sea fishing, surf bathing, golf, polo, tennis — anything you wish. Come by train, plane, steamer or automobile. We are equally accessible by all.

For full information on rates, reservations, etc., write or wire to Miami Beach Chamber of Commerce, Miami Beach, Florida

MIAMI BEACH

RONEY PLAZA hotel
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N. B. T. Roney, President — Edward B. Jouffret, Managing Director

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WEST PALM BEACH
AN UP-TO-DATE HOTEL
WITH REASONABLE TARIFF
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The SPRING LAKE Hotel
WINTER HAVEN, FLA.
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$5 to $8 per day American Plan
WINTER HAVEN — LOCATED MIDST CENTRAL FLORIDA'S LOVELY LAKES AND HILLS. SOK TOWER NEAR.

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THE MOST AMAZING WINTER VACATION EVER CONCEIVED

There's a new KIND of vacation in store for you this year . . . the most amazing vacation ever conceived . . . at costs so reasonable that they establish an entirely new standard of vacation value! You'll find it at the Miami Biltmore . . . now and from now on, in sports and recreation . . . socially and geographically . . . CENTER OF THE WINTERTIME WORLD. Geographically the center because the Biltmore's luxurious and unique new plan of free guest transportation by aerocar and cabin autogyro, in constant transit to the beaches, the races, the fishing grounds, theatres and shops and all the activities not centered in the Biltmore grounds, brings it nearer to everything than any other hotel, avoiding enough on taxi fare alone to save the active vacationist the greater part of his hotel bill. A major golf event at the Miami Biltmore Country Club every week, beginning with golf's richest tournament, the $10,000 Miami Biltmore Open . . . Sarazen, Costello, Brady and Everhardt as the club's own pros . . seventeen spectacular water carnivals in the famous Biltmore pools with the National Olympic Stars' Aquatic Meet as the climax . . . an elaborate equestrian program . . . the Biltmore stables, equipped with horses for every type of rider . . . and facilities for keeping, without extra costs, the guests' private mounts . . . 35 miles of bridle paths, jumps and obstacles . . . hunt breakfasts, treasure hunts and the National society horse show . . . tennis tournaments on the Biltmore's own clay courts under the direction of J. B. Maguire, formerly tennis instructor at Vassar . . . finals, in the Biltmore lobby, of the greatest bridge event of the year, with preliminaries in eleven important cities under Shepard Barclay, internationally famous bridge authority . . . the Club Invitation Backgammon Contest with preliminaries on the Biltmore Special train enroute from New York . . . the national Anglers' Championship Tournament and the annual chowder party as two highlights of a long series of anglers' activities . . . the best orchestras and finest Broadway entertainment in the Biltmore's brilliant dining-room . . . tea dances in the patios. All of these . . . and numerous other events provide a constant round of entertainment so carefully and elaborately planned that no matter what your chief interest may be you'll come to the Biltmore to find it at its BEST. Add to this the fact that nowhere in any resort is there a finer hotel property, from the standpoint of architecture, furnishings, service or cuisine. Add the fact that you NEED the diversion, recreation and recuperation this DIFFERENT vacation places easily within your present ideas of economy . . . and you'll make reservations NOW, for your share of the thousand and one pleasures arranged for you in the CENTER OF THE WINTERTIME WORLD.

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San Sebastian Hotel
Coral Gables, Florida
Apartments $40 to $100 per month
Rooms: Single, $2 to $4 per day
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MIAMI, FLORIDA
72 Beautiful Apartments—Fireproof with all modern conveniences
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165 ROOMS 165 BATHS
Robert Clay Hotel
In Historic Ft. Dallas Park, Miami
Downtown—Modern Comforts—Steam Heat—Low Seasonal Rates.
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MIAMI, FLA.
SAYWARD GALBRAITH, Manager
A modern, quiet family hotel overlooking Biscayne Bay. Two blocks from center of theatre and shopping district. Moderate rates.

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Winter Park, Florida
"The Beauty Spot of the South"
Weekly Rates, $35 to $56 per person
American Plan—Steam Heat
Sprinkler System—Elevator
Table and Service Unsurpassed
Putting Green on Hotel Grounds
Excellent Golf—Fishing—Boating
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Summer: Ocean House, Watch Hill, R. I.

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Miami

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On Biscayne Bay
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Sixteen floors of luxurious comfort where modern appointments and thoughtful service contribute a more ample measure of happiness to smart living. Convenient to every important attraction in the greater Miami area. » » » » » »

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Dining salon de luxe. Rendesvous of the smart cosmopolitan group. Overlooking Biscayne Bay, Bayfront Park and the Atlantic Ocean.

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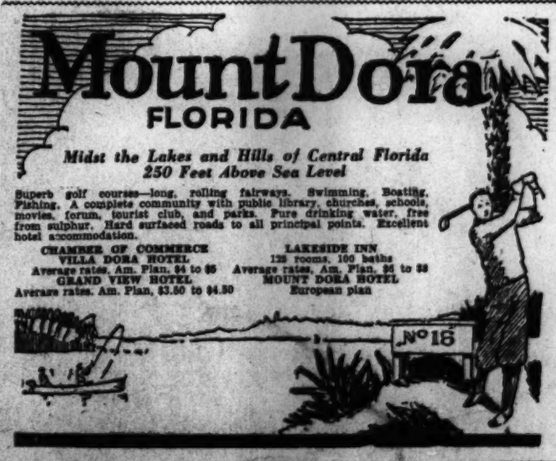
Midst the Lakes and Hills of Central Florida
250 Feet Above Sea Level



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Average rates, Am. Plan, $4 to $5
GRAND VIEW HOTEL
Average rates, Am. Plan, $3.50 to $4.50
LAKESIDE INN
125 rooms. 100 baths
Average rates, Am. Plan, $4 to $8
MOUNT DORA HOTEL
European plan

Eau Gallie

More to Enjoy--Less to Pay Than Staying at Home
Atmosphere, service and cuisine appeal to those accustomed to fine modes of living . . . yet the rates are so moderate that you can probably save money by coming for the winter.
Situated on the beautiful Indian River, this hotel affords all the advantages of a Florida vacation, including golf, fishing, boating and ocean bathing. Write for booklet.
American Plan $5.00 per day and up
The Oleanders
Eau Gallie, Florida
Kenneth and Jean Arnold, Managers

Your Winter Holiday

What joys await travelers in the favored southern lands where the sun shines with midsummer warmth! They have their choice of swimming, sun-bathing, golf, tennis, riding, sailing and quiet interludes of rest.

If you are planning such a vacation, you may wisely consult the advertisements of hotels, resorts, travel agencies, railroad and steamship lines in The Christian Science Monitor. You can confidently rely on them to direct you to desirable hotels and the best routes of travel.

Each issue of the Monitor during the next few weeks will contain advertisements of interest to the southbound travelers. A special group of hotel, travel and resort advertisements is published on Tuesdays and Fridays.

STOCKS MAKE ANOTHER GOOD UPWARD MOVE

Late Short Covering Helps to Send Many Leaders to Higher Level

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (AP)—A late flurry of short covering gave stocks a lift today, putting many leaders up a point or two net.

Trading was fairly active on the rally, and transactions approximated 900,000 shares. Union Pacific, American Can and du Pont rose a couple of points, while United Aircraft, International Harvester, Case, American Telephone, North American and Santa Fe firmed one or more.

Allied Chemical was up 3.

McKeesport Tinplate was a firm spot. Some of the gold mining issues encountered profit-taking, McIntyre Porcupine losing about a point.

In the oils, Standard of New Jersey and Texas Corporation were higher temporarily.

The November railway earnings statements will soon be appearing, and Wall Street estimates indicate that some recession from October will be shown, but that the comparison with last year will be about as favorable as the October showing. The hearings of the Coolidge Transportation Committee, however, brought from a representative of the equipment makers today the opinion that maintenance costs had been pared down to a level lower than that at which they can continue for any length of time.

No Important Selling

Such optimism as has developed in brokerage quarters appeared to be based largely on the absence of important selling in the market of late, and the market record of past years showing that a rally lasting several weeks has usually started in December.

Some tax selling has been appearing in the market of late, although the new tax law has tended to restrict somewhat the selling from that source. There is said to have been some switching by long-term investors, to establish losses on securities held more than two years.

The copper shares again reflected the apparent deadlock at the international producers' conference, which has been trying to bring about further cuts in output. Prices even lower than the present 5-cents-a-pound were predicted in some quarters.

Oils, on the other hand, have attracted some buying, prompted by the action of the Texas Railroad Commission in ordering a sharp reduction in allowable output.

Despite the situation of the railroads, brokers report some investment buying of shares of a few of the strongest roads. Chemicals have also been attracting some attention.

Bond Market Firm

A steady to firm tone gave the bond market a rather cheerful appearance today, although there were few outbursts of speculative or investment activity and prices generally were content to follow a narrow range.

The flurry in United States Treasury issues apparently had abated. While fractional gains were recorded by the 3s and 3⅛s, the turnover in these issues was small compared with that of yesterday. The heavy trading of the previous session was attributed partly to optimism regarding the Treasury's December financing terms and to the theory that the low coupon bonds might be used by Great Britain settling her war debt payment this month.

Among rail liens that improved moderately were some of Canadian Pacific, Chesapeake & Ohio, St. Paul, Great Northern, Missouri Pacific, Nickel Plate, Northern Pacific, Pennsylvania and Frisco.

Uncertainties connected with the Spanish subsidiary of International Telephone depressed the latter's loans. The company's 4½s were off more than 2 points at one time. American Telephones, however, steadied, as did Western Unions. Dodge Brothers 6s and Texas Corporation 5s advanced, but American Smelting 5s were weak.

French Government 7½s again attained a new 1932 top at 126, and small gains were registered by loans of Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Norway and Germany. British 5½s were a trifle heavy, as were Australian 5s.

BOSTON STOCKS

Closing Prices

Sales		High	Low	Last Dec. 9	Dec. 8
10	Allied Kid	68	68	68	..
10	Am & Cont	5	5	5	..
804	Am T&T	108½	105⅝	108½	106¾
300	Amoskeag	2¾	2	2	3¼
4000	Andes Pet	.09	.06	.09	.09
70	Bos El	68	67	68	68½
40	Bos & Alb	93½	93	93	93½
75	B&M A sta	10	10	10	..
15	B&M pr pf	20	20	20	20
50	Bos Prop	8	7½	8	7⅞
50	Brown pf	3	3	3	..
40	Cal & Hec	2¾	2¾	2¾	..
46	Chic Junct pf	80	80	80	..
20	E G&Fuel	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	..
97	E G&F pf	55	54	55	53⅝
40	E G&F prpf	66½	66½	66½	..
40	Edison Elec	180	180	180	182
200	Em Asso	5	5	5	..
102	First Nat S	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝
51	Gen Capital	14¼	13½	13½	..
46	Gen Elec Sp	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
10	Int Button	8½	8½	8½	..
50	Isle Royale	.75	.75	.75	..
6	Loews' Thea	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
5	Mohawk	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
65	*NE Tel	94½	93½	94½	95½
100	Pac Mills	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7¼
35	Pocahontas	10	8⅛	10	..
50	Quincy Min	.87½	.87½	.87½	.87½
167	Rwy & Lt Sec	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	..
215	Shawmut	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
62	Stone Web	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	7⅞
20	Sull Mach	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	..
10	Swift & Co	7⅝	7¼	7¼	7⅝
165	Torrington	32	31	31	32
37	Uni Found	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
191	Uni Shoe	34	32½	34	32⅞
17	Uni Shoe pf	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	..
5	US&El Pow	.75	.75	.75	.75
100	Util Hyd	.26	.26	.26	..
100	Venez M	.87½	.87½	.87½	..
60	Walth'm ppf	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	..

*Ex-dividend.

COTTON MARKET STEADY

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (AP)—Cotton was steady today. Offerings continued light, with nothing to indicate any easing of spot holdings in the South, and prices advanced on covering and trade buying. March contracts, which had sold off to 5.53 on the break of yesterday, advanced to 5.84, with the mid-afternoon market ruling about 14 to 15 points net higher on the active months.

LONDON WOOL SALES

LONDON, Dec. 9 (AP) There were 5246 bales of wool offered at the auction today of which 4458 were sold. The small supply met with animated competition at firm rates. Withdrawals were smaller and chiefly among scoured lambs and greasy crossbreds owing to firm limits.

FRIDAY'S NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Closing Prices

1932 Range High	1932 Range Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Dec. 9	Last Dec. 8
			—A—					
8⅞	1½	..	Adams Express	1400	5⅝	5½	5⅝	5½
14	8½	..	Addressagraph	100	10	10	10	..
10⅝	4⅛	1.60	Affiliated Prod	1200	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	..
62½	30⅞	3	Air Reduction	2700	58	56	57¾	56¼
16⅝	7⅜	.50	Alaska-Juneau	3100	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
3⅝	⅜	..	Alleghany Corp	2100	1½	1½	1½	1½
8¼	¾	..	Allegh pf ww xxx	10	2½	2½	2½	2½
8	¾	..	Alleghany pf xw	100	2½	2½	2½	2½
88¾	42½	6	Allied Chem	9100	81¼	77⅞	81⅛	77⅞
15⅝	4	..	Allis Chalmers	300	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	..
10	5	..	Amal Leather pf	100	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
22⅞	12	2	Amerada	300	20⅞	20	20	..
15⅛	3⅛	..	Am Ag Ch Del	400	8⅛	8	8⅛	..
22½	5	..	Am Bank Note	400	12⅛	11⅛	12⅛	..
17⅝	6½	.60	Am Brake S&F	400	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	..
73¾	29⅞	4¶	Am Can	15100	55⅞	53⅞	55⅛	53⅛
17	3⅛	..	Am Car & Fdry	700	7	6⅞	6⅞	7⅞
50	16	7	Am Car & F pf	100	18	18	18	17⅞
27	11	..	Am Com Alcohol	1100	21	20¼	21	20⅞
5	1	..	Am Encaustic T	300	1	1	1	..
15	2	..	Am & For Pow	4100	8	7	8	7⅜
33	3¾	..	Am & For Pow	100	10	10	10	..
38⅛	5	..	Am & For Pow 7	1100	12	10¾	12	..
21⅞	2⅞	..	Am & For Pw 2pf	400	9	8	9	8
6⅛	3	1	Am Hawaiian	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	..
27	4¾	..	Am Hide & L pf	100	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛
21⅝	5⅛	1	Am Ice	1200	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
12	2⅛	..	Am International	2100	7⅞	7⅛	7⅞	7⅛
9¼	1½	..	Am Metal	300	4	4	4	..
33	14	1½	Am News	10	21½	21½	21½	21½
17¼	3	..	Am Power & Lt	2400	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	8
58	15¼	6	Am P&L 6% pf	1300	26	25⅛	25¾	25
49¾	10	5	Am P&L pf A	100	21	21	21	21
12⅛	3⅛	..	Am Radiator	3100	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
18⅞	3	..	Am Rolling Mill	2200	9¼	8⅞	8⅞	9
27¼	5⅛	..	Am Smelt & Ref	2700	13⅛	12⅝	13⅛	13⅛
55	15	..	Am Smelt&R 2pf	100	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	..
85	22	..	Am Smelt & Rpf	400	43	43	43	43
15⅛	3	..	Am Steel Fdries	100	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
36⅞	20	2½¶	Am Stores	100	30½	30½	30½	30⅞
39½	13	2	Am Sugar Ref	400	23⅛	22⅛	23⅛	..
137⅜	70¼	9	Am Tel & Tel	17500	108⅝	105¾	108¼	106⅞
70	10½	..	Am Type F pf	10	14	14	14	15⅞
34½	11	7	Am Wat W&E	2400	17⅞	16⅞	17⅞	16½
31	11	2	Am WW&E ct	100	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	..
10	1⅜	..	Am Woolen	100	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	..
39⅞	15½	..	Am Woolen pf	400	23	22½	23	23
2¼	¼	..	Am Writ Pap ct	400	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
19⅞	3	..	Anaconda Cop	4100	8	7½	8	8
17½	5¼	.60	Ancor Cap	400	11½	11⅛	11½	11
2¾	⅝	..	Armour Ill A	1500	1½	1⅛	1⅜	1⅜
15⅞	3½	..	Armour Ill pf	100	6½	6½	6½	6⅝
3⅝	1	..	Arnold Constable	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..
11	3	..	Asso Apparel Ind	100	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
42	21½	..	Asso Dry G 1pf	400	21	20¾	21	..
16½	6½	1	Asso Oil	10	15	15	15	..
94	17⅞	..	Atchison T&SF	11100	42⅞	40¾	42⅞	41¼
86	35	5	Atchison pf	1100	58	57	58	58
44	9⅞	..	Atl Coast Line	1100	20½	20	20½	..
21⅞	8⅛	1	Atl Refining	1100	17	16½	17	16½
151¾	28¾	4‡	Auburn Auto	6100	47⅞	45½	47	45½
7⅞	1½	..	Aviation Corp Del	3200	6⅛	6	6⅛	6⅛
			—B—					
99	62	6½	Bamberger pf	100	78½	77	78½	..
12	2	..	Baldwin Loco	1200	6½	6	6½	6⅝
35	8	..	Baldwin Loco pf	20	16	16	16	15½
21⅜	3¾	..	Balt & Ohio	3500	10⅛	9¼	10⅛	9⅝
41½	6	..	Balt & Ohio pf	1200	11½	10½	11½	11
35⅝	4½	2	Bangor & Aroos	100	22¼	22¼	22¼	..
7	3⅜	..	Barnsdall A	1100	4¼	4⅛	4¼	4¼
43½	10½	..	Beatrice Cream	100	11½	11½	11½	..
24⅞	5¾	..	Best & Co	400	12	11⅝	12	11¼
29⅝	7¼	..	Bethlehem Steel	3100	15⅞	15	15¾	15⅜
74	6¼	..	Beth Steel pf	1100	30½	29	30½	30⅜
15½	4⅛	..	Bigelow Sanford	100	8½	8½	8½	..
27¼	4⅞	..	Bohn Alum & Br	1100	14	13¾	13⅞	14
43⅛	20	2	Borden	7100	24⅞	24	24⅞	24⅞
14¼	3⅜	..	Borg Warner	2400	8¾	8⅛	8¾	8⅝
11¾	2⅞	..	Briggs Mfg	400	4⅞	4⅜	4⅞	4⅞
50¼	11⅛	..	Brooklyn Man T	6700	24¼	22	23⅞	22
78⅜	31½	6	Brooklyn M T pf	1100	65	62¼	65	63
89½	46	5	Brooklyn Un Gas	100	79	79	79	..
7¼	1½	..	Bucyrus Erie	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	3⅛
4½	⅝	..	Budd Wheel	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1⅝	⅛	..	Burns Bros A cts	200	¼	¼	¼	⅛
6	1	..	Burns Bros pf	50	2½	2	2	..
13¼	6¼	.40	Burroughs Add	100	8	8	8	7⅜
85	12¼	7	Bush T Bldgs pf	10	28	28	28	..
1⅞	½	..	Butte & Superior	100	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5⅞	1⅜	..	Butterick	100	2	2	2	..
24⅝	7	..	Byers	3100	13¾	12¾	13¾	13
			—C—					
19	1¼	..	Calif Packing	200	9½	9½	9½	9¼
15	6	1.20	Canada Dry	200	10⅛	10¾	10⅛	9⅞
20⅝	7¼	..	Canadian Pacific	2300	13	12⅝	13	12⅝
65⅜	11¾	..	Case Thresh	17000	44½	41	43⅞	41⅞
15	4⅜	.50	Caterpillar Trac	200	7	7	7	7
12⅝	1¼	..	Celanese Corp	200	9	8⅞	9	..
7½	1⅜	..	Celotex Co pf	310	2	2	2	..
20½	7⅜	1½	Central Aguirre	200	15½	15½	15½	..
15½	3½	..	Cerro de Pasco	500	7	6½	7	6¾
3⅜	1	..	Certain-Teed	200	1½	1½	1⅛	1½
18⅞	7	..	Certain-Teed pf	200	6	6	6	7
30⅛	16½	..	Checker Cab Mfg	800	20	18½	19½	20
20⅜	4⅞	2	Chesapeake Corp	700	15	14⅜	15	15
31½	9¾	2½	Ches & Ohio	6000	25½	24⅝	25⅜	25⅛
15½	2½	..	Chi & Gt W pf	200	8	8	8	..
4½	⅜	..	Chi Mil & St P	200	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
8	1⅛	..	Chi Mil & St P pf	200	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝
14½	2	..	Chi & N'western	800	4¾	4⅜	4¾	4⅝
31	5	..	Chi & N'west pf	200	7¼	7¼	7¼	7½
6¾	1	..	Chi Pneu Tool	300	3⅛	3	3	..
16⅞	1½	..	Chi Rock Isl & P	500	4½	4⅛	4½	4
24½	2	..	Chi RI&P 6%	200	5	5	5	..
27½	4¼	..	Chi RI&P 7%	200	6½	6½	6½	7
21¾	5	1	Chryler	40000	17⅛	16¼	17	16⅛
28½	11	2	City Ice & Fuel	200	11½	11½	11½	11
68	43¾	6½	City Ice & F pf	10	45	45	45	45
2⅛	¼	..	City Stores	200	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
31½	11	1	Colgate-Palm-P	100	5	5	5	4⅞
12½	9	..	Colonial Bea Oil	200	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	..
14⅞	2⅞	..	Colo Fuel & Ir	100	6½	6½	6½	..
21	4¼	7	Columbia Cons	3600	14⅜	13¼	14⅜	13¾
79⅞	40	6	Columbia G pf A	300	60½	60	60	..
41⅞	13½	2	Columbian Carb	800	28⅞	26½	28⅛	26⅞
27⅞	10⅞	2	Comm Inv Tr	100	19¾	19¾	19¾	20
101	88	6½	Comm I Tr 6½%	100	100	100	100	..
13⅜	3½	.60	Comm Solvents	5000	10½	9⅞	10½	10⅛
5⅛	1⅝	..	Comwlth & So	2000	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
68½	27⅞	6	*Comwlth & S 6pf	300	43	43	43	45
12¼	6½	.60	Congoleum Nairn	400	8⅛	8	8⅛	8¼
11¾	2¾	..	Consol Film I pf	200	6¾	6¾	6¾	6⅞
68¾	31½	4	Consol Gas	6200	59⅝	57¼	59½	57⅝
98¼	72½	5	Consol Gas pf	300	94⅝	94¼	94¼	95
10⅞	4½	1	Consoli Laundries	400	5½	5¼	5½	5¼
9	4	..	Consol Oil	2500	6	5¾	5¾	5¾
8	2⅞	..	Cont Baking A	300	4½	4½	4½	..
1⅜	½	..	Cont Baking B	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
47¾	24⅞	6	Cont Baking pf	1000	38⅜	38	38	40
41	17⅞	2	Cont Can	3200	37⅞	36	37⅞	36⅞
8⅛	3	..	Cont Dia Fibre	100	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
25½	6¾	1.20	Cont Insurance	800	15¾	15	15¾	15
3¾	⅝	..	Cont Motors	300	2¼	2	2¼	2⅛
9⅞	3⅝	..	Cont Oil	1000	6¼	5¾	6¼	5¾
55⅞	24¾	3	Corn Products	900	51½	50	51½	50⅞
7⅞	1½	..	Coty	200	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	3⅞
26½	13½	2¶	Cream of Wheat	200	24½	24	24½	..
7¼	2¼	..	Crosley Radio	300	3	3	3	3
23⅞	7⅞	..	Crown Cork & S	500	22½	21⅞	21⅞	21½
30½	17⅞	2.70	Crown Cork pf	200	27⅞	27½	27½	..
3	½	..	Crown Zellerback	100	1	1	1	..
23¼	6	..	Crucible Steel	300	10⅜	10⅛	10¼	..
49⅞	15	..	Crucible Steel pf	120	19⅜	19	19⅜	19⅛
3⅞		..	Cuban Am Sug	200	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
35½	20	2½	Cudahy Packing	100	28	28	28	27⅞
86	47	7	Curtis Pub pf	100	49	49	49	50
31	7	..	Curtis Publishing	200	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10¼
3¼	⅞	..	Curtiss-Wright	1000	1¾	1⅜	1¾	1⅞
4¾	1½	..	Curtiss-Wright A	200	2½	2½	2½	2½
12	3½	..	Cutler Hammer	200	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	..
			—D—					
9¼	1	..	Davison Chem	500	3⅞	3½	3⅞	3⅝
15¼	6¼	.40	Deere & Co pf	300	7½	7½	7½	7⅝
92½	32	6	Del & Hudson	200	57⅞	56	57⅞	56
45⅞	8½	..	Del Lack & W	6500	26⅞	24⅞	26¼	25½
9	1½	..	Denver R G pf	100	3	3	3	2⅞
122	54	6	Detroit Edison	500	75	74½	75	73⅝
19⅛	12	1	Diamond Match	200	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
12¼	7½	1.30	Dome Mines	100	12¼	12¼	12¼	12½
18⅝	5	.75	Douglas A	200	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	..
23	5	..	Dresser A	200	7¼	7¼	7¼	7
59¾	22	2	du Pont de Nem	11000	38⅛	36	37⅞	35⅞
			—E—					
87⅞	35¼	3	Eastman Kodak	1000	54¾	53	54¾	52¾
9⅞	3	..	Eaton Axle & Sp	100	5½	5½	5½	..
32¾	8½	1.20	Elec Auto-Lite	1200	19¼	17⅞	19	18½
2½	½	..	Elec Bot	200	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
4	⅝	..	Elec & Mus Ind	200	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
16	2¾	..	Elec Pow & Lt	3300	7⅛	6¾	7	6⅞
64	10¾	2.34	Elec Pow & L pf	200	19	19	19	18½
55½	8⅞	2	El Pw&L 6% pf	100	17½	17½	17½	17⅞
37¼	16	3	Endicott Johnson	200	33	33	33	31½
25	4	..	Engineers Pub S	200	7½	7	7½	..
11¾	2	..	Erie RR	200	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	5⅝
15⅞	2⅝	..	Erie RR 1pf	400	5¾	5½	5¾	..
10½	2	..	Erie RR 2pf	100	4	4	4	..
7¼	2	2e	Eureka Vacuum	100	5¼	5¼	5¼	5⅝
11¾	9¾	¼	Exchange Buffet	10	10	10	10	..
			—F—					
6⅛	2¾	..	Fairbanks Morse	200	3¼	3¼	3¼	..
47¾	10	..	Fairbanks M pf	70	11	11	11	..
3⅝	1⅛	..	Fed Motor Tr	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
10⅝	3	..	Fed Water Serv	400	3¾	3¾	3¾	..
27⅜	6	1.20	Fidelity Phe F In	1200	16⅞	16	16⅞	16
18⅞	10½	1	Firestone T & R	200	13⅛	13	13	12¾
54½	35	2½	First Nat Stores	1600	50¾	50	50¾	50¼
¾	⅛	..	Fisk Rubber	900	¼	⅛	⅛	..
8¼	2	..	Follansbee B	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	..
15⅞	3	..	Foster-Wheeler	300	9	8⅞	9	..
22⅞	10¼	1.20	Fourth Nat Inv	100	19¼	19¼	19¼	..
5⅞	1	..	Fox Film A	1400	2⅛	2	2⅛	2
72½	15	7	Franklin Sim pf	50	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	..
28⅞	10	2	Freeport Texas	4100	25¼	24⅛	25¼	24
			—G—					
17⅛	5¾	..	Gamewell	10	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	..
5½	½	..	Gen Am Inv	300	3⅞	3¾	3¾	..
35⅞	9½	1	Gen Am Tnk Car	1800	17	16	17	16⅛
15⅛	4⅜	..	Gen Asphalt	400	8	7⅞	8	7½
19⅝	10½	2	Gen Baking	1400	14⅞	14	14½	14
6	½	..	Gen Bronze	400	2½	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
11⅛	1½	..	Gen Cable A	200	3½	3⅛	3½	..
25⅞	3⅝	..	Gen Cable pf	210	10⅛	8	10⅛	..
26⅛	8½	.40	Gen Electric	22700	16	14⅞	15⅞	15⅛
11⅞	10⅝	.60	Gen Elec Sp	700	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅝
40⅛	19⅝	2	Gen Foods	4200	24⅞	23⅞	24⅞	24
24⅞	3	6	Gen G & E cv pf	100	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	..
40	5¼	8	Gen Gas & E 8%	110	16	16	16	..
48⅞	28	3	Gen Mills	100	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼
24⅞	7⅞	1	Gen Motors	31800	13⅞	13⅛	13⅞	13⅛
87⅞	56⅞	5	Gen Mot 5% pf	200	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	72
7⅛	1	..	Gen Pub Service	400	3⅞	3⅛	3⅞	3⅛
23½	23½	..	Adams Express	486	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛
28⅞	6⅛	1	*Gen Ry Signal	100	13	13	13	..
16⅞	5	..	Gen Rlty pf ww	150	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
24⅛	10⅞	1	Gillette Saf Raz	4800	18⅛	17⅛	18	17⅞
3¾	⅝	..	Gimbel Bros	100	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
21	7	..	Gimbel Bros pf	100	7½	7½	7½	..
10⅜	3⅛	..	Glidden	200	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	..
76	35	7	Glidden ppf	10	62	62	62	62½
30⅛	8¼	1.60	Gold Dust	900	16	15⅛	16	15⅞
12⅞	2¾	..	Goodrich	700	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5½
28⅝	5⅞	..	Goodyear	4600	16⅞	15⅜	16⅛	15⅞
30⅛	7¼	..	Gotham Silk Hos	300	16⅞	16⅛	16⅞	..
4⅜	1	..	Graham Paige	1900	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅜
9⅜	3⅛	..	Grand Union	300	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	..
35½	27	3	Grand Un pf	500	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	..
30⅜	14⅛	1	Grant (WT)	1100	21	20⅞	21	20
25	5⅛	..	Great Nor pf	1100	9⅞	9	9⅞	9
13⅛	5	..	Great Nor Ore	100	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7
12	3¾	..	Great West Sug	400	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅛
2⅜	½	..	Grigsby-Grunow	700	1	1	1	..
			—H—					
38	19	1¾	Hack W pf A	60	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	..
4⅛	⅝	..	Hahn Dept Sto	2100	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	1⅝
11⅛	3⅛	..	Hall Printing	200	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
10	1⅛	..	Hawaiian Pine	300	2	2	2	..
82	43⅛	6	Hershey Choc	300	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	55
160	110	10b	Homestake M	600	158⅛	158⅛	158⅛	158
4⅛	1	..	Houdaille Her B	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..
29⅛	8⅞	..	Houston Oil	1300	16⅞	15⅞	16	15⅞
5⅝	1⅝	..	Houston Oil new	600	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3
10⅛	5	.60	Howe Sound	100	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	..
11⅞	2⅞	..	Hudson Motor	800	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	5
24⅛	4⅞	..	Ill Central	3400	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	13⅛
45	15½	4	Ill Central LL	20	38	38	38	..
40	7½	2	Indus Rayon	400	28⅛	27⅞	28⅛	24½
46⅞	14⅞	2	Ingersoll-Rand	300	28	27⅞	28	27
7⅛	3⅛	..	Inspiration Cop	300	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	..
3⅞	1	..	Insuranshare Md	325	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	..
14⅞	2⅛	..	Interboro Rap T	3800	4⅞	4¼	4⅞	3⅞
117	53½	6¶	Int Business M	1000	87⅞	81	87⅞	86½
10⅞	3⅛	..	Int Cement	2400	9⅛	8⅞	9	8⅝
1⅞	⅛	..	Int Combustion	200	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
21	4⅛	..	Int Combus pf	300	6⅛	6	6⅛	5⅞
34⅛	10⅛	1.20	Int Harvester	27600	23⅞	22⅛	23⅞	22⅞
11⅛	2⅛	..	Int Hydroelec	400	6	5⅞	6	6⅛
4⅛	⅛	..	Int Merc Marine	100	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
12⅞	3⅛	..	Int Nickel	6800	8	7⅞	8	7⅞
2	⅛	..	Int Pap&Pow B	600	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
1⅛	⅛	..	Int Pap&Pow C	600	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
12⅞	⅛	..	Int Pap&Pow pf	600	3	2⅞	3	2⅞
45	24⅞	6	Int Pr Ink pf	110	45	45	45	..
23⅛	9⅞	1½	Int Salt	100	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	..
18⅞	2⅞	..	Int Tel & Tel	9750	8⅞	7⅞	8	7⅞
			—J—					
33⅞	10	..	Johns Manville	5400	22⅞	21	22¼	22
			—K—					
25⅛	5	2	Kan C & So pf	100	14	14	14	..
9⅛	3	..	Kaufmann D St	100	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	..
14⅞	4⅝	..	Kayser (J) & Co	100	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	..
2⅝	⅛	..	Kelley Sp ctfs	100	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅛
4⅛	⅛	..	Kelsey Hayes W	3400	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅛
10⅝	2⅝	..	Kelvinator Corp	200	4⅛	4	4	4⅛
19⅛	4⅞	..	Kennecott Cop	4100	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	9⅛
19	8⅝	1	Kresge	400	10⅞	10½	10⅞	10⅝
9⅛	⅛	..	Kreuger & Toll	3700	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
18⅞	10	1	Kroger Groc & B	1100	15⅝	14¾	15⅝	15
			—L—					
73	73	5	Laclede Gas StL	100	18	18	18	..
65	40	5	Laclede Gas pf	100	50	50	50	..
8⅛	1⅜	..	Lee Rubber	200	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	4⅝
11	3⅜	..	Lehigh Port Cem	100	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	6
75	43½	3½	Lehigh P Cem pf	200	44	43½	42½	..
4⅜	1	..	Lehigh Val Coal	200	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	1⅛
11½	1¼	..	Lehigh V Coal pf	100	2½	2½	2½	..
29¼	5	..	Lehigh Val RR	2100	13	13	12½	12½
51⅞	30½	2.40	Lehman Corp	1400	41½	40½	41½	41
9⅞	3⅝	..	Libbey-Owens-F	100	6½	6½	6½	..
19⅝	8½	..	Lima Loco Wks	100	10¼	10¼	10¼	10½
22	9	2	Liquid Carbonic	100	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	16
37¾	13¼	4¶	Loew's Inc	400	23⅞	22⅞	23⅞	22⅞
80	39	6½	Loews pf	200	62	61⅞	61⅞	..
5	1⅞	..	Loft Inc	200	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
36⅝	16⅝	2	Loose-Wiles Bisc	100	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	..
38¼	7½	..	Louisville & N	1400	20½	19	20½	19⅞
			—M—					
21⅝	13	1¼¶	McIntyre Porcu	2100	21½	20⅞	21	21⅛
62¾	28	4	McKeesport Tin	1700	45	43¼	45	43¾
4	⅜	..	McLellan Stores	200	1¼	1¼	1¼	1
28⅜	10	1	Mack Trucks	1200	22⅛	20⅞	22	21⅛
60½	17	2	Macy (RH) & Co	1900	36⅞	35	36⅞	35⅞
13⅛	4½	.50	Magma Copper	100	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7
20⅜	4	..	Man Elv mg	600	6¼	6	6¼	5⅞
9	3½	..	Man Shirt	200	5¼	5¼	5¼	5
14⅞	6½	.80	Marine Mid	200	10	9⅞	10	10
3½	½	..	Marmon Motor	600	1¼	1	1	..
13½	3	..	Marshall Field	300	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6¼
20⅞	9	1.50	Mathieson Alkali	400	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15
20	9½	1	May Dept Stores	400	12⅞	12⅛	12½	12¾
18	8	1.20	Melville Shoe	400	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8¾
19½	5¼	1	Mesta Mach	100	7½	7½	7½	7⅞
8⅞	3⅞	..	Mid-Cont Pet	400	5⅛	5	5⅛	5⅛
4⅞	⅞	..	Min SP & SSM	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..
13	1¼	..	Mo Kan & Tex	400	6¼	6	6¼	6⅛
24	3¼	..	Mo K&T pf	200	13½	12¾	13½	12¾
11	1½	..	Mo Pacific	200	3½	3½	3½	3½
26	2½	..	Mo Pacific pf	600	6	5⅞	6	6
30¾	13⅞	1¼	*Monsanto Chem	700	28¼	28	28⅛	..
16½	3½	..	Montgom Ward	21700	14½	13⅞	14½	13⅞
29⅝	7⅝	2	Motor Products	100	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¼
9⅞	2⅛	..	Murray Body	200	3¼	3¼	3¼	3⅝
19	7½	1.40	Myers & Bro	200	10⅞	10½	10½	..
			—N—					
19¾	8	1	Nash Motors	1500	13⅞	13⅛	13⅞	13⅛
5⅛	1¼	..	Nat Acme	100	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	..
6	⅛	..	Nat Bel H pf	300	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
46⅞	20¼	2.80	Nat Biscuit	2700	39⅞	38⅞	39⅜	39
18⅞	6½	..	Nat Cash Reg	1400	9	8⅞	9	8¼
31⅞	14⅞	2	Nat Dairy Prod	4100	18	17⅜	18	17½
10	2	..	Nat Dept S pf	300	2½	2½	2½	..
8⅛	3⅜	..	Nat Enam & St	200	5	5	5	..
20⅝	6⅞	1	Nat Pow & Lt	1700	14⅜	14	14⅜	13⅞
⅝	⅛	..	Nat Rys Mex 2pf	800	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
33⅞	13½	.50	Nat Steel	400	19¼	18⅞	19¼	..
13	3½	..	Nat Supply	400	7	6⅞	6⅞	..
19⅞	4½	..	Nat Surety	100	8	8	8	8½
10⅞	3½	.60	Nat Tea	200	6½	6½	6½	6⅞
10¼	2½	..	Nevada Cons Cop	400	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	..
3¾	1½	..	Newport Indus	100	2½	2½	2½	2½
14½	4¼	..	NY Air Brake	100	7¼	7¼	7¼	..
15⅞	2	..	NY C & StL pf	300	3¼	3	3	3¼
36⅞	8¾	..	NY Central	10100	23⅛	21½	23⅛	22⅞
127½	82¼	5	NY & Harlem	10	107¼	107¼	107¼	104½
3⅝	½	..	NY Investors	100	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅞
31⅞	6	..	NY NH & H	1900	14⅞	14	14⅜	14⅛
78⅞	12	..	NY NH & H pf	400	28⅝	28¼	28⅜	28¼
6¼	1⅜	..	NY Shipbldg	200	2¼	2¼	2¼	..
109⅞	90	7	NY Steam 7%	20	107	106	107	105
100	70	6	NY Steam 6%	10	92	92	92	..
21⅞	10⅞	1.10e	Noranda M	2000	18	17½	17½	17⅞
135	57	8	Norfolk & West	500	113	111	113	..
43½	13⅞	10a	North American	14900	29¼	27⅞	29¼	27½
48	25½	3	North Amer pf	100	40⅞	40½	40⅞	40½
5⅞	1¼	..	No Am Aviation	900	3⅞	3½	3⅞	3⅛
8	2⅝	..	No Ger Lloyd	100	6½	6½	6½	6⅞
25⅞	5½	..	Northern Pacific	1400	15⅞	14⅞	15⅞	14⅞
			—O—					
11	5	.20e	Ohio Oil	800	7⅞	7⅛	7⅞	7⅛
4	½	..	Oliver Farm Eq	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅛
22½	9	1	Otis Elevator	400	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	11½
9⅞	1¼	..	Otis Steel	400	3⅛	3	3⅛	3⅛
20⅞	3⅛	..	Otis Steel ppf	130	7⅛	7	7⅛	7⅛
42¼	12	2	Owens Ill Glass	3100	36⅛	35⅛	36⅛	35
			—P—					
37	16⅞	2	Pacific Gas&El	1700	30	28⅞	30	28¾
47½	20⅞	3	Pacific Lighting	400	37⅞	36⅞	37⅞	36⅞
14	3⅞	..	Pacific Mills	160	7	7	7	..
109	83⅞	6	Pacific T&T pf	100	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	..
5⅛	1¼	..	Packard Motor	400	2⅛	2½	2½	2½
11½	1½	..	Paramount Pub	7700	2⅛	2	2⅛	2
1¼	⅛	..	Pathe Exchange	100	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
5⅞	1¼	..	Pathe Exch A	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
9⅛	1½	..	Patino Mines	100	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
4⅞	⅝	..	Peerless Motor	100	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
32¾	16	2¶	Penick & Ford	1300	26⅞	26⅛	26⅞	26⅞
34½	13	1.80	Penney (JC)	1000	23⅞	23⅛	23⅞	23½
23⅝	6⅞	..	Pennsylvania RR	10100	14½	13⅞	14¼	13⅞
121	39	5	Peoples GasLt&C	400	72½	70	72½	70
7⅞	2	..	Petroleum	100	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	..
11⅛	3⅞	..	Phelps Dodge	2100	5⅛	4⅞	5⅛	5
7⅞	2	..	Phila & Reading	400	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
8⅛	2	..	Phillips Pet	6100	5⅞	5	5⅞	5⅛
¾	⅛	..	Pierce Oil	100	¼	¼	¼	..
1⅝	⅛	..	Pierce Pet	100	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
22½	9⅞	.60	Pillsbury Flour	200	10	10	10	10
12½	8⅛	1	*Plymouth Oil	100	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
3	1¼	..	Pittston Co	140	1½	1½	1½	..
6⅞	1⅞	..	Poor & Co B	100	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	..
17½	1⅞	..	Postal Tel pf	100	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	..
42⅜	19⅞	2	Proctor & Gam	700	29⅞	29	29⅞	29
103	81	5	Proctor & G pf	700	98⅞	98	98⅞	..
60	28	2.20	Public Service	1300	50⅛	48⅞	50⅛	49
90⅞	62	5	Pub Serv 5%	100	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞
102⅞	71½	6	Pub Serv 6%	200	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	97
114	92½	7	Pub Serv 7%	400	106	105⅞	105⅞	..
28	10½	3	Pullman	1000	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅛
6½	2⅜	..	Pure Oil	200	4	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
15⅞	4⅝	1	Purity Bakeries	400	7⅞	7½	7⅞	7½
			—R—					
13½	2½	..	Radio Corp Amer	2400	5⅝	5	5½	5⅝
32⅞	10	..	Radio pf A	200	19	19	19	18
23⅞	3⅞	..	Radio pf B	700	11⅞	10⅛	11⅞	11⅛
7⅞	1½	..	Radio-Keith-O	800	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
33	15	2	Reading 1pf	200	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	..
7½	1	..	Remington Rand	200	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
13⅞	1⅞	..	Republic I & S	500	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	6⅛
28⅞	5	..	Repub I&S pf	200	11	10⅞	11	10⅞
1⅞	¼	..	Richfield Oil	300	½	½	½	..
			—S—					
59¼	30⅛	5	Safeway Stores	1700	40⅞	37⅞	40½	39⅞
99	69	7	Safeway S 7%	50	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	97
17⅞	4⅞	..	StJoseph Lead	700	7⅞	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
6⅞	⅝	..	StL & SF	200	1	1	1	1⅛
9⅞	1	..	StL & SF pf	300	1⅞	1⅜	1⅞	1⅜
1	⅛	..	Seaboard Air L	200	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
43	18	1.40‡	Scott Paper	50	30	30	30	..
19⅞	6⅞	.40	Seaboard Oil	500	20⅛	19½	20⅛	19½
37⅞	9⅞	..	Sears Roebluck	9500	21	20	21	20⅛
5⅞	1½	..	Servel Inc	800	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
12⅞	5	.30	Shattuck (FG)	675	8	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
8⅞	2½	..	Shell Union Oil	800	5½	5⅞	5⅞	5¼
65⅛	18	..	Shell Un Oil pf	600	43	42¼	42¼	43
13⅞	2⅞	..	Simmons	2600	8	7⅞	8	..
5⅞	2⅛	..	Skelly Oil	100	4	4	4	4
7½	2⅞	..	Snider Pascking	500	3⅞	3½	3⅞	3⅛
12⅞	5¼	.40	Socony Vacuum	4800	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	8
32⅞	15⅞	2	So Calif Edison	2200	25⅞	25	25⅞	25
37⅞	6½	..	Southern Pacific	5800	18⅛	17	18⅛	17⅛
18⅞	4½	.40*	So P Rico Sugar	500	15⅞	15	15⅞	15⅛
18½	2½	..	Southern Ry	1600	6½	5½	6½	6
25⅞	3	..	Southern Ry pf	3300	8⅞	7⅞	8⅞	7⅛
48½	15	6	Spang Chal pf	10	18	18	18	..
17⅞	8⅞	1	Stand Brands	2600	15¼	14⅞	15¼	15
34¼	7⅞	2	Stand Gas & El	3800	13⅛	12⅞	13	12⅞
41⅞	9¼	4	Stand G&E pf	2600	23½	21	23½	21
62⅛	21	6	Stand G&E 6%	100	37	37	37	..
2⅛	¼	..	Stand Investing	200	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
31⅞	15½	2	Stand Oil Calif	2600	25⅞	24⅞	25⅛	25⅛
16½	7	..	Stand Oil Kan	600	14⅛	14	14⅛	14
37⅞	19⅞	2¶	Stand OilNJ	4800	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛	30⅞
8½	1⅞	..	Stewart Warner	800	3⅞	3	3	3⅞
17⅞	4⅞	..	Stone & Webster	1400	8⅞	8	8⅞	8
13⅞	2⅞	..	Studebaker	200	5	5	5	5
104⅞	30	7	Studebaker pf	200	35	33	34½	..
3⅞	½	..	Symington A	200	1	1	1	..
			—T—					
4⅞	1	..	Tennessee Corp	300	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	..
18⅞	9¼	1	Texas Corp	3700	15⅛	14⅞	15⅛	15⅛
26⅞	12	2	Texas Gulf Sul	5600	23	22½	23	22
4	1⅛	..	Texas & Pac Coal	300	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
8⅛	2½	..	Texas & P Land	400	5	4⅞	5	4⅞
14	3⅞	..	Third Ave Ry	200	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	..
2⅛	⅛	..	Thompson Star	700	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
5⅞	2	..	Tide Water Asso	600	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
60	20	6	Tide Wat Asso pf	200	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
23	7⅞	1	Timken Roller	800	14⅞	13⅞	14⅞	14
7⅞	2⅛	..	Transamerica	4200	5	4⅞	5	4⅞
5⅞	1½	..	Tri Continental	1100	4	3⅞	4	4
31½	10⅞	2.50	Trico Products	1200	23⅞	22⅞	23⅛	21⅞
			—U—					
3⅛	⅛	..	Ulen & Co	100	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
24⅞	7⅞	.50	Underwd El Fish	100	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	..
101	75	7	Underwd pf	10	86	86	86	..
36⅞	15½	1.20	Union Carbide	8900	25⅞	24⅞	25⅞	24⅞
94⅞	27⅞	6	Union Pacific	15800	73⅞	69⅞	72⅞	69⅞
19⅞	11⅞	4	Union Tank Car	200	13	13⅛	13⅛	..
34⅞	6⅞	..	United Air & Tr	6600	27⅞	25⅞	26⅞	25⅞
28⅞	11	2	United Biscuit	300	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	..
4	⅜	..	United Buss Pub	30	1	1	1	..
18	6⅞	..	United Carbon	600	11⅜	10⅞	11	11
14	2⅞	.40	United Corp	13600	9⅞	8⅞	9	8⅞
39⅞	20	3	United Corp pf	600	34	32⅞	34	31⅞
33⅞	10⅞	2	United Fruit	4800	24⅛	22⅞	23⅞	23⅛
22	9⅞	1.20	United Gas Im	4800	19⅛	19	19*	19⅛
96⅞	70	5	United Gas I pf	20	95⅞	95	95⅞	95
64	26	..	US & ForSec	100	32	32	32	..
15⅞	3⅞	..	US Freight	100	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	..
37	10⅞	1.50	US Gypsum	200	19⅞	19	19	18⅞
36⅞	13⅞	..	US Indus Alco	2500	26⅞	25⅞	26⅞	26
16	2⅞	..	US Leather A	100	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	6⅞
16⅞	7⅞	3	US Pipe & Fdry	400	11	10⅞	10⅞	..
11⅞	2	..	US Realty	3000	5	5	5	5
16⅞	1⅞	..	US Rubber	400	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
20⅞	3⅞	..	US Rubber 1pf	300	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
22⅞	10	1	US Smelt R & M	100	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	..
52⅞	21⅞	1	US Steel	67200	33⅞	31⅞	32⅞	32⅞
113	51⅞	7	US Steel pf	6600	65⅞	63⅞	64⅞	64⅞
10⅞	1⅞	..	Utilities P&L A	1200	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
			—V—					
23⅞	5	..	Vanadium	2000	13	11⅞	12⅞	12
2⅜	⅜	..	Va-Caro Chem	500	⅜	⅜	⅜	1
90	80	6	Va El & Pow pf	50	77½	76½	77½	76½
34⅝	7¼	4	Vulcan Detin	2600	18⅞	17¼	18⅞	17⅞
			—W—					
4⅛	⅜	..	Wabash RR	200	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
6	1	..	Wabash pf A	200	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	2
2⅜	⅜	..	Ward Baking B	600	⅝	⅝	⅝	1
4⅛	⅜	..	Warner Bros A	3300	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
6⅞	1⅛	..	Warren Bros	600	4	4	4	..
80	25	7	W Penn El A	20	45	45	45	46
76	22	7	W Penn El 7%	20	48½	48½	48½	..
111	80	7	W Penn Pw 7%	10	100½	100½	100½	100
18⅛	3½	..	Westn Dairy P A	300	4	4	4	..
4⅝	1	..	Westn Dairy P B	600	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
11⅝	1½	..	Westn Maryland	200	6	5⅝	5⅝	5¾
4⅛	⅛	..	Westn Pacific	200	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
50	12⅞	..	Westn Union	5700	30⅞	28⅞	29⅞	30
18⅛	9½	..	Westing Air rB	900	12½	12⅛	12⅞	12½
43½	15⅞	..	Westing Elec	6800	28⅞	26⅞	28	27¼
12⅞	3	..	Westvaco Chlor	100	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	..
31⅛	21	..	Wheeling Stl pf	100	24	24	24	..
2¼	¼	..	White Sew M	100	⅜	⅜	⅜	½
8⅛	2⅞	..	Wilcox Oil & G	1500	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜	3⅞
20½	13½	2.50	Wilcox Rich A	200	16½	16½	16½	..
3⅜	⅜	..	Willys-Overland	2400	2⅜	2⅛	2¼	2⅛
1⅞	⅜	..	Wilson & Co	100	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
4⅞	1⅝	..	Wilson & Co A	1300	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	3⅞
45⅝	22	2.40	Woolworth	5800	36⅝	35⅛	36⅝	35½
24	3	..	Worthgton Pump	400	14⅝	14¼	14⅝	..
41	14½	..	Wor Pump A	200	22	22	22	..
			—Y—					
7⅞	1⅝	..	Yellow Truck	1400	3½	3⅜	3½	3⅛
27½	4	..	Youngstown	800	11⅛	11	11	11

*Ex-dividend. †Ex-rights. ‡Ex-stock dividend. ¶Exclusive of stock dividend. ¶Exclusive of extras. aPayable in stock. bPayable in cash or stock. cPayable in scrip. dPaid in 1931. ePaid this year.

Huge Utility Construction Plan for 1933

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 9—The Philadelphia Electric Company will undertake a construction program for 1933 amounting to $10,530,000, according to Mr. William H. Taylor, president of the company.

More than $8,000,000 has been expended during the present year, Mr. Taylor said, in enlargements and extension work, while a carry-over of work not yet completed into 1933 of $2,450,000 will make a total program for the year 1932 of $11,250,000.

"Estimates for 1933 call for an expenditure upon new construction of $11,000,000," Mr. Taylor said. "If we add the 1932 carry-over just cited, and deduct the estimated carry-over into 1934 of $2,980,000, we reach the grand total of $10,530,000 of construction which it is contemplated will be done by the Philadelphia Electric Company System next year.

"I wish to point out, in addition, that the 1933 estimates just given, contain only $1,960,000 of the total of more than $8,000,000 which is to be invested in the new 165,000-kilowatt turbo-generator at the Richmond Generating Station, a project which will be completed in 1934. Moreover, the stated carry-over into 1934 excludes figures covering this addition to our generating system."

MARKETS AT A GLANCE

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK

Stocks: Firm; list rallies on late covering.

Bonds: Irregular; rails easy.

Curb: Firm; leaders advance moderately.

Foreign Exchanges; Irregular; sterling firm.

Cotton: Higher; covering trade buying; scarcity of contracts.

Sugar: Quiet; firm spot market.

CHICAGO

Wheat: Steady; continued low temperatures all states.

Corn: Steady; smaller receipts Chicago; unfavorable weather.

Cattle: Slow, steady to firm.

Hogs: Weak to lower.

FOREIGN.

London—Quiet condition prevailed on the Stock Exchange, the American debt note having little effect on prices. Gilt-edged securities and industrials maintained a steady trend, but realizing caused easiness in mining shares and oils, especially Anglo-Persian shares. The closing was dull.

Paris—Trading was dull on the Bourse today and prices were slightly lower. Wall Street selling and other unfavorable advices caused a heavy closing.

Berlin—Prices were unsettled on the Boerse today.

NEW YORK COTTON

(Reported by Clark, Childs & Keech, Boston)

	Open	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
December	5.55	5.76	5.54	5.74	+.16
January	5.55	5.78	5.55	5.76	+.17
March	5.68	5.90	5.66	5.86	+.17
May	5.78	6.01	5.77	5.96	+.16
July	5.87	6.10	5.87	6.00	+.18
October	6.06	6.28	6.06	6.25	+.16

Spots 5.90, up 15 points. Tone at close, steady.

Chicago Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
December	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	+.15
January	5.84	5.84	5.84	5.84	+.15
March	5.75	5.97	5.75	5.93	+.19
May	5.85	6.08	5.85	6.05	+.18
July	5.94	6.18	5.94	6.18	+.21
October	6.14	6.38	6.14	6.37	+.15

Tone at close steady.

New Orleans Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
December	5.52	5.71	5.52	5.71	+.14
January	5.54	5.78	5.54	5.74	+.16
March	5.66	5.88	5.64	5.84	+.16
May	5.75	5.98	5.75	5.95	+.17
July	5.85	6.08	5.85	6.04	+.17
October	6.05	6.26	6.04	6.24	+.18

Tone at close steady.

Liverpool Cotton

	Open	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
December	4.86	..	..	..	+.08
January	4.81	4.89	4.79	4.81	+.05
March	4.83	4.91	4.81	4.90	+.06
May	4.85	4.93	4.83	4.91	+.05
July	4.86	4.94	4.84	4.93	+.06
October	4.87	4.96	4.87	4.95	+.06

Spots 5.04 up 1 point. Tone at close steady.

Wool Top Futures

	Open	Last	Net chg.
December	49.30b	50.00	...
January	49.70b	50.00	—.50
February	49.70b	50.50	—.50
March	50.50b	50.50	—.50
April	50.50b	51.00	...
October	50.70b	.....	...

b—Bid. Tone at close, quiet.

CHAIN SYSTEM SALES

Chain store system sales compare:

INTERSTATE DEPARTMENT STORES

	1932	1931	Dec.%
November	$1,630,907	$1,746,684	6.6%
11 months	16,153,528	18,759,801	13.9

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

	1932	1931	Dec.%
Four wks Dec	$22,609,104	$26,828,020	15.7
48 wks Dec 3	252,606,258	314,041,553	19.6

KROGER GROCERY & BAKING

	1932	1931	Dec.%
4 wks Dec 3	$15,761,800	$17,717,215	8.0
48 wks Dec 3	197,023,055	226,803,830	13.1

BANK OF GERMANY

BERLIN—Reichsbank's condensed statement compares as follows (in marks, 000 omitted):

	Dec. 7, '32	Nov. 30, '32
Gold	804,100	827,200
For curr reserve	113,900	109,700
Other bills of ex & chks	2,688,100	2,731,200
Advance	101,100	206,900
Circulation	3,439,000	3,531,200
Res ratio	26.6%	26.5%
Bank rate	4%	4%

SACO-LOWELL SHOPS PLAN

Saco-Lowell Shops has proposed a plan of refinancing its note maturities of January, 1933, and January, 1935, which if approved by all classes of noteholders will reduce the company's current interest payments from $208,228 per annum to not over $68,715 per annum, or by approximately 67 per cent. Substantial agreement to the plan has already been secured.

ILLINOIS BOND TENDERS

State of Illinois will receive bids Dec. 15 or 16 on $30,000,000 relief bonds, due 1934-44. Bidders are to name the rate of interest, not to exceed 6 per cent.

RUBBER EXECUTIVE EXPRESSES OPTIMISM

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 9—President Litchfield of Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., visiting its Los Angeles properties, expressed confidence in fundamental business recovery. Goodyear is now employing 36,000 persons, of whom 16,000 are working at the Akron plant, he said. He favors the six-hour-day working shift.

Mr. Litchfield criticized the tire sales tax, which he considers as unjust, and the gasoline tax was also termed as an obstacle to business.

INSURANCE BUSINESS GOOD

NEW YORK, Dec. 9—Breaking all past records, United States life insurance companies will pay or credit to policyholders and beneficiaries this year the gigantic sum of $3,100,000,000. This was reported by President Thomas A. Buckner of the New York Life Insurance Company at the twenty-sixth annual convention of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents, which began its sessions here this morning. This amount is $500,000,000 in excess of the 1931 disbursements, he announced.

AGGREGATE RAILWAY EARNINGS DECREASE 0.6 P. C. FOR OCTOBER

Class 1 roads in October had net operating income $63,839,317, says Bureau of Railway Economics. This was a new high for any month this year, comparing with $49,646,869 in September, previous 1932 record month, and a decline of only 0.6 per cent below like 1931 month, when net operating income was $64,202,245; October net operating income was at annual rate of return of 1.88 per cent on property investment, the same rate as in October, 1931.

A total of 61 Class 1 roads failed to earn expenses and taxes in 10 months of 1932, of which 17 were in the eastern, 16 in the southern, and 28 in the western district.

PILOT RADIO & TUBE CORP.

Pilot Radio & Tube Corporation's November net sales were $134,263, compared with $108,587 in November, 1931, an increase of 23.6 per cent.

GRAIN PRICES TEND UPWARD AT CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Dec. 9 (AP)—Sensationally bullish conditions regarding the new domestic winter wheat crop, especially in Kansas and Oklahoma, received much attention today but new buying orders lacked volume.

Reports were current that almost no moisture had been received for more than a month over an area that normally has 20,000,000 acres of wheat.

Wheat closed unsettled at a shade to ⅝ above yesterday's finish, corn unchanged to ⅛ up, oats 1⅛ to ¼ advance, and provisions unchanged to 2 cents down.

FIRST NATIONAL STORES TONNAGE UP

Massachusetts Food Index Number is approximately 12.80 per cent lower than a year ago, indicating increased tonnage sales of approximately 10.15 per cent for First National Stores, Inc., for the four weeks ending Nov. 26, 1932.

During November 49 retail grocery prices in its line were increased and 48 decreased.

	1932	1931	Dec. %
4 wks end Nov. 26	$7,870,444	$8,085,105	2.65

HORN & HARDART BAKING

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 9—Preliminary report of Horn & Hardart Baking Company for the year ended Sept. 30 shows net of $1,072,504 after charges, depreciation and federal taxes, or $10.89 a share on 98,503 no-par shares, compared with $1,509,496, or $15.41 a share on 97,970 shares, a year before.

GREECE TO PAY INTEREST

ATHENS, Dec. 9—The Greek Government Thursday decided to pay foreign holders of Greek bonds 30 per cent on interest due.

Antiques and Interior Decorations

For those who love beautiful and quaint things for the home there are, every Saturday in THE SUN, two or more pages devoted to Antiques & Interior Decorations. Edited by CHARLES MESSER STOW, and profusely illustrated with photographs and drawings, they give authentic descriptions of old and new furniture and objects of art. They contain advice to collectors, helpful information on the decorating of the home, advance notices of the auctions and a Question and Answer department... For $1.50 you may have the Saturday SUN containing these pages sent to you every week for a year.—

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CSM

IRREGULARITY MARKS TRADING IN LIVESTOCK

Some Cattle Gain, Others Decline—Hogs Lower and Lambs Stronger

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Dec. 9—A mixed trend was noted in livestock markets at the Union Stock Yards this week, daily fluctuations being sizable in all departments, the close showing gains on some classes of cattle, declines on others, while hogs wound up a trifle lower, and lambs stronger. Compared with a week ago, according to a report by the bureau of agricultural economics, Department of Agriculture.

Yearling cattle, both steers and yearlings, were in broad and dependable demand from day to day, and closed strong to 25 cents higher. The best of weighty steers held up, but too many plain and rough heavies showed up, values for these dropping as much as 50 cents to new low levels of the season. Common steers of all weights also lost 25-50 cents. Weighty heifers and all grades of cows slumped fully 25 cents, bulls showing a similar demand while vealers advanced to a basis 50 cents above late last week.

The week's top was $7.75, paid for outstanding medium weight steers, the best scaling over 1400 pounds making $7, while strictly choice long yearlings made $7.60.

The upper crust of the steer and yearling crop turned at $6.75-$7.25, the $6.50 notch also catching steers that would grade choice in the beef. Bulk of the fed supply turned at $4.75-$6.50, some heavy as well as lightweight steers having to go below $5. Common lightweights sold mainly at $3.75-$4.25. Choice light heifers brought $6.65, bulk of the run selling at $4.50-$5.75. Most fat cows sold at $2-$2.50, low cutters and cutters, $1-$1.75. Best sausage bulls earned $3 and selected vealers $6.

Hog prices closed 10 cents below a week ago, sows holding about steady. Shipping demand was light all week, and packer directs showed a considerable increase over a week ago, swelling total receipts. The week's top was $3.50, paid early, the late peak being $3.40, with bulk of the 140-180 pound averages selling at $3.15 to $3.30; 190-290 pound $3.20 to $3.25; 300-350 pound $3 to $3.15; pigs, $2.85 to $3.25; packing sows, $2.40 to $2.65, smooth lightweights to $2.85.

Fat lambs and sheep ruled strong to 25 cents higher for the week, lambs topping at $6.40, yearling wethers $5 and fat ewes $2.75. Good to choice native and fed western lambs sold largely at $5.75 to $6.25 late.

DIVIDENDS

Day Trust Company, Boston, declared the regular semiannual dividend of $1, payable Dec. 31 to stock of record Dec. 15.

Finance Company of America declared the regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents on the class A and B common, payable Jan. 16 to stock of record Jan. 5.

Pacific Finance Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 5 cents, payable Jan. 2 to stock of record Dec. 15.

Crocker First National Bank of San Francisco declared the regular semiannual dividend of $7, payable Jan. 2 to stock of record Dec. 30.

Providence Gas Company declared the regular common dividend of 30 cents, payable Jan. 2 to stock of record Dec. 15.

Towle Manufacturing Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents, payable Jan. 3 to stock of record Dec. 24.

Aluminum Goods Manufacturing Company declared a quarterly dividend of 10 cents on the common, payable Jan. 1 to stock of record Dec. 21.

Page Hershey Tubes, Limited, declared the regular quarterly dividend of 75 cents on the common and $1.75 on the preferred, both payable Jan. 2 to stock of record Dec. 20.

Thompson's Spa, Incorporated, declared the regular quarterly preferred dividend of $1.50, payable Jan. 3 to stock of record Dec. 10.

National Screen Service Corporation declared a quarterly dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable Jan. 1 to stock of record Dec. 20. The company previously paid 50 cents quarterly.

Continental Baking Corporation declared a dividend of $1 on the preferred, payable Jan. 1 to stock of record Dec. 19.

General Baking Company declared the regular quarterly dividehd of 50 cents, payable Jan. 2 to stock of record Dec. 19.

Calgary Power Co., Ltd., declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50, payable Jan. 2 to stock of record Dec. 15.

Hollinger Consolidated Gold Mines, Ltd., declared the regular monthly dividend of 5 cents, payable Dec. 31 to stock of record Dec. 15.

Horn & Hardart Baking Co. declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75, payable Jan. 1 to stock of record Dec. 21. In lieu of the cash payment, stockholders are given the option of receiving common stock at the rate of 1-50 of one share for each share of common outstanding. This stock option was accorded holders at each of the two preceding quarterly periods.

Wells Fargo Bank & Union Trust Company, San Francisco, declared the regular quarterly dividend of $3.25, payable Jan. 1 to stock of record Dec. 23.

Northern Securities Company declared a semiannual dividend of $2.50, payable Jan. 9 to stock of record Dec. 15. Previously $3 was paid semiannually.

Safeway Stores declared a quarterly dividend of 75 cents on the common, placing it on a $3 annual basis compared with $5 previously, payable Jan. 1 to stock of record Dec. 19.

General Gas & Electric Corporation declared regular quarterly dividends payable in scrip with interest at 7 per cent per annum of $1.50 on the $6 convertible preferred A, $1.75 on the $7 preferred A, and $2 on the $8 preferred stocks, all payable Jan. 1 to stock of record Dec. 19. The company will pay cash for the scrip on the $6 convertible preferred A stock on Dec. 15, 1937, and on the $7 and $8 preferred A stocks on Jan. 1, 1938.

Connecticut General Life Insurance Company declared a quarterly dividend of 20 cents, payable Jan. 3 to stock of record Dec. 17. Previously the company paid 30 cents quarterly.

Furness Withy & Co. declared an interim quarterly dividend of 2 per cent compared with 3½ per cent a year ago.

Graymur Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents, payable Jan. 2 to stock of record Dec. 16.

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by Clark, Childs & Keech, Boston)

Wheat	Open	High	Low	Close	Net Chg
December	.44⅝	.45⅝	.44½	.45	+ ⅛
May	.48	.48½	.47⅝	.48⅜	+ ⅜
July	.48⅝	.49⅛	.48½	.48⅝	+ ⅛
Corn					
December	.23¼	.23⅜	.22⅝	.23	...
May	.27⅝	.28	.27¼	.27⅝	— ⅛
July	.29¼	.29⅝	.28⅞	.29¼	...
Oats					
December	.15⅛	.15⅝	.15⅛	.15¼	+ ¼
May	.17⅝	.17⅞	.17⅝	.17¾	+ ⅛
July	.17⅛	.18	.17⅝	.17⅞	+ ⅛
Lard					
January	3.77	3.80	3.75	3.77	—.03
May	3.95	3.95	3.92	3.92	—.03

Winnipeg Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
December	.44⅝	.44	.44	— ⅛
May	.47⅝	.46⅝	.47	— ⅛
July	.48⅝	.47⅝	.48⅛	— ⅛

Kansas City Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
December	.39⅛	.38⅝	.39⅛	— ⅛
May	.42¼	.41⅞	.42⅛	+ ⅛
July	.43⅝	.43⅛	.43⅛	+ ⅛

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 1:50 p. m.)

	High	Low
Ab Straus 5½s '43	87	87
Albany PWP 6s '48	26⅛	26⅛
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	25	23¾
Alleghany Corp 5s '49	21	20¼
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	14	13½
Amer & Foreign Pow 5s 2030	29½	28¼
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	71¾	71¼
Amer Inter 5½s '49	76⅝	76⅝
Amer Smelting 5s '47	87	87
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	106	106
Amer T&T 4s '36	103	102⅞
Amer T&T 4½s '39 cv	106	106
Amer T&T col 5s '46	105½	105¼
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	104⅞	104¼
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	108⅝	108
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	80½	80¼
Amer Writing Paper 6s '47	34½	34½
Armour & Co 4½s '39	80	80
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	75½	75
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95	81½	81½
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	92¼	91¾
Atl Coast Line 1st con 4s '52	72½	72½
Atl Coast L L&N col 4s '52	45½	45½
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	100¾	100⅝
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	75¼	75¼
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	63¾	63
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33 sta	59	58½
Balt & Ohio 4½s '60	27½	27
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	38½	38
Balt & Ohio 5s Series O 2000	38	37
Balt & Ohio rfg 6s '95	42	42
Belding Hem 6s '36	88	88
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	106⅞	106⅞
Ben Ind Loan 6s '46	83⅛	83
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	94	94
Boston & Maine 5s '67	63	63
Botany Cons Mills 6½s '34	5⅛	5½
Bklyn Ed 5s E '52	106⅛	106⅛
Bklyn Ed gen 5s A '49	105¾	105¾
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	86⅝	86¼
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '57	105⅝	105⅝
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	80	80
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '45	109¼	109¼
Buff Gen Elec 4½s B '81	103	102⅞
Buff R & P 4½s '57	36½	36½
Bush Term con 5s '55	40	38
Bush Term Bldg 5s '60	71	70¼
B'way & 7th Ave RR 5½s '34	2¾	2¾
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	83	83
Can Nat Ry 5s '70	90¼	90¼
Can Nat Ry 5s July '69	89¼	89
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct '69	89⅝	89⅝
Can North deb 6½s '46	101	101
Can North deb 7s '40	100¼	99⅞
Can Pacific deb 4s	65	64¼
Can Pacific 4½s '46	75	75
Can Pacific 4½s '60	74	74
Can Pacific 5s '54	80½	80
Cen of Ga 5s C '59	17⅛	16¾
Cen Ill El & Gas 1st 5s '51	72	72
Cen Pacific 5s '60	53⅝	53¼
Certainteed 5½s '48	36¾	35½
Ches Corp 5s '47	67	66¼
Ches & O gen 4½s '92	95½	95½
Ches & O 4½s B	82	81½
Chicago & Alton rfg 3s '49	39½	39½
Chicago B & Q 3½s Il div '49	86½	86½
Chicago B & Q gen 4s '58	88¼	88¼
Chicago & East Ill 5s '51	13⅞	13⅞
Chicago GL&Coke 1st 5s '37	105	105
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	37	37
Chicago M&StP gen 4s '89	45	45
Chicago M&StP cv 4½s '32 ct	46½	46⅛
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	5⅛	4⅞
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	18¾	18⅛
Chicago & Nw gen 3½s '87	40	40
Chicago & Nw gen 4s '87	43	43
Chicago & Nw 4½s 2037	18	17⅞
Chicago & Nw 4¾s cv '49	13½	12¾
Chicago & Nw rfg 5s 2037	20½	20
Chicago Railway 5s '27	47	47
Chicago RI&P gen 4s '88	53	53
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	25½	25
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv '60	14	13½
Chicago TerHau & SE 5s '60	42⅝	42⅝
Chicago & W Indiana 4s '52	70	69¾
Chicago W Indiana 5½s '62	77⅞	77⅞
Chile Copper 5s '47	32	31¾
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	98⅝	98⅜
Cin Un Terminal 5s 2020	101⅞	101¼
Clev Mar 4½s	96¼	96¼
Clev CC&StL gen 4s '93	76	76
Clev CC&StL rfg 5s D '63	54	54
Clev Un Term 5s '73	69	68
Clev Un Term 5½s '72	72	72
Columbia G & E Co 5s deb '61	79	78
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	79	78¾
Columbus Ry Pr L 4½s '57	93½	93½
Com Credit Co 6s '34	99⅞	99⅞
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	98½	98
Comp Tab Rec 6s '41	106⅜	106⅜
Con Gas 5s '57	103¼	102⅞
Con Gas of Chi 1st 5s '36	103½	103½
Cop Gas 4½s '51	99⅜	99
Con Gas Co deb 5½s '45	106⅜	105½
Container Corp 5s ct '43	18½	18½
Container Corp 5s '46	30	30
Crown Cork & Seal 6s '47	87½	87½
Crown Wil Paper 6s '51	64	64
Cuba RR rfg 7½s '36	27½	27½
Cumberland T&T 5s '37	104⅞	104⅞
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	14½	14
Den & Rio G Wn rfg 5s '78	21	21
Detroit Ed 4½s D '61	96⅜	96¼
Detroit Ed 5s '52	101	100⅞
Detroit Ed 5s '62	101¼	101¼
Dodge Bros 6s '40	60	60
Donner Steel rfg 7s '42	60⅛	59½
Dul & I Range 5s '37	100⅞	100⅞
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67 A	103⅝	103⅝
Erie RR ref 5s '67	36⅝	36⅝
Erie RR gen lien 4s '96	42⅝	42⅝
Erie RR gen 5s '75	27	26½
Fed Lt & Trac 5s '42 stp	65	65
Fed Lt & Trac 1st 6s '42	70	69
Fla East Coast 5s '74	3	3
Gannett 6s '43	77½	77½
Gen Bak Co 5½s '40	97½	97¼
Gen Petroleum 5s '40	102⅝	102⅝
Gen Steel Cast 5½s '49 ww	59½	59½
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	3⅛	3⅛
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	77⅛	77⅛
Gotham S Hos 6s '36	87	87
Grand Tr Ry Can 6s '36	98⅝	98⅝
Grand Tr Ry Can 7s '40	108⅛	108⅛
Great Northern 4½s '76 D	48	44⅝
Great Northern 4½s '77 E	45¼	45
Great Northern gen 5½s B '52	79	78⅞
Great Northern 7s '36 A	60⅛	59⅞
Gulf Mobile & Oh 5s	33¾	33
Gulf Mobile & No 5½s '50	36	36
Houston Oil 5½s '40	54⅝	54⅝
Hudson Coal 5s '62	40	40
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	84½	84½
Humble Oil 5s '37	103⅛	102⅞
Ill Bell Tel rfg 5s '56	108¾	108¾
Ill Central 4s '53	47½	46⅞
Ill Central 4¾s '66	37½	37
Ill Central CStL&NO 4½s '63	42	42
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s A '63	44	43½
Ill Central Ext 5½s '51	75	75
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	100¾	100⅞
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	40½	40½
Interlake Iron Corp 5s '51	40¼	40½
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	42½	40⅞
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32	56⅝	56
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32 ct	56	56
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	83	82½
Int & Nor 1st 6s '52	18	18
Int & Nor adj 6s '52	4	3¾
Int Paper rfg 5s A '47	38⅝	38½
Int Paper 6s '55	15	15
Int Rys Cen Am 6s '41	43	43
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	34½	34
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	33	32½
Inv Equity Corp 5s A '47	81¾	81
Iowa Central rfg 4s '51	1¼	1¼
Kan City FtS&Mem 4s '36	45⅞	45⅞
Kan City FtS&Mem 4s '63 ct	40½	40¼
Kan City So rfg 5s '50	48	48
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	88⅛	88⅛
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s '80	89	89
Kresge Foundation 6s '36	61	61
Leclede Gas rfg 5s '34	88⅞	88
L'Autaro 6s '54	4½	4
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4s 2003	38	38
Long Island rfg 4s '49	84	84
Louis Arkansas 5s '69	31	30½
Louis Gas & Elec rfg 5s '52	104½	104
L&N rfg 5s 2003 B	60	60
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	25	24¾
Metro Water 5½s '50	67	67
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	91¼	91¼
Mil El Ry & Lt 5s '71	75	74½
Min StP & SSM 4s '38	38	38
Min StP & SSM 5½s '78	54⅝	54⅜
Min StP & SSM 6s '46	14¼	14¼
Mo K & T adj 5s A '67	29¼	29¼
Mo K & T pl 5s A '62	60	60
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	11	10⅝
Mo Pacific rfg 5s A '64	21¾	21¼
Mo Pac 5s F '77	21⅜	20¾
Mo Pacific 5s H '80	21½	21⅛
Mo Pac 5s I '81	21½	21
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	11	10½
Mobile & O mont 5s '47	9	9
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	82¾	82¾
Montana Power 5s A '62	58½	58½
Mobile & Ohio 4s '38	65	62
Montreal Tram col 5s '41	81½	81½
Morris & Essex 4½s '55	80	80
Murray Body 6½s '34	76	74
Nassau Elec con 4s '51	51	50⅞
Nat Dairy Prod 5¼s '48	84	83
Nat Rys Co of Mex 4s '51	1⅛	1⅛
Nat Rys of Mex 4s '77	1½	1⅝
Nat Steel 5s '56	79¼	79
Newberry 5½s	76⅝	76⅜
New Eng T&T 5s '52	108	107¼
N J Pow & Lt 4½s '60	82	82
N O Pub Ser 5s '55 B	59½	58½
N O T & M 5s B '54	20⅞	20¾
N O T & M 5½s '54	21	21
NYC&HR gen 3½s '97	74⅞	74⅝
NYC&HR con 4s A '98	59	59
NYC&HR deb 4s '34	68⅛	67⅞
NYC&HR 4½s N 2013	44¾	44
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s 2013	44⅝	44
NYC&HR rfg & im 5s 2013	47	47
NYC&HR cv 6s '35	55⅝	55⅛
NYC L SL cou 3½s '98	68¼	68½
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	15¼	15
NY Chi & StL 5½s '74	17	16
NY Connec Ry 4½s '53	88	88
NY Edison 5s '44	106	106
NY Edison rfg 6½s '41	112⅝	112⅝
NY GELH&P pur m 4s '49	101¼	101¼
NY NH&H Cons Ry 4s '54	44	44
NY Steam Corp 5s '56	101⅝	101⅛
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	105	104¾
Niag Share 5½s '50	80	80
Norf & W con 4s '96	94½	94
Norf & W div 4s '44	96	96
Norf & W PC&C 4s '41	94	94
Nor Am Cement 6½s '40	18½	18½
North Am Co 5s '61	83⅞	83½
Nor Ohio Tr & Lt 6s A '47	101⅞	101⅞
Nor Pacific pr in 4s '97	82½	82½
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	69	69
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	101	100¾
Nor States Pow 6s B '41	105	105
Ohio Pub Ser 7s B '47	98½	98
Ore Short Line gtd 5s '46	102⅛	102
Ore Wash RR & N 4s '61	81⅞	81
Owens Ill Glass 5s	99½	99⅜
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	103¾	102¾
Pac Tel & Tel rfg 5s '52	106	105⅞
Paramount Public 5½s '50	14⅝	13⅝
Paramount Fam Las 6s '47	15⅛	14¾
Penn Pow & Lt 4½s '81	91⅝	90½
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	81	80
Penn Railraod con 4½s '60	89½	89¼
Penn Railroad gen 4½s '65	79	79
Penn Railroad 4½s D '81	71⅝	71⅝
Penn Railroad gen 5s '68	86⅝	86⅛
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	97½	97
Peoples Gas L&C (Chi) 5s '47	103½	103½
Peoples Gas L&C (Chi) 6s '43	108⅝	108⅝
Pere Marquette 5s '56	42	41
Phil Balt & Wash 4s '43	95	95
Phillips Pet 5¼s '39	73⅞	73¾
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	80⅞	80⅝
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	97½	97⅝
Philadelphia Elec Co 4½s '67	104⅝	104⅛
Phil & Read C&I 5s '73	57	57
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	43½	43
Phil Railway 4s '37	23	23
Pillsbury Flour M 6s '43	100	100
Pitts CC&StL 5s A '70	83	83
Pitts CC&StL 5s B '75	86	86
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	58	57⅞
Port Gen Elec 5s '35	92½	92½
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	26⅞	26½
Pressed Steel Car 5s '33	76½	76½
Pub Svc E&G 4s	97½	97½
Pure Oil 5½s '37	78½	78½
Purity Baking 5s '48	58¼	58¼
Richfield Oil co of Cal 6s '44	27⅞	27⅞
Richfield Oil Co of Cal 5s ct	27¼	27¼
Rock I Ar&LLou 4½s '34	22¼	21¾
St Louis IM&S 4s R&G div '33	44¾	44
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	10¼	10
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	8½	8¼
St Louis & SF 4½s ct star	7½	7¼
St Louis & SF 5s B '50	10	10
St Louis & SF A ct	10	10
St Louis SW fdy	24½	24
StP Union Depot rfg 5s '72	98⅝	98⅝
Seabd AL 6s	2½	2½
Seabd A L 6s ct	2½	2½
Sharon Steel Hoop 5½s '48	40	40
Shell Pipe 5s '52	84⅜	84⅛
Shell Union 5s '47	84¼	84
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	84⅝	83½
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	99½	99
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	102	101⅞
Sinclair Pipe L Lsf 5s '42	103	103
Skelly Oil Co 5½s '39	70⅜	70⅜
Solvay Amer Inv 5s '42	85	84⅝
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	106	105⅝
Southern Colo Pow 6s '47	75	75
Southern Pacific col 4s '49	49	48
Southern Pacific rfg 4s '55	74	74
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	45⅝	45½
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	45	45
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	45¾	44½
Southern Pacific Ore A 4½s '77	64⅜	64⅜
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	18½	18
Southern Ry con 5s '94	59¼	59¼
Southern Ry gen 6½s '56	26	25⅞
Southern Ry 4s M&O div '38	29¼	27½
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	105	104⅝
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	97¼	96⅞
Studebaker 6s '42	44¼	44
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	94½	93
Ter RR Asso StL4½s'39	99	99
Texas Corp 5s '44	92⅞	92⅝
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	40⅝	40
Truax Traer Coal 6½s '43	28	28
Trumbell Steel 6s '40	50⅜	50⅜
Union El L & P 1st 5s '57	102	101¾
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	97⅝	97½
Union Pacific 4s '68	77½	77
US Rubber Co 5s '47	39	38⅞
Utah Lt & Trac 5s '44	65¼	65
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	68	68
Util Pow & Lt 5s '59 ww	28⅝	28
Vanadium 5s '41	42	42
Vera Cruz & P 4½s A '34	2¼	2¼
Virginia Elec & Pow 5½s	100¾	100¾
Wabash RR 5s B '76	5⅛	5⅛
Wabash RR 5½s '75	5	5
Wabash RR 5s D '80	6	5⅛
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	18¾	18½
West Pa Pow 5s E '63	105⅝	105⅝
Western Electric 5s '44	98⅛	98⅛
Wesern Maryland 4s '52	57	57
Western Maryland 5½s '77	59	59
Western Pacific 5s A '46	28	28
Western Union R E 4½s '50	58⅛	58⅛
Western Union 5s '51	56⅞	56⅜
Western Union 6½s '36	70	69½
Western Uion 5s '60	56	55½
Wheeling Steel 4½s B '53	54	54
Wilson & Co 1st 6s '41	87¼	87¼
Youngstown Sheet 5s A '78	57	57
Youngstown Sheet 5s B '70	57	57

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last Dec 9	Last Dec 8
3½s '47	102	102	102	101.31
1st 4¼s '47	102.8	102.2	102.6	102.6
4th 4¼s '38	103.20	103.17	103.18	103.18
US 3s '55	96.23	96.21	96.23	96.19
US 3⅛s '49	98	98	98	97.31
US 3⅜s '43 June	101.19	101.19	101.19	101.17
US 3⅜s '47	100.26	100.26	100.26	100.31
US 3⅜s '56	102.25	102.20	102.22	102.23
US 4s '54	104.23	104.19	104.20	104.21
US 4¼s '52	108.21	108.7	108.21	108.16

FOREIGN BONDS

	High	Low
Antioquia 1st 7s '57	7	7
Antioquia 7s A '45	7⅛	7⅛
Antioquia 7s B '45	7⅛	7⅛
Antioquia 7s C '45	7⅛	7⅛
Antwerp 5s '58	74⅛	74
Argentine Gov 5½s '62	43	42⅝
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	48	47
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	48⅛	48⅛
Argentine Gov 6s Mar '60	48⅛	47⅛
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	46⅛	46⅛
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	48	48⅛
Argentine Gov 6s May '61	47	46⅛
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	48	47⅝
Australia 4½s '56	66⅛	66
Australia 5s '55	72⅛	72
Australia 5s '57	71	70⅛
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	80⅛	80⅛
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	91	91
Austria Hydro 6½s	41⅝	41
Austria (Upper) 6½s '57	32⅝	32
Bavarian Pal 6½s '42	33	32
Belgium (King) 6s '55	98	98
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	99⅝	99⅝
Belgium (King) 7s '55	103⅛	103⅛
Belgium (King) 7s '56	102⅝	102⅝
Berlin (City) 6½s '50	43	43
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	40	40
Berlin Elec 6s '59	34⅝	34⅝
Berlin Elev (City) 6½s '56	47	47
Berlin Elec 6s '56	52	52
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '58	4	4
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '69	4½	4⅛
Brazil (Cen El Ry) 7s '52	14⅛	14
Brazil 6½s '26-'57	14⅛	14⅛
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	15	14⅛
Brazil (US) 8s '41	18½	18½
Brisbane 5s '50	70½	70½
Brisbane 5s '58	64½	64½
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	21⅝	21
Buenos Aires (Prov) 6½s '61	21⅝	21½
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	81⅛	81
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	99	98⅞
Chile (Bank) 6s '61	8½	8½
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	8⅝	8⅝
Chile (Rep) 6s '61	8⅞	8⅞
Chile (Rep) 7s '42	6	6
Chilean Loan 7s '60	4⅛	4½
China (Gov) Hu-K Ry 5s '51	16¼	16¼
Cologne (City) 6½s '50	25	24½
Colombia Mtg Bk 6½s '47	25	25
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	25	24½
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	29	29
Cordoba (City) 7s '57	12	12
Cordoba (Prov) 7s '42	24⅝	24½
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '53	78⅛	78
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '45	41	41
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	8⅛	8⅛
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s '51	93	93
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	72½	72½
Denmark (King) 5½s '55	84⅛	84½
Dutch El 6s '47	100⅛	100⅛
Dutch El sf 6s '62	100½	100¼
Fiat 7s '46 war	92⅝	92⅝
Framerican Dev 7½s '42	100½	100⅝
Frankfort 6½s '53	35¼	35
French (Rep) 7s '49	119⅝	119⅝
French (Rep) 7½s '41	126	125¾
German 7s '49	71	70⅝
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	57¼	57⅛
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	49	48⅝
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	48⅝	48½
Germ Con Agr 6½s '58 rcts	38¼	38¼
Germ Gen Elec 6s '48	40¼	40
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	50⅝	50
Graz 8s '54	46⅝	46½
Greek 6s '68	19	19
Haiti (Rep) 6s '52	74	74
Helsingfors 6½s '60	47	47
Hungary Ld Mtg 7½s A '61	25	25
Hungary Mun 7½s '45	13	13
Italian Pub Util 7s '52	86⅛	85⅝
Italy (King) 7s '51	98⅝	98⅝
Jap (Con Pwr) 6½s '50	35	33⅞
Jap (Con Pwr) 7s '44	42½	42
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	60¼	60
Karstadt 6s '43	30	30
Lyons (City) 6s '34	104½	104½
Milan (City) 6½s '52	81⅝	81⅝
New South Wales 5s '57	69⅛	69
New South Wales 5s '58	69¼	69⅛
North German Lloyd 6s '47	48⅛	46
Norway (King) 5½s '65	80⅝	79⅞
Norway (King) 6s '44	83¼	83
Norway (King) 6s '52	84	83⅞
Norwegian El 5½s '57	63⅝	62¼
Ont Pow Svc 5½s '50	66	66
Oslo (City) 6s '55	80	80
Panama (Rep) 5½s '53	100	100
Peru (Gov) 6s '60	4⅞	4⅞
Peru (Gov) 6s '61	4⅞	4⅞
Poland (Gov) 6s '40	55	55
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	53	53
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	57⅛	57⅛
Prague (City) 7½s '52	88	88
Prussia 6½s '51	40⅛	40⅛
Rhine Main 7s '50	56⅛	56⅛
Rhine Westphalia 6s '52	46	45⅛
Rhine Westphalia 6s '53 ww	48	48⅛
Rhine Westphalia 6s '55 ww	49¼	49
Rhine Ruhr 6s '53	41⅞	41⅛
Rhinelbe 7s '46	48⅞	48⅛
Rima Steel Corp 7s '555	36	36
Rio de Janeiro (City) 6½s '53	7⅛	7⅛
Rio G do Sul (State) 6s '68	9⅛	9⅛
Rio G do Sul (State) 8s '46	11¼	11¼
Rome (City) 6½s '52	84	84
Royal Dutch 4s '45 ww	86	86
Roumania 7s '59	32⅞	32⅛
San Paulo (City) 6½s '57	9	9
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '40	51⅛	51
Saxon Pub Wks 7s '45	56	56
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	18	18
Serbs Cro & Slov 8s '62	19½	19½
Shinyetsu El Pw 6½s '52	36	36
Siemens 6½s '51	68⅛	68⅛
Silesia Elec Corp 6½s '36	36	36
Silesia (Prov) 7s '58	41	40⅛
Styria (Prov) 7s '46	44	44
Sydney 5½s '55	65⅛	65⅜
Sweden (King) 5½s '54	94⅛	94
Swiss Government 5½s '46	105	105
Taiwan Elec 5½s '71	41⅝	41⅛
Tokyo (City) 5½s '61	42⅛	41⅛
Tokyo Elec Lt 6s '53	38⅛	35⅛
Tyrol 7½s '55	51	50⅛
U K Gt Br & I 5½s '37	104⅛	104
Uni Stl W 6½s A '47	43⅛	43
Uni Stl W 6½s A '51	43	43
Unterelbe 6s '53	47	47
Vienna 6s '52	58⅛	55⅛
Venetian Mtg Bk 7s '52	86⅛	85⅛
Warsaw 7s '58	38⅛	38⅛
Westphalia El 6s '53	40⅛	40⅛
Yokohama (City) 6s '61	47	47

POSTPONEMENT NECESSARY IN DEBT PROBLEM

Get More in Long Run, Says Benjamin Anderson —Against Cancellation

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 9—That the United States should collect as much of the interallied debts as is consistent with putting world trade and international credit on a sound and permanent basis, is the belief of Dr. Benjamin M. Anderson Jr., economist of the Chase National Bank of New York City, as expressed today in a discusion of war debts, politics and economics before the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce. He asserted that we would get more out of our debtors over the years if we showed consideration now.

Dr. Anderson said in part:

"The economic aspects of the interallied debt question, though not simple, are pretty definite and clear. The political side of the matter, involving cross currents of public opinion in every country, together with disagreements which are, in certain cases, radical as between different countries, is difficult and obscure.

"Last winter and early last spring the political problem looked almost hopeless, because Germany, France and the United States all seemed quite uncompromising and inflexible. Today, the outlook is much brighter, though very much remains to be done before a settlement can be reached.

Economic Aspects

"I would suggest the following as a sound economic view of the matter from the American point of view. It is to our interest to collect as much as we can of these interallied debts without doing a disproportionate damage to our foreign markets and perpetuating the disorder in our own internal trade and finance.

"Our own Government needs money, our taxes are going to have to be increased in any case, and our taxpayers are reluctant to assume any more burdens than are absolutely necessary.

"If it were a simple question of relieving European taxpayers or relieving American taxpayers, the American economist could give only one answer, and the European economist could make no case. But the fact is that the existence of these debts has been violently disturbing to trade and credit at home and abroad; that the intergovernmental debt fabric, including reparations, is one of the major causes that brought about the crisis and the great depression, and that the unsettled state of intergovernmental debts is one of the main causes that perpetuates the depression.

"It is of no use to our budget or to our taxpayers to collect 250 or 260 million dollars a year from European debtors, even assuming that we could do it, when the effort to make such collection perpetuates the disorder that has pulled our tax receipts down by billions of dollars and has pulled our national income, including wages, down by tens of billions of dollars.

Defer Payments Proposed

"It would be to our economic advantage to cancel the whole thing if that were the only way out—just as it would be to the economic advantage of every one of our debtors to complete an agreement with us and with Germany whereby each of them paid as much as she could and received nothing, in order to get the thing settled and out of the way.

"Uncertainty regarding the matter, and delay in adjusting the matter, are damaging to every one of us to an appalling degree. It is not necessary to cancel these debts and I am in favor of collecting as much of them as we can collect, consistent with getting world trade and international credit restored on a sound and permanent basis.

"I think that we can ultimately collect a good deal, if we modify our tariff policy so as to permit our debtors to earn the dollars they must pay us—a change in policy which is necessary in any case for the restoration of our export trade.

"I do not believe that it is to our economic advantage to insist on immediate payment. I believe that it is to our economic advantage to reconsider the whole matter, to defer payments for a time, and to scale down the schedules for future payments in many important cases."

COMMODITY PRICES

NEW YORK, Dec. 9—The following are commodity prices quoted on the floor of the New York Produce Exchange and comparisons with last week and a year ago:

	Dec. 9	Wk Ago	Yr Ago
Wheat, No. 2 red	$.65½	$.64¼	$.72
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.41¼	.41¼	.52⅝
Oats, No. 2 white	.26⅝	.26¼	.37⅛
Flour	3.55	3.60	4.40
Beef, family	12.50	13.00	17.00
Pork	16.00	16.50	18.50
Lard	.0475	.0505	.0620
Cotton, Mid Up	.0580	.0590	.0605
Zinc	.0312	.0315	.0318
Iron	13.34	13.50	15.51
Steel, bil Pitt	26.00	26.00	29.00
Copper	.05	.05¼	.0650
Tin	.2275	.2275	.2070
Rubber	.03¼	.03¼	.0463
Sugar	.0415	.0415	.0440
Lead	.0285	.0285	.0385
Print cloth	.02⅛	.02⅛	.03⅜

OIL PROBLEMS DISCUSSED

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (AP)—The executive committee of the American Petroleum Institute finds that greater coöperation has been effected with public officials in handling production problems of the oil industry. A statement issued after the first monthly meeting of the new committee added, however, that "much remains to be done." Taxation, the committee said, is a subject of "growing concern," and gasoline tax funds are being diverted "to numerous purposes having no relation to the highways," even to the "propagation of oysters."

LONDON QUOTATIONS

LONDON, Dec. 9 (AP)—Consols for money today were 74, De Beers 4⅝ and Rand Mines 4¼. Money was ⅝ and discount rates—short bills ¾@13-16 and three month bills 13-16@⅞ per cent.

New York Curb Market

By the Associated Press

INDUSTRIALS

Sales (in hundreds)		High	Low	12:30
1	Alum Co Am	49	48¾	49
†50	Alum Co Am pf	40	40	40
6	Am Beverage	4	3¾	4
1	Am Cit P&LB	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
3	Am Cyan B	4⅛	4	4
6	Am El Sec pf	4½	3⅝	4½
2	Am Founders	13-16	13-16	13-16
12	Am Gas & El	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛
12	Am Sup Power	5	5	5
1	Am Sup P 1 pr	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞
2	Am Transformer	2⅛	2	2⅛
3	Ark Nat Gas A	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1	Armstrong Ck	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
1	As G & El A	2¼	2¼	2¼
1	Axton Fisher A	74½	74½	74½
	B			
4	Blue Rid cv pf	27⅝	27½	27⅝
	C			
3	Can Marc Wirel	1	1	1
1	Cent St El	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
1	Cent St El war	¾	¾	¾
11	Cities Service	3	2⅞	2⅞
†25	Colum G&E cv pf	80	80	80
1	Colum O & G vtc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2	Comwlth Edis	72	72	72
3	Comwlth&So war	1-16	⅛	⅛
2	Cord Corp	5	4⅞	5
2	Creole Pet	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
	D			
2	Deere & Co	9	8¾	8⅞
1	Detroit Aircraft	3-16	3-16	3-16
	E			
1	East Gas & F	5½	5½	5½
1	Eisler Elec	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
41	El Bond & Sh	19¼	18¾	19
1	El Bond & Sh pf	36	36	36
3	Europ El deb rts	⅜	⅜	⅜
3	Evans Wallo	¼	3-16	3-16
	F			
2	Fed Corp	18	18	18
1	Fiat rcts	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
†20	First Nat Strs 1pf	110	110	110
1	Fisk Rub	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1	Ford M Can A	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
	G			
4	Gen Fireprfg	4	4	4
1	Gold Seal Elec	⅜	⅜	⅜
1	Goldman Sachs	2¾	2¾	2¾
10	†Gt Atl & P nv	147	147	147
30	†Gt A & P 1st pf	118½	118¾	118¾
2	Groc Str vtc	⅞	⅞	⅞
2	Gulf Oil Pa	30	29⅝	29⅝
	H			
2	Hudson Bay M&S	3⅛	3	3⅛
	I			
1	Insuran Sec	⅝	⅝	⅝
1	Internat Pet	10¼	10¼	10¼
1	Irving Air Ch	5	5	5
	L			
9	Lake Shore M	30	29¾	29¾
5	Louis L&E	¾	¾	¾
	M			
1	Memphis N Gas	3½	3½	3½
1	Mercant Strs	10	10	10
†25	Metro Ed pf	66	66	66
1	Mid West Util	¼	¼	¼
1	Mo-Kans P L	¼	¼	¼
	N			
7	Nat Bellas Hess	1½	1⅜	1½
†50	Nat Casket pf	89	86	89
1	Nat Fuel G	13	13	13
2	Nat Investors	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
1	Newmont Min	14½	14½	14½
4	Niag Hud Pow	13⅝	14⅝	14⅝
1	Niles-Bem-P	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
2	Novadel-Ag	45½	45	45⅝
	O			
1	Ohio Cop	⅛	⅛	⅛
	P			
1	Pac G & E 1 pf	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
†50	Parker Rust-Pr	28¼	28¼	28¼
5	Pennroad	1⅝	1½	1⅝
1	Pie Bakeries	1	1	1
1	Pilot Radio A	2¼	2¼	2¼
24	Pioneer Gold	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
3	Pub Ut Hold war	1-16	1-16	1-16
	R			
†75	Rwy & Lgt Sec	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
5	Rainbow Lum B	¼	¼	¼
1	Reybarn Inc	⅞	⅞	⅞
	S			
†25	Safety Sar H & L	20¼	20¼	20¼
1	Salt Cr Prod	4	4	4
5	Segal Lock	½	½	½
2	Selby Shoe	9⅝	9½	9½
3	Southern Corp	1	1	1
59	St Oil Ind	23½	23¼	23⅝
2	St Oil Ky	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
1	St Pow & L pf	35½	35½	35½
6	Starrett pf	½	½	½
2	Stuts Mot Am	11½	11	11½
1	Sun Inv pf	25	25	25
5	Swift & Co	7½	7½	7½
	T			
1	Technicolor	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
1	Teck-Hugh G	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
1	Transcont Air	3½	3½	3½
1	Tung-Sol Lamp	2	2	2
	U			
2	Union Oil (1)	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
3	Unit Founders	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
9	Unit Gas pf (3½)	23	22⅝	23
5	Un Lt&Pw A	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞
†50	Un Lt&P cv pf	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜
5	Util Pow & Lt	1⅝	1½	1⅝
	V			
4	Van Camp	⅛	⅛	⅛
	W			
23	Wrt Hargr (.22½b)	3⅛	3	3
	Y			
1	Y Oil & Gas	1¼	1¼	1¼

DOMESTIC BONDS

Sales		High	Low	12:30
5	Ala Pow 5s '51	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
10	Alum Co 5s '52	94⅜	94¼	94⅜
6	Am El & P 6s '57A	28⅛	28	28
15	Am G&E 5s 2028	82⅛	82	82⅛
1	Am G & Pow 6s '39	30	30	30
1	Am P & L 6s 2016	57	57	57
3	Am Rad 4½s '47	94⅛	93½	94⅛
26	Am Roll M 5s '48	49	48½	49
11	Am Roll M 4½s '33	56½	56	56
1	Appal Gas 6s '45	4½	4½	4½
7	Appal Elec Pw 5s '56	85	84⅞	85
9	Ark P&L 5s '56	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛
14	As Elec 4½s '53	42½	42¼	42¼
1	As G&E5½s'38inv ctf	21¼	21¼	21¼
1	As G&E 5s '50	22	22	22
9	As G&E 5s '68	22¼	22	22¼
6	As G&E 4½s '49 C	20⅞	20⅛	20⅛
5	As Rayon 5s '50	42⅛	42½	42½
4	As T&T 5½s '55 A	26¼	26⅛	26¼
26	B & O RR 5s F '96	43½	42⅛	42⅝
6	Bell T Can 5s '55 A	95⅛	95	95
2	Bingham LH&P 5s '46	91	91	91
1	Broad Riv P 5s '54A	44	44	44
10	Can Pac 6s '42	84	84	84
1	Can Nat Ry 5s '54	86½	86½	86½
11	Caro P & L 5s '56	61	61	61
2	Cen Ill P S 4½s '81H	70	70	70
5	Cen Ill P S 4½s '67F	69½	69	69
10	Cen P&L 5s '56	64½	64½	64½
10	Gen P Sv 5½s '49 xw	3	3	3
26	Cen P Svc 5½s '49	3⅛	3	3
3	Cen St El 5½s '54	39	39	39
4	eCn St El 5s '48	37	36⅝	36⅝
1	Cin St Car 6s '55 B	60	60	60
11	Cities Ser 5s '50	37¼	37	37
3	Cit S Gas 5½s '42	47½	47½	47½
2	Cit S G Pipe 6s '43	56½	56½	56½
2	Cit S Pow 5½s '52	40	39½	40
1	Clev E Ill 5s '39	104¾	104¾	104¾
2	Comwl Ed 5s '53 A	101½	101¼	101½
4	Comwl Ed 5s'54 B	101¼	101	101¼
7	Comwl Ed 4½s '57D	96	96	96
1	Comwl Ed 4½s '60E	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
16	Comwl Ed 4s '81 F	88¼	88	88
6	Comwl Ed 5½'62 G	105	105	105
5	Comwl Sub 5½s'48 A	74¼	74¼	74¼
1	Commun P&L 5s'57	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞
29	Conn Riv P 5s '52 A	94⅞	94⅜	94⅜
1	Con GELt&P 4½s'35	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
4	C GEL&P B 4½'70H	104	104	104
10	C GELt&P B 4s'81	97⅜	97¼	97¼
2	Con G Balt 4½s'54	103½	103½	103½
7	Con G Ut 6s '43A	26	25⅞	26
1	Consum P 5s '36	104¼	104¼	104¼
4	Consum P 4½s '58	102	102	102
10	Cont G&E 5s'58 A	54⅝	54¼	54⅛
4	Dayton P&L 5s '41	104½	104½	104½
1	Denver G&E 5s '49	100½	100½	100½
5	Det Int Br 6½s '52	4	3⅞	3⅞
1	Ed El Ill 5s '34	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
2	Elec P&L 5s 2030	43⅞	43	43⅞
1	Empire Dis E 5s '52	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛
2	Fed Water 5½s '54	42½	42½	42½
3	Fisk R 5½s '31 cod	44¼	44¼	44¼
5	Fla P&I 5s '54	61½	61½	61½
2	Fla P 5½s '79 A	59⅝	59¼	59½
1	Gatin P 6s '41	54	54	54
2	Gatin P 6s '41 B	53¼	53	53
10	Gen Bronze 6s '40	49½	49	49
2	Gen Mot Ac 5s '35	102¾	102¾	102¾
7	Gen W Wk 5s '43 A	41	40⅝	41
83	Geo Pow 5s '67	80	79⅛	80
1	Gt West P 5s '46	102½	102½	102½
66	Gulf Oil Pa 5s '47	98⅛	98	98
1	Hous Lt&P 4½s'78 D	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
6	Hous Lt&P 4½s'81 E	90	90	90
1	Ill Pw&L 5s '56 C	64	64	64
3	Ill Pow&L 5½s '57	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝
1	Ill Pow&L 6s '53 A	69½	69½	69½
17	Ill Pow & L 5½s'54B	66⅛	66	66
2	Ind & Mich 5s '55	95½	95½	95½
1	Ind Hyd El 5s '58 A	71½	71½	71½
1	Ind Svc 5s '50	33½	33½	33½
10	Indnapls P&L 5s'57A	86	86	86
1	Inter P Sec 7s '57 E	89	89	89
5	Inter P Sec 6½s'55C	87	87	87
5	Inters Pow 5s '57	60	60	60
2	Inters PS 5s'56D	69½	69½	69½
2	Inters P S 4½s '58	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝
10	Jamaica W 5½s '55A	100½	100½	100½
1	Jer C P&L 4½s'61C	90	90	90
3	Jer C P&L 5s '47 B	98⅝	98½	98⅝
2	Kan P&L 5s '57 B	83	83	83
2	Ky Util 5s '61 H	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛
3	Kop G & C 5½s '50	74	74	74
1	LibMcN&L 5s '42	55	55	55
1	LongIslLt 6s '45	95	95	95
2	LouisG&EKy4½s'61C	97½	97½	97½
5	LouisP&L 5s '57	88¼	88⅛	88¼
1	Man P 5½s '51 A	43	43	43
5	Mass Gas 5s '55	83½	83¼	83½
7	MemphP&L 5s '48	100	99½	100
1	MidWUt 5s '35	8	8	8
4	Miss Pow 5s '55	65⅛	65	65⅛
8	MonWP 5½s'53B	67⅛	66⅞	67⅛
5	MontLH&P 5s'51A	90½	90⅛	90½
1	Narragan 5s '57	98½	98½	98½
2	NatPubSvc 5s'78	19	19	19
1	NewAmsterGas 5s'48	96	96	96
7	NE G&E 5s '50	54⅛	54	54
1	NE Pow 5½s '54	56	56	56
1	NE Pow 5s '51	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
2	NY & Wst Lt 4s 2004	94	94	94
3	NYChi&StL 6s '35	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
7	N Y PP&Lt 4½s'67	92⅝	92⅜	92⅜
1	N Y St E&G 4½s'80	83	83	83
4	Niag Fall P 5s'59 A	102	101⅝	102
10	Nor Am L&P 5s '33	100¼	100¼	100¼
1	Nor A L&P 5½s'56 A	42½	42½	42½
10	Nor Ind P S 5s'66 C	83	82	82½
2	Nor Oh P&L 5½s'51	97½	97½	97½
7	Nor State P 4½s'61	91½	91½	91½
3	Nor'west Pow 6s '60	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
4	Ohio Edis 5s'60	96	96	96
84	Ogden Gas 5s'45	94⅛	94	94⅛
5	Ohio Pub S 5½s'51 B	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
5	Okla G&E 5s '50	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
2	Oswego Falls 6s '41	51	51	51
12	Pac G&E 4½s'65 F	97⅛	96⅝	96⅞
11	Pac G&E 5½s '52 C	105	104⅞	105
1	Pac G&E 6s '41 B	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜
10	Pac P&L 5s '55	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛
1	Pen Cen P&L 4½s'77	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛
1	Pen El 4s '71 F	70½	70½	70½
16	Pen O P&L 5½s'54 A	99⅝	99	99⅝
1	Pen Pow 5s'56	99¼	99¼	99¼
17	Peo Gas L&C 6s'57C	104	103⅝	103⅞
1	Piedmnt El 6½s'60 A	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛
7	Pitts Coal Co 6s'49	85½	85	85½
100	P Sv NIll 5½s '37 G	102½	101⅞	102½
1	Pub Sv NJ 6s ctfs	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝
2	P Svc Okla 5s C '61	69	69	69
3	Pug SP&L 4½s '50 D	59½	59½	59½
1	Quebec Pow 5s '68 A	82	82	82
1	Rem Arms 5½s '33	95⅛	95½	95½
1	St L Gas&C 6s '47	16	16	16
5	Safe Har W 4½s '79	99	99	99
1	Seattle Lt 5s '49	44	44	44
1	Sierra San F 5s '49	83	83	83
6	Sioux C G&E 6s A'47	89	88½	89
17	SEP&L 6s 2025 A xw	71	70⅛	70½
2	So Cal Ed 5s '52	103	102½	103½
1	So Cal Ed 5s '54	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
4	South Nat Gas 6s '44	43¼	43	43
4	Stan G&E 6s'35 ct	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛
4	Stand G&E 6s'66	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛
5	Superpw Ill 4½s'70	73¼	73¼	73¼
1	Tenn El P 5s'56	89¼	89¼	89¼
2	Tenn Pub S 5s'70	84	84	84
5	Tex City Gas 5s'48	44½	44⅛	44½
1	Tex El S 5s'60	80	80	80
10	Tex P&L 5s'56	81	80½	80½
15	Toledo Ed 5s'62	95⅝	95¼	95¼
5	Tri Util 5s'79	½	⅜	⅜
5	Twin C R Tr 5½'52A	28	28	28
3	Ulen & Co 6s'44	20	19⅞	20
2	Union El 5s'67 B	101¾	101½	101¾
1	Un L&P 5½s'59	72¼	72¼	72¼
6	Un L&Ry 5½s'52	53¼	53	53
1	U S Rub 6½s'39	37	37	37
2	Van Camp Pg 6s'48	25	25	25
1	Virg Pb S 5½'46A	70	70	70
1	Wash Wat P 5s '60	98	98	98
2	Wst U G&E5½s '55A	82½	82½	82½
1	Yadkin Riv P 5s '41	88	88	88

FOREIGN BONDS (Sales in $1000)

Sales		High	Low	12:30
53	Baden C Mun 7s '51	59	56	58
20	Buen Air Pr 7½s '47	31¾	30	30
13	Bues Air Pr 7s '52	24½	24½	24½
2	Cauca Val 7s '48	5½	5½	5½
5	Cent Bk Ger 6s '51B	52	51¾	51¾
2	Danish Con 5½s '55	82	82	82
5	Europ El 6½s '65 xw	60¼	60¼	60¼
5	Europ Mg 7s '67C	31⅛	31	31⅛
2	Ger C Mun 7s '47	45½	45½	45½
12	Hambrg El 5½s '38	61⅝	61¼	61⅝
4	Hanover City 7s '39	43½	43½	43½
5	Hung-It-B 7½'63 AC	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛
6	It Sup Pw 6s '63 A	48⅝	48	48⅝
3	Maranh Brazil 7s'58	7	7	7
1	Medellin Col 7s '51	10¼	10¼	10¼
3	Mendoza P 7½'51	19¼	19	19
2	Rio de Jan 6½s '59	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
16	Ruhr Gas 6½s '53 A	50⅞	50	50
1	Saar Basin C 7s '35	99¼	99¼	99¼
8	Stinnes 7s '46 xw	41¾	41¾	41¾

†Actual sales.

MONEY MARKET

New York Quotations

Call loans	Today	Last Pre.	Yr. Ago
Stock Exch.	1%	1%	2½%
Curb Exch. renewal rate	1½%	1½%	3%
Com paper	1½	1½	3¾@4
Bar silver	25⅜c	25¼c	29⅝c
Time loans—60 to 90 days	½	½	3 @3½
4 to 6 months	¾@1	¾@1	3 @3½

Bankers' Acceptance Market

	Today	Last Pre.	Yr. Ago
30 days	½@ ⅜	½@ ⅜	3⅛@3
60 days	½@ ⅜	½@ ⅜	3⅛@3
90 days	½@ ⅜	½@ ⅜	3⅛@3
4 months	⅝@ ½	⅝@ ½	3¼@3
5 months	⅞@ ¾	⅞@ ¾	3⅞@3¾
6 months	⅞@ ¾	⅞@ ¾	3⅞@3¾

London Quotations

	Today	Last Pre.	Yr. Ago
Call money	⅝%	⅝%	3¾%
Short bills	¾@ 13-16	¾@ 13-16	5¾@6
3 mos bills	⅞@ 13-16	⅞@ 13-16	5¾@6
Bar gold	127s 11d	126s 8d	125s 3d
Bar silver	17⅝d	17⅝d	20 13-16d

Boston Quotations

	Today	Last Pre.	Yr. Ago
Call money	2%	2%	3½%
Com paper	2	2	3¾@4¼

Leading Central Bank Rates

Atlanta	3½%	Bucharest	7%
Boston	3½	Budapest	4½
Chicago	2½	Calcutta	4
Cleveland	3½	Copenhagen	3½
Dallas	3½	Helsingfors	6½
Kansas City	3½	Lisbon	6
Minneapolis	3½	London	2
New York	2½	Madrid	6½
Philadelphia	3½	Oslo	4
Richmond	3½	Paris	2½
San Francisco	3½	Prague	4½
St. Louis	3½	Riga	6
Amsterdam	2½	Rome	5
Athens	9	Sofia	2½
Berlin	4	Stockholm	3½
Berne	2	Tokyo	5.11
Bombay	4	Vienna	6
Brussels	3½	Warsaw	6

Foreign Exchange Rates

Current quotations of foreign exchanges compare with the last previous figures as follows:

Europe	Today	Last Prev.	Parity
Sterling:			
Demand	$3.23⅝	$3.22½	$4.8665
Cables	3.23⅝	3.22⅝	4.8665
France—franc	.0390⅞	.0390⅞	.0392
Belgium—belga	.1385	.1385	.139
Italy—lira	.0513	.0512½	.0526
Germany—mark	.2378	.2379	.2381
Austria—schill'g	.1400	.1400	.1407
Cz'ch'via—crown	.0296½	.0296½	.0296
Denmark—krone	.1674	.1685	.268
Finland—finm'rk	.0155	.0155	.0252
Greece—dr'chma	.0600	.0600	.129
Holland—florin	.4016	.4016	.402
Hungary—pengo	.1700	.1700	.1749
Norway—krone	.1663	.1672	.268
Poland—zloty	.1118	.1118	.1122
Port'gal—escudo	.0300	.0300	.4420
Roumania—leu	.0600	.0600	.5960
Spain—peseta	.0816	.0815	.193
Sweden—krona	.1761	.1774	.268
Switz'land—franc	.1923	.1923	.193
Yugoslavia—dinar	.0179	.0179	.0176
Far East			
Hong Kong—dol	.2175	.2175	*
Shanghai—tael	.2875	.2875	*
India—rupee	.2448	.2448	.3650
Japan—yen	.2100	.2100	.4984
Java—florin	.4018	.4018	.4020
Phil Islnds—peso	.4975	.4975	.50
Sts Stlments—dol	.3738½	.3738½	.5678
South America			
Argentina—dol	.2581	.2581	.4245
Brazil—milreis	.0763	.0763	.1196
Chile—peso	.0605	.0605	.12165
Colombia—peso	.9500	.9500	.9733
Peru—sol	.1600	.1600	.4000
Uruguay—peso	.4775	.4775	1.0342
Canada			
Canada—dollar	.8550	.8625	1.00
Mexico			
Mexico—peso	.4914	.4914	.4985

*Currency in China—cents per silver dollar for Hong Kong and per tael for Shanghai.

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (AP)—General Electric Company announces that it will distribute to its stockholders one share of its holdings of Radio Corporation of America stock for every six shares of General Electric common.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Engineering News Record estimates the value of heavy construction contracts for the week ended Dec. 8 at $28,694,000, or $8,000,000 above the average for the previous four weeks. Two large federal building contracts helped swell the volume.

Amusements

NEW YORK CITY

CORNELIA OTIS SKINNER
Tues., Wed. Eves. and Fri. and Sat. Mats.
THE EMPRESS EUGENIE
Wed. Mat. and Thurs., Fri. and Sat. Eves.
THE WIVES OF HENRY VIII
LYCEUM, W. 45th. Evgs. 8:45. Mats. 2:45.

CIVIC REPERTORY 14th St. and 6 Av. WA. 9-7450
50c, $1, $1.50. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thur. Sat.
EVA LE GALLIENNE, Director
Saturday Matinee ...... "PETER PAN"
Saturday Evening ...... "LILIOM"
Opens Monday Eve., Dec. 12
"ALICE IN WONDERLAND"
Seats 4 wks. adv. Box Off. and Town Hall, 113 W. 43

IF YOU APPOINT THIS BANK,

—executor and trustee under your will, you establish a corporate, yet human guardianship that is permanent, and is beyond the limitations of personal responsibility.

You can be assured of the careful, personal attention which a medium sized bank affords its depositors. A cordial invitation is extended to talk with our Trust Officers.

The Union Trust Company of Boston
111 Devonshire Street

Current Business Is Stimulated By Christmas Trade

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (AP)—Christmas trade is providing the chief current stimulus to business, the mercantile reviews said today.

"The extent of purchasing thus far," asserted Dun's, "gives promise of holiday sales running ahead of last year's figures in the number of units, with dollar totals somewhat less because of the smaller prices which the majority of the items carry. In some cases, these are the lowest in the last decade.

"Consumer demand, which has been notably strong for utility gift merchandise, now is spreading to fancy and novelty items, the response to toy promotions has been surprisingly large, but sales are lagging behind the total of last season."

Except for industries profiting by holiday production, activity is at a slower pace than has been noted "in many weeks," the same review stated. Nevertheless, "while gains are becoming less frequent, operations as a whole are somewhat higher than the comparative level of last December."

Bradstreet's said business was "holding its own without any definite movements in either direction," and that, although pre-holiday trade was satisfactory in volume, profits were either low or nonexistent. Business attention, it added, "is concentrated upon the Washington stage."

SAVINGS BANKS IN MASSACHUSETTS ARE IN STRONG POSITION

Massachusetts mutual savings banks came through in excellent fashion the disturbed situation prevailing in this State's banking field a year ago.

In the year ended June 30, 1932, they lost only 3.3 per cent of their deposits, whereas the State's trust companies, largely as a result of bank closings, lost 45.4 per cent of savings deposits, and national banks lost 19.8 per cent, while the State's savings deposits as a whole declined 9.5 per cent.

In one respect Massachusetts remains the premier state with respect to savings. Her per capital thrift account is still the largest in the country at $604, even though this figure declined $66 in the year to June 30 last. Total savings account in this State of $2,594,760,000 is still the second largest of any state, being exceeded only by $7,336,219,000 in New York.

In the year ended June 30 total savings in Massachusetts declined 9.5 per cent, or from $2,868,485,000 to $2,594,760,000, a better record than that of the country as a whole, which showed a reduction of 13.9 per cent from $28,207,244,000 to $24,281,346,000.

These totals were compiled by W. E. Albig, deputy manager of American Bankers' Association.

BANK CLEARINGS RISE

R. G. Dun & Co. reports a rise of $1,206,624,000 in bank clearings to a total of $4,691,674,000 for the first week in December, although it was pointed out that the previous week had included Thanksgiving and that Dec. 1 settlements figured in the turnover of funds for the last week. New York City clearings were 6.5 per cent under a year ago, but the total for leading centers outside the metropolis was off 18.9 per cent.

Secure NORMAL Income
6%
Income Certificates
Issued for 1 year at 5%, 3 years at 5½%, 5 years at 6%.
THROUGH years of steady advertising, Monitor readers in 45 States have secured dependable income by investing in SILVER STATE Income Certificates, issued for cash or on payments. Dividends are paid by check. Colorado's largest guarantee capital Association. Write for folder C S M
SILVER STATE Building and Loan Association
1644 Welton Street Denver, Colorado
Member U. S. Building and Loan League

PARIS FINDS GOLD NEAR EXPORT POINT

PARIS, Dec. 9 (AP)—The dollar went to 25,6175 francs on the foreign exchange market today, once more hovering about the point at which it would be profitable to ship gold to America.

There was only one shipment today, however, of $620,000 by the Belgian foreign bank. Bankers here said the dollar market was sluggish and they did not expect important gold shipments unless the dollar price should go up.

LONDON, Dec. 9 (AP)—Sterling moved slowly upward this afternoon after a quiet morning session, and closed at $3.22½, near the best point of the day.

Restaurants

NEW YORK CITY

Since 1889

An old and renowned Establishment serving Gentlefolk who desire modified American and French cooking of rare excellence. Everydish compounded of the choicest ingredients and prepared with delicacy, skill and imagination.
It is respectfully solicited that you give the Savarins a just trial. We warrant that the quality will greatly please you. Tariffs moderate.
The SAVARINS
CAFE SAVARIN, 120 BROADWAY
N. Y. LIFE SAVARIN, 4th AV. at 27th
SAVARINETTE, 35 WEST 33rd ST.
SAVARIN IN WALDORF-ASTORIA
THE SAVARIN — PENN. STATION

The Brick House
175 MACDOUGAL STREET
Half Block from Washington Square
Luncheon 50c and 75c
Dinner 85c, $1.00, $1.25
Sunday Dinner: 12 to 3 P. M.—5 to 8 P. M.
Next door to Christian Science church

"Always Something Good to Eat"
Rosoff's
RESTAURANTS
147 WEST 43RD STREET
152 WEST 44TH STREET
AT TIMES SQUARE
6 Course Luncheon, 45c OPEN
7 Course Dinner, 65c SUNDAYS

THE PERIOD
IN GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL
near Lexington Ave. Entrance
CLUB BREAKFASTS
LUNCHEON 50c DINNER 75c
Sunday Dinner 11 A. M.-8 P. M.

The Barclay
50 WEST 56TH STREET
Luncheon 50c Dinner $1.00

Canterbury Lunch
The Best of Foods Sold at Real Value and Served in an Atmosphere of Cheer and Refinement
90 NASSAU STREET 11 A. M.-2:30 P. M.

Yama's T Rooms
651 Lexington Ave. at 55th
13 E. 38th near Madison
Known for delicious food and beautiful atmosphere.
Lexington Ave. open Sundays.

Restaurants

DANVERS, MASS.

James Putnam House and Barn
OPEN THE YEAR ROUND
Christmas Dinner $2.50
Baked Bean Suppers in the Shed 50c
42 SUMMER STREET TEL. 88

SALEM, MASS.

Warren's Inc.
The OASIS
Candy—Ice Cream—Catering
Luncheo 45c and 75c
We carry Page & Shaw Candy, $1.00 lb.
266 ESSEX STREET Phone 72

BARSTOW MANOR and ESSEX HOUSE
Try Us for Your
Christmas Dinner $1.25
Phone 2826

East India House
built in 1706
offers an interesting setting for your
CHRISTMAS DINNER
Private Dining Rooms for Parties
384 ESSEX STREET PHONE 4775
Rooms also available.

MANCHESTER, N. H.

ALMA'S TEA ROOM
HOME MADE PASTRIES
Our Customers Are Pleased
We will close Dec. 25 and 26
DANIEL WEBSTER HIGHWAY

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURE BY BICKNELL YOUNG, C. S. B.

Mr. Bicknell Young, C. S. B., of Chicago, Ill., a member of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship, delivered a lecture entitled "Christian Science Universally Available," last evening, under the auspices of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts, in the church edifice, Falmouth, Norway and St. Paul Streets.

The lecturer was introduced by Mr. Gordon V. Comer, C. S., First Reader in The Mother Church, who said:

It is comforting to know that there is a law of God, or good, universally available, without partiality, to all of us as God's children, and it is the purpose of this lecture to explain the availability, the power, and the changelessness of this law of God, good, as taught by Christian Science; to make plain the means by which men may utilize this law in the solving of their everyday problems; and to tell something of the life and work of Mary Baker Eddy, the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science and the author of its textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures."

I confidently expect that, after this lecture, every one in this church will feel encouraged and strengthened by reason of the truth that will have been made known about God and man.

It is a pleasure for me to welcome you on behalf of The Mother Church and to introduce to you Mr. Bicknell Young of Chicago, Ill., a member of the Board of Lectureship of this church. The subject of Mr. Young's lecture is "Christian Science Universally Available."

The Lecture

The lecturer spoke substantially as follows:

God Is Mind

There has never been given to the world a more reassuring and cheering message than that expressed by the words, God is Mind. It is basic to all understanding and practice of Christian Science. It disposes of the great cloud of beliefs which has associated the word "God" with material concepts. It strengthens our religious convictions and comforts and sustains us with the naturalness of the divine Presence, and it awakens us to the recognition of divine possibilities in our everyday human existence.

At a time when uncertainty prevails and fear and indecision haunt the councils of the wisest and best among men and nations, the divine fact, God is Mind, reveals omnipresence, to dispel the darkness and to make the crooked straight and the "rough places plain."

Those words do not announce a mere theory. They explain the primal, inevitable, divine Principle of all being and of all that the word "being" divinely signifies.

In the light of the statement, God is Mind, it is self-evident, though it may not at first seem to be so, that ideas which reveal God are divine and eternal. It is by means of such ever-living ideas that Christian Science ennobles science and vitalizes religion. Mankind can in this way learn how to turn to God in the moment of fear or danger or difficulty with the same confidence that a little child feels in the arms of his parent.

Christian Science gives this confidence by explaining how human beings can receive divine help under all the trying circumstances of everyday life and living. It must be remembered, however, that this is the Science of the divine Mind. Therefore from the very outset it proves the value of right thinking to anyone who may care to test it, and, by the same token, shows the baneful effects of wrong thinking. It thus brings to light the errors of our ways and awakens us to our individual responsibilities in overcoming them, as no other system has ever done.

Be Not Afraid

In doing this it shows that fear is the one universal wretched heritage of a race that has deified matter, and demands that such deification cease in order that the day of salvation may be *now*, as St. Paul says that it is.

In the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy (p. 410), its author writes, "Christian scientific practice begins with Christ's keynote of harmony, 'Be not afraid!'" How shall we learn to obey this command? The answer in this, and in every instance where a question may arise, is to be found in the basic instruction which Christian Science affords. Every thought which comes to us must be tested. To use a beautiful figure of speech, every thought must be taken to the "throne of grace." If it cannot bear that light it is unworthy to be entertained.

That test immediately disposes of fear, for it is not conceivable that the infinite One, the God who is Mind, could have any fear or could conceive of anything fearful within the range of His own infinite, infallible perfection. Anybody here tonight can remember this and can thereby find great freedom from what seems to be either personal or collective fear. Therefore, again and again and always Christian Science admonishes us, "Be not afraid," and shows us how to obey this admonition.

The Power of Right Thinking

There is a certain divine naturalness in all this. The basic ideas which belong to this Science give it universal applicability. The influence of thought is no longer a fantastic theory that excites alike ignorant and scholarly derision. No longer is it permissible to believe that we live in a world of matter exclusively.

Quite recently many representative physicians in the United States have expressed themselves to the effect that observation and experience in their profession show unmistakably that the functions and organs of the human body are deleteriously affected by the fretful and conflicting emotions of the human mind. This is equivalent to admitting that the habit of undisciplined mentality, and especially of egotistical and self-centered interests, tends to undermine health. It is obvious, however, that while the recognition by the medical profession of the unhealthful influence of erroneous thought coincides up to a certain point with Christian Science doctrine, it is far from this Science in the actual practice which overcomes wrong thinking and all of its effects.

Uninstructed by Christian Science, we find right and wrong inextricably mixed with our desires, our ambitions, and our anticipations. No one can be sure that his thinking is right unless he learns by means of correct study and instruction that there is an immutable standard, and finds out what and where it is. The human heart has longed for this revelation. In the uncertainties and conflicts of human existence how often and how universally have human beings cried out, "Oh, if there were something secure, something certain, something upon which we could place reliance!"

This unexpressed desire begins to be satisfied when one learns to differentiate between right and wrong thinking. In this connection the word "firmament" as used in the first chapter of Genesis is thus defined in the Christian Science textbook (p. 586): "Spiritual understanding; the scientific line of demarcation between Truth and error, between Spirit and so-called matter." This line of demarcation shows unmistakably that thinking needs to be subject to constant correction. True Christian Science practice is always right thinking. Such thinking is founded in divine Principle and operates as the law of divine Principle. It stands untrammeled and unimpaired in the vigor of this original relationship. Our thinking is right when tested by the law of universal good, and no thinking is right unless that thinking invested with unlimited extension and universal influence blesses everybody, including the thinker. "Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself" is not merely a Christian admonition but is the law of self-perpetuating divine Principle.

The Availability to Us of Divine Power

You will observe that when we say, God is Mind, we use the word "Mind" in its infinite meaning, not in any personal or finite sense. In fact, Christian Science shows that the tendency to personalize our redeemer and the way of redemption has not only darkened the religious sense of mankind, but has tended to mislead the Christian world in the hours of greatest need. Nothing finite or personal could represent either our God or our redeemer. Divine ideas alone can meet such a divine requirement.

In this connection it may be remarked that the works of Jesus are as deeply significant as his words. We understand both just in the measure that we attain something of his sublime character. This is equally true of all that relates to him. There is no way of understanding him except in the way that he understood himself. His way was unquestionably the way of pure metaphysics. It bore no resemblance to matter or personality.

He said, "Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that believeth on me, the works that I do shall he do also: and greater works than these shall he do; because I go unto my Father." Without distorting the meaning we might conclude that the words "greater works" here used may mean more universal works, and certain it is that today the conditions which confront the whole world compel our attention and demand our most sincere and fervent prayers, and we see that only as we go to the Father, that is to say, as we seek and find the oneness of Mind and idea, and thereby prepare ourselves to receive divine help, shall we be able to do these greater or more universal works.

The conventional habits and acquired prejudices of material thinking unquestionably hamper us in this endeavor. Science as generally conceived of depends upon the intellect exclusively, yet here is forced upon our concept of science a moral factor, the idea of the power of Principle, divine Love, heretofore unrecognized, but which when put to the test in everyday life is found to be the chiefest among all. By means of it Jesus illustrated divine power humanly, and thereby showed that divine power is always available to human beings, when they know how to avail themselves of it.

The way is simple but exacting. Jesus said, "Strait is the gate, and narrow is the way, which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it." In explaining this way, Mary Baker Eddy, the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, in her books, classifies in general terms all of the afflictive phenomena that come within the scope of human life and living. Disease, sin, and death, with all of their manifestations, as well as worry, lack, and anything and everything that in these days we may call depression, are classified as beliefs or errors. Therefore, Christian Science in healing disease as well as in saving people from sin and sorrow and every other evil thing from which they need to be saved, deals not with matter, but with beliefs, primarily and exclusively.

Christ the Only Saviour

The New Testament reveals that this was the method of Christ Jesus, and his words and works, when carefully considered, show that the power which he exercised was not personal. He did not claim that no one but himself could do such works. He exemplified the right way of healing for all of us. This way was and is scientific in that it is according to divine Principle and rule, and, being scientific, we may walk in it, and he urged his disciples to do so. It was not his personality that made him the Christ, noble and grand though that personality must have been. It was the true idea of God, the actual truth of being, steadfastly present as his thought or consciousness. This was the Christ, and is the Christ now.

This true idea of God may be and should be ever present with us, according to his words, "Lo, I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world," meaning unquestionably even unto the extinction of sin, disease, and death.

This ever-present Saviour, this true idea of God in and as his consciousness, enabled him to overcome death and the grave. He spoke of himself as the Son of God, thereby unquestionably referring to his real selfhood, his spiritual oneness with God. This explains what real sonship is. When our understanding approximates the same standard of absolute Truth, it indicates the same sonship, our real selfhood.

In the twenty-first chapter of St. Luke's Gospel, Jesus prophetically depicts the error of sheer materialism in graphic figures of speech, which are quite as applicable to our time as they were to his: "Men's hearts failing them for fear, and for looking after those things which are coming on the earth: for the powers of heaven shall be shaken." The expression "for the powers of heaven shall be shaken" is particularly apt in view of the fact that the materialism which mankind has ignorantly invested with almost supreme power has indeed been shaken. The admonition and the promise, however, of all that he said on that occasion are to be found in the twenty-eighth verse: "And when these things begin to come to pass, then look up, and lift up your heads; for your redemption draweth nigh."

These words are absolute and unequivocal. They indicate unmistakably that we are individually required to take part in our own redemption and in the redemption of our fellow man.

Materiality a False Basis

Clinging to materiality and seeking materiality simply accentuate the conditions that seem to trouble us individually and racially. The human need is apparent on every hand. Thinking of our troubles is not the way by which to overcome them. Thinking of our need will not meet our need. Material systems of healing and political nostrums of government have failed to make health prevalent or nations secure. Notwithstanding the great improvement in the mere mechanism of existence, there was never more uncertainty and fear, never more questioning and doubt, never more lack of faith in mere human expedients than today.

The average individual if asked whether he can do anything about such conditions or whether he possesses any power to aid mankind or even himself in such a predicament naturally answers, No; yet the rule is the same as it was two thousand years ago: "If ye have faith as a grain of mustard seed, ye shall say unto this mountain, Remove hence to yonder place; and it shall remove; and nothing shall be impossible unto you."

Healing Within Reach of All

If supreme faith is requisite, then sincerity and simplicity are essential in order that the ideas which constitute the activity of divine law may be grasped and demonstrated. Beginning modestly we must continue in the same way. At the same time it would not be becoming modesty, but mere ingratitude if we doubted that our sincerity and devotion to divine Principle could bring us help in this or any hour.

The way in which the healing takes place is mental, or, to speak more accurately, spiritual. It is well known that the practice of this Science is not associated with material remedies or material systems of any kind. It is also well to state that Christian Science has nothing in common with thought transference or telepathy or mental suggestion or hypnotism, and in no respect resembles any other method usually called mental. It is Christian, with none of the aspects whatsoever of paganism or magic. Every thought that accurately explains Christian Science, every thought that makes it correctly apprehensible, every thought that is employed in the true practice of this Science is of divine origin. The whole trend of this Science is to glorify God, good, and to enable mankind to lay hold upon the divine power and utilize it to meet the human need.

Now, if this is proved true, if this Science understood can invoke divine aid, then beyond all question anything that ought to be accomplished to bless and benefit us individually and racially is possible. That individual cases of disease are healed in thousands of instances is therefore not only a matter of great satisfaction and thankfulness on the part of those who are healed, but it is also of great encouragement to individuals, communities, governments, nations, and all mankind.

Why is this so? Simply because of the fact that it can be shown and proved that everybody's belief about disease constitutes the so-called law of disease. In healing any specific case Christian Science treatment nullifies this false law. It is not conceivable that anything less powerful than omnipotence itself could thus destroy the malign influence of fears and beliefs with which humanity individually and collectively afflicts itself.

Let it be said, however, that while it is true that Christian Science Mind-healing may be demonstrated for one person by another, yet it is equally true that the full benefit of this unique Science is gained only by individual effort, and it must be seen that the prejudices and fears which sometimes cause one to hesitate to accept the one infinite Mind as the basis of thought and action are without foundation. One multiplication table is enough for everybody. One honesty is equally so. Everybody may have all of either or all of both, and no one else be deprived of the same full measure of either or both. So it is with one infinite Mind.

Understanding Versus Belief

I must, however, remind you that to test the truth of any statement for one's self requires something more than mere belief in it. Anyone, however slightly informed, would recognize this to be inevitably true of the science of arithmetic. It is equally true of the Science of Mind. Just as we employ whatever intelligence we may already possess in the science of arithmetic, so we must employ it in the Science of Mind.

Scientific Christianity is thus seen to be essential to the welfare of mankind. The understanding of the inspired word of the Bible is requisite for progress and demonstration. "The eternal God is thy refuge, and underneath are the everlasting arms" is one of many passages which unmistakably declare the eternality and immanence of Deity. We tried to believe those inspired and inspiring words of Holy Writ, but we had no idea that they were scientific in the sense of being humanly provable. We liked them and we had great reverence for them and this reverence constituted the greater part of our religion, but until Christian Science made them practical in everyday life all such Biblical sayings were regarded more or less as beautiful sentiments merely.

It ought to be readily admitted that an infinite creation, requiring an infinite creator, requires a science commensurate with both. Consequently this Science must rest upon and proceed from supreme intelligence. It is logically impossible that it should be otherwise. Furthermore, infinity means eternality, and eternality means never dying but ever living. Consequently infinity and everything that shows forth infinity is undying. To be undying or ever living everything must be and is free from any destructive element. In the one infinite Mind or infinity no sin nor disease could ever have being, and if it were possible for any such destructive element to knock at the door of infinite divine consciousness that destructive element would immediately be dissipated into nothingness because of the allness of infinity.

God Is Good

Therefore one of the most helpful statements of Christian Science is "God is good." It is not new but the meaning of it was not fully understood until Christian Science explained it. This Science shows conclusively that infinity must be wholly good, that is to say, good as cause and good in effect. If schools of religion had been as truthful, and that means as scientific, as schools of mathematics, this fact would have been apparent and available throughout the ages of religious history, but it was neither apparent nor available until Christian Science made it so, although stated unmistakably by him who is called the Saviour of mankind, in the words, "Why callest thou me good? there is none good but one, that is God."

God's creation must inevitably resemble the creator, and consequently be perfect and eternal in every detail. All of this perfection exists now and forever. In reality, there will never be more than now, since infinity *is now* and there need be no more.

Spiritual Sight

This hour, according to the testimony of the human senses, is one of anxiety, of fear, doubt, want of faith, and "distress of nations, with perplexity." Though the need appears to be universal, the admonition "when these things begin to come to pass, then look up, and lift up your heads; for your redemption draweth nigh," is individual. What do these words mean? They must mean that we are to lift our mental or spiritual gaze above our material sight and above all sense-testimony.

The Reality of Good

Jesus said to his disciples, "Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect." He was the most profound of philosophers, and Mrs. Eddy declares that he was "the most scientific man that ever trod the globe" (Science and Health, p. 313). It is not possible to believe that he expected them to become suddenly perfect. Unquestionably, he was urging them to think according to the perfection of Principle, for he knew that thinking from the standpoint of Principle is the true way of Science.

This same instruction is quite as good for us as it was for them. Our attitude then must be that of Truth. St. John says in his first epistle, "I have not written unto you because ye know not the truth, but because ye know it, and that no lie is of the truth." Consequently, when we are asked or ask ourselves what we can do in the face of the apparent plight of civilization today, reflected as it is in the want and worry and woe of millions of people, the answer of Christian Science is clear and explicit. We can affirm and know that such a condition is not the truth of God's creation nor anything like it. It is not truth at all, nor is it true in any of its aspects. It is all error, and seeing that it is error, it is to be so classified, and is to be denied and rejected, no matter how insistently it may appear to be going on or how big it may appear to be.

It is quite common knowledge that Christian Scientists are taught to classify all evil as error and to deny it as such. In healing disease Christian Scientists reject the erroneous testimony of the senses. They do not call suffering or disease truth, nor do they associate it with truth or with anything that is true.

While this simple scientific method of treating disease is capable of an amplification that if entered into here would extend far beyond the time at my disposal, it is well known and quite generally acknowledged that by means of it, diseases of the most virulent nature have disappeared from the human body, showing that those diseases were not primarily material, but were due to a state of erring mentality which Truth corrects.

Now, since Christian Science heals the body, is there any reason why it should not heal the business of a human being? In the light of omnipotence, omniscience, omnipresence, which all Christians in reverence unite in calling God, is one error more powerful than another? It cannot be, and this is illustrated by the simple mathematical fact that millions of ciphers placed before a unit could not change to somethingness the nothingness which one cipher placed before a unit signified.

We have need to overcome the belief that evil is large or great. It never has any actual existence. If you were to take the hand of truth and march through the endless corridors of infinity, you would never find any evil. It is well for us to remember this, and that when evil appears to be large it is only just so many ciphers placed before a unit.

In view of all this, the duty of every thinking man and woman appeals to us with ceaseless insistence. It can be fulfilled with ever-growing and intensified joy. When we first consider this duty we are apt to believe that our poor thoughts are of little universal value, and this would be true of poor thoughts, but the thoughts which reveal God are of an entirely different character. They are not primarily human; they are inherently divine. Even our so-called human intelligence cannot be accounted for materially. All the research that has taken place and that has been carried on in the material world, from the lowest to the highest phenomena, has never revealed either intelligence or life in matter. The only way to account for the fact that we are living and thinking is to permit thought to exercise its divine prerogative and reveal its original being.

Angels Are Spiritual Intuitions

In ancient times, according to the Biblical record, inspiring and protective ideas sometimes appeared to be visualized to the patriarchs and the prophets. This was according to the tradition and belief of those primitive but inspired thinkers. The day of Science is our day, a different day, a period less primitive. Pure metaphysics alone can explain what would otherwise appear to be mysterious. The word "angels," as used in the Bible, has always had mysterious connotations. Science and Health (p. 581) defines that word thus: "God's thoughts passing to man; spiritual intuitions, pure and perfect." Is not the healing power of divine Principle brought to light in this hour one of these angels? If this be so, then everything depends upon our hospitality. St Paul wrote, "And be not conformed to this world: but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind." It takes new, active, and original thoughts to effect such a desirabe transformation.

The Opposite of Truth Cannot Be True

The seeming contact of Truth and error is never in the slightest agreement, but is always absolute repulsion. Death never becomes life; error never becomes truth; evil never becomes good; matter never becomes Spirit. In the demonstration of divine Principle, as taught in Christian Science, all evil, of whatever name or nature, is rejected as unreal.

Now this distinction between matter and Spirit, Truth and error, made by Christian Science, and exclusively by Christian Science, has inevitably given rise to much comment and not a little opposition. Our critics in the intensity of their misunderstanding sometimes forget to exercise even ordinary judgment. They often choose to ignore the widely demonstrated facts that Christian Science is a scientific system of overcoming all evil, that it springs from divine power, and operates as the law of divine power, and that it does all this by giving us an understanding of Truth which enables us to deal with error fundamentally, rather than superficially. Now dealing with error fundamentally does not, in all reason, make Christian Science less worthy, but rather more worthy to be called Science. In order to be what it legitimately is, namely Christian Science, its propositions must necessarily be in accordance with the words and works of Jesus the Christ. They must be Christian in order to be true.

Demonstration Necessary

So it is, that just as in all demonstrable science, and notably in higher mathematics, the propositions which constitute this science are not obviously true. They must be tested. Here the analogy ceases, however, for Christian Science is not only a discovery but a revelation. Its propositions are spiritually true and humanly redemptive. Diseases which were real to those who were suffering because of them, were unreal to the enlightened thought of Christ Jesus, and he proved them to be unreal by healing them, thus giving to the persons who believed diseases to be real the proof that they were actually unreal.

Why should anybody contend for the reality of disease since everybody would be glad if there were no disease? Is it not clear that if there were no disease, disease would be unreal? Now since our desires have this common ground, why should not our intelligence be exercised according to our common desires and needs? The divine Principle, the one Mind, in all its infinitude, does not include or provide for any such thing as disease. Seeing that we are all thinking all of the time in one way or another, and granting that our thoughts have some influence in our own lives and possibly in the lives of other people, why should we not entertain those thoughts which are most likely to bless ourselves and others? The reasonableness of such a course must appeal to all people, whether or not they have as yet fully subscribed to the teachings of Christian Science.

Through all this it may be observed that Christian Science alone explains Christian Science. For ordinary systems of science or religion to attempt either to ignore or to explain the extraordinary healing and redemptive work of this Science is futile. The only result of such endeavors has been confusion.

It is cheering to observe a change in this respect. An attitude of disdain toward a system that has proved its *raison d'être* for nearly three quarters of a century is not ordinarily intelligent. It is therefore interesting to note that those who formerly tabooed Christian Science utterly have recently taken to writing books about it, and especially about the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science. While much of what has been written and published in this way has been intentionally derogatory of her whom hundreds of thousands of Christian people look upon as the most inspired character that has appeared upon the stage of human experience since the first century of the Christian era, the effect has been to extend and increase the interest in the subject itself. This is exactly what has occurred throughout the history of this movement, and such signs and others of a similar nature show that Christian Science lives and thrives under opposition just as the word of Truth has always done and always will do.

That we human beings are encumbered with a material and finite sense of existence is in itself an acknowledgment of the need of divine help, and it is also a silent plea for mutual consideration and good manners. None of us would enjoy to have our idiosyncrasies placed under the magnifying glass of ill will, but in such an event we might at any rate have the cold comfort of knowing that the resultant exaggerated views were misrepresentations. Mrs. Eddy's ideals, her devotion to Principle, her life of unselfishness, and more especially the strength of her Christian character, all become objectionable traits when seen through the eyes of prejudice and interpreted with the pen of envy and malice.

It is both interesting and instructive to observe the utter failure of all such methods. The sale of the Christian Science textbook has apparently often been increased by the publication of books which were intended to accomplish an entirely different purpose. Neither ignorant misunderstandings nor mischievous misinterpretations of Mrs. Eddy's character have affected her demonstrated achievements in the slightest degree. The healing power and influence of Christian Science now recognized throughout the greater part of the civilized world, broadening and every day rising higher in the estimation of mankind, constitute an enduring monument to the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science.

The Spread of Christian Science

Because of this healing work, Christian Science churches and societies are now to be found not only in practically every country of Europe, and North America, but in the islands of the sea and in various places in Africa and Asia, and notably in Australasia, indicating unmistakably the widespread and ever-growing interest in a church "which should reinstate primitive Christianity and its lost element of healing," to quote the words of its Founder, Mary Baker Eddy (Manual of The Mother Church, p. 17).

The church services, consisting of reading from the Bible and the Christian Science textbook, are uniform throughout the world, and it is to be observed that the congregations generally test the capacity of the commodious buildings in which the services are held. These churches and societies are branches of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts.

The Christian Science Publishing Society, which is under the direction of The Mother Church, was established by Mrs. Eddy for the dissemination of Christian Science. It publishes The Christian Science Journal, Christian Science Sentinel, Christian Science Quarterly, containing the Lesson-Sermon used at the church services, The Herald of Christian Science, which is published in German, French, Scandinavian, Dutch, and Braille, and The Christian Science Monitor, an international daily newspaper which is known practically over the whole world.

The growing demand for these publications is such that today there is being erected in Boston a magnificent building of very large proportions, to provide adequate accommodations, as far as it is possible to do so at this time, for the publication of Christian Science literature.

Mrs. Eddy

Mary Baker Eddy discovered this Science. She was the first practitioner of this Science. Those who were benefited by her ministrations did not immediately understand her teachings. For years she had to stand alone, and she had to present and prove to mankind the value of original and revolutionary ideas concerning God, man, the universe, and the healing Christ. Gradually those who were healed and helped became adherents to her doctrine and many of them entered upon the practice of healing the sick by the method which she had discovered and which at first she alone taught.

I knew Mrs. Eddy only slightly, but in view of much that has been said of her by writers who never saw her and who really knew nothing about her, it may not be improper for me to speak of one particular interview which I was privileged to have with her and during which I could observe her closely.

Because of this I have more than once been asked to describe Mrs. Eddy. She was in all that constitutes personal appearance well worth describing, and yet I could not attempt to describe her because something greater than any human personality however attractive commanded one's exclusive attention in Mrs. Eddy's presence.

Although she kept in touch with contemporary affairs and was thoroughly alive to the circumstances and events of a changing world, still it could be observed that she looked out upon the world rather than out from it; and in the case of this particular interview the thought of her personality was lost in the unique eloquence with which she spoke of the grandeur of divine Science and of the blessings which must accrue to mankind through the acceptance of this Science. She spoke much of the power and presence and immutable law of Love, . . . and when an instance was mentioned wherein she had been as much wronged as it is possible for one person to be wronged by another, her spontaneous forgiveness was couched in the noblest terms of pure Christianity.

In Science and Health (p. 1) Mrs. Eddy writes: "Regardless of what another may say or think on this subject, I speak from experience. Prayer, watching, and working, combined with self-immolation, are God's gracious means for accomplishing whatever has been successfully done for the Christianization and health of mankind."

The Search for Truth

It is the practical value of this Science which excites the curiosity of the average man or woman. This interest once awakened grows and flourishes by its own inherent relation to the permanency and reality of Truth. Thus the adoption of Christian Science, according to the alarmed forecasts of our critics, threatens to be universal. It is a part of the duty and privilege of a lecturer to accept the prophecy and dispel the alarm. When King Agrippa said to Paul, "Almost thou persuadest me to be a Christian," the apostle answered, "I would to God, that not only thou, but also all that hear me this day, were both almost, and altogether such as I am, except these bonds." So in our day the demonstrable understanding of Christianity holds out not merely a hope but the assurance that the power of God revealed, and thus made available, can meet the individual and universal needs of mankind with absolute certainty and supreme satisfaction.

Our needs often appear to be many and divergent, but they are actually few and identical. We have been led to believe that happiness depends upon circumstances and possessions, and humanity has quite generally accepted the old philosophical dogma that the object of life and living is the attainment of happiness, while the truth is that happiness is the essential nature of true being, the very essence of the one Mind, the divine Principle, announced in the words of St. John, "God is love." Let us then start with happiness instead of merely seeking it. Let us accept the admonitions of the Bible, "With joy shall ye draw water out of the wells of salvation," and, "Rejoice evermore." In so doing we shall find that Christian inspiration is sustained and corroborated by divine reason and unanswerable logic.

As step by step in entering upon this path of pure Science your thoughts begin to "acquaint themselves with God," as the Christian Science textbook (p. 107), paraphrasing the Bible, says that they should do, you will see that they also begin to take on the law and power of that divine acquaintanceship. It will become more joyously clear to you that Christian Science is demonstrating what is already and forever true and perfect and at hand.

You will see that all that means cause, basis, incentive, impulsion, plan, purpose, power, and law, all that means Life and the reality of Life, and the ability to sustain and perpetuate the law of health and Life, already exists and is divinely and immutably operative in our behalf when thoughts unerringly acquaint themselves with God, the one Mind, and just as unerringly reject the belief that there is any other mind or any necessity for any other mind.

On page 469 of the Christian Science textbook, Science and Health, the author writes, "There can be but one Mind, because there is but one God; and if mortals claimed no other Mind and accepted no other, sin would be unknown."

God Available to All

The healing influence and unction of this one infinite presence requires no medium other than itself and could have none. Necessarily, God acts by the directness of His own omnipresence and the immutability of His own law.

Accepting the ideas of the infinite Mind, Science requires that we reject the beliefs and fears and theories which constitute what are called mortal mind or the human mind. In this way alone can we avoid the adulteration of the practice of Christian Science, an adulteration which would inevitably ensue if we were erroneously led to believe that what is called the human mind, or mortal mind, could be a medium for the action of the divine Mind.

Prior to the advent of Christian Science, the basic proposition of this Science, "All is infinite Mind and its infinite manifestation" (Science and Health, p. 468), to be found in the paragraph called "the scientific statement of being," in the Christian Science textbook, was a proposition either wholly unknown or but dimly perceived even by the most enlightened, consequently the Science of Mind, revealed exclusively in divine ideas and dealing solely with thoughts and beliefs, was also unknown. It needs to be accepted more simply and tested in individual experience according to the directness of its method. This method may briefly be described as the affirmations of eternal spiritual Truth and the consequent rejection of evil of any name or nature whatsoever.

If one doubts the value of such a course and believes it unworthy to be called scientific let him persistently differentiate mentally between good and evil, cleaving to the one and rejecting the other, for a single day. By so doing one can prove for himself whether the simple but exacting method of Christian Science is really scientific. This necessity for correct thinking or for thinking at all sometimes seems to be discouraging for those who have supposed that Christianity was a mere system of belief and blind faith, and heaven a place to be attained through death, but such a one may take heart. Sincerity opens the door to divine understanding.

Our real prayers are therefore praise rather than supplication, for Christian Science revealing the fact that God is Mind, the infinity of good, reveals the perfection that already is and always was and always will be. Nothing could be added to it, nothing taken from it. All of its details, all of its relationships are eternal and divinely harmonious. Let this be our understanding in regard to our homes, our churches, our country, our world.

Thus we may help in bringing to pass universally the real government of divine Principle. Speaking of this on page 565 of Science and Health Mrs. Eddy writes: "The impersonation of the spiritual idea had a brief history in the earthly life of our Master; but 'of his kingdom there shall be no end,' for Christ, God's idea, will eventually rule all nations and peoples — imperatively, absolutely, finally—with divine Science."

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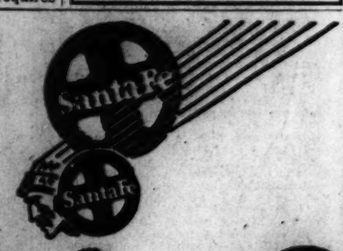

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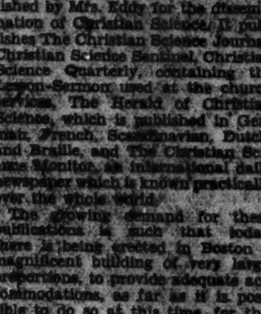

ARTHUR BRISBANE
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Selection of Form Found Only Issue In Jobs Insurance

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 9—Efforts to determine the most satisfactory forms of compulsory unemployment insurance will dominate discussions on this subject during the next few years, according to a belief expressed by Dr. Leo Wolman in an article in the winter number of the Yale Review which clearly implies that there will be no serious question as to its desirability.

Dr. Wolman is professor of economics at Columbia University and a director of research for the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America. In appraising present relief measures, Dr. Wolman concludes that the present-day hastily constructed temporary machinery for the collection and distribution of huge sums to alleviate suffering until business is stabilized falls short of its aim and must give way to a more farsighted and comprehensive program.

"Unemployment insurance cannot perform magic," says the Columbia professor. "It should be pointed out, however, that the period of the rise and development of this form of insurance has been one of unusual economic and political stability. Everywhere, it is agreed, insurance represents a great advance over the older methods of poor relief and the many forms of public and private charity. The unemployed are treated with an equality which is possible under no other system."

The plan of spreading or sharing work, Dr. Wolman believes, has been pushed to its limit. "The issues which will be debated in this country in the next four years will turn not on the desirability and utility of unemployment insurance, but on its form and manner of adoption," he declares. Within a period of 20 years compulsory accident insurance was adopted in all but four states of the Union. We are now probably at the beginning of a similar development in insurance against unemployment."

BOSTON BUDGET CUT DECLARED TOO SMALL

Declaring that "there is absolutely no sound reason why the cost of city government must remain pegged at its present high level," Mr. Frederic S. Snyder, president of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, in a statement yesterday, said, "the announcement from City Hall of 'at least' $1,000,000 reduction in the budget must be a preliminary guess."

A much larger reduction than $1,000,000 must be had, said Mr. Snyder. "That is but a trifle over 3 per cent off the 1932 budget total of $40,662,000. Reductions under similar conditions are being made throughout the country. Such savings constitute the most valuable contribution which government can now make toward stimulating the return of better economic conditions, with resultant increase in employment."

Radiocasts of Christian Science Services

FOR SUNDAY, DEC. 11

BOSTON—The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, 10:45 a. m., E. S. T., WNAC, 1230kc-244m.

NEW YORK—First Church of Christ, Scientist, 11 a. m., E. S. T., WINS, 1180kc-254m.

TORONTO—First Church of Christ, Scientist, 10:50 a. m., E. S. T., CFRB, 690kc-435m.

PHILADELPHIA—First Church of Christ, Scientist, 11 a. m., E. S. T., WPEN, 1500kc-200m.

CLEVELAND—First Church of Christ, Scientist, 11 a. m., E. S. T., WJAY, 610kc-492m.

ENGLISH BAN 'SWEEPS'

Special from Monitor Bureau

LONDON—Custom authorities are taking special precautions to prevent sweepstake tickets from being brought into Great Britain from Ireland. Tickets estimated to be worth £90,000 were recently seized by the authorities.

General Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in the Atlantic, Central and Pacific editions of The Christian Science Monitor. Rate 60 cents a line. Minimum space four lines. An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information.

AGENTS WANTED

MEN-WOMEN!! Experience unnecessary; one minute demonstration sells remarkable product; cleans, polishes autos, furniture, one operation; won't collect dust; hundreds enthusiastic users; retails $1.00; agents' price 50c; quantities less. C. S. M. ONCE OVER, 220 West 42nd St., New York City.

POLMET, THE WONDERFUL POLISHING CLOTH that cleans all metals without liquid, paste or powder; approved by "Good Housekeeping Institute"; sells at 25c; sample free. F. C. GALE, Dept. 103, 15 Edinboro St., Boston.

INSURANCE

CLAIM adjusting in Hudson Valley and Catskills, New York State; 21 years' experience all casualty lines. Write THOMAS GRAY, Newburgh, N. Y.

MFRS' REPRESENTATIVES

THOSE desiring to enter profitable hosiery business like our successful dealers, buying lowest cost, selling own prices; also gloves and silk underwear. Address BLAKE, Room 605, 366 Fifth Ave., New York City.

PERSONAL SERVICE

PERSONAL SERVICE awaits your need in NEW YORK CITY. Sightseeing, general requests; rates reasonable; no charge for Schools, Shopping, Apartments, Tours, Hotels, Theatres. Write MRS. ELIZABETH L. MERRILL, 36 West 10th St., N. Y. C. Tel. St. 9-3787

SALESWOMEN WANTED

HOSIERY, LINGERIE
Sell guaranteed hosiery, lingerie less than store price to friends, consumers, etc.; liberal commission; part time permitted.
HELIX, 213 4th Ave., New York City

Local Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 30 cents a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information.

APARTMENTS—FURNISHED

ELIZABETH, N. J.—Cheerful furnished housekeeping apartment on second floor; private bath and all improvements; convenient to church and railroads, C. R. R. of N. J. and P. R. R. 543 Madison Ave. Tel. El. 3-1863.

NEW JERSEY (125th St. Ferry)—Share housekeeping, bachelor quarters, $5.00. Box B-35, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., N. Y. C.

N. Y. C., 940 West End Ave. (91st)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, electric refrigeration, radio; ideal location. Schuyler 4-8843 mornings.

AGENTS WANTED

AGENTS earn excellent commission selling hosiery, lingerie and high-grade Christmas Cards to your friends and fellow employees, etc. ROYAL CROWN, 76 Summer St., Boston.

Local Classified Advertising

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APARTMENTS TO LET

ATTRACTIVE heated apartment in beautiful location, 4 rooms, reception hall and bath, modern conveniences, screened porch. Phone Malden 2943 (Mass.).

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.—Our Mrs. Ernestine Smith will help you select your home or apt. MORSE & FARMER, 18 Brattle Street, University 7828

N. Y. C., 167 West 71st St.—Two rooms furnished-unfurnished, bath, kitchenette, elevator, switchboard day and night; strictly respectable.

WARE HALL
383 Harvard Street, Cambridge, Mass.
APARTMENTS WITH RESTAURANT SERVICE
Suites of living room, one or two bedrooms and bath; all are outside rooms; open fireplaces; elevator operator on duty day and night; the dining room is exclusively for tenants; hardly five minutes' walk to Harvard Square, two minutes to surface cars. Univ. 3302. ALFRED J WHITE, Manager.

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

HAPPY home for normal children: temporary or permanent residence, scientific care combined with love and understanding; spacious grounds, well-equipped house, country, near Boston; camp life during summer. EDITH L. CAPEN, Stepping Stones, North Scituate, Mass. Telephone Scituate 317.

CORSETIERES

ATTENTION to your individual requirements will assure you comfort if you have your corsets, corselettes or brassieres made to order; our prices are reasonable. IDA GORDON, 229 W. 72nd St., New York City Su. 7-7745; 24 E. 84th St. El. 5-9033

COUNTRY BOARD

EDGEHILL INN
Spuyten-Duyvil-on-Hudson, New York City
Apartments, Suites and Single Rooms
Country Club Facilities
Delightful Walks and Gardens
Twenty-five Minutes from 42d Street
Phone Kingsbridge 6-8105

DEAD STORAGE

DEAD STORAGE $3.50
PER MONTH, or $10 Jan. 1 to April 1 inclusive; first-class fireproof heated garage; live storage $8 per month; ramps; no elevators. THRIFT GARAGE, Inc., 145 Ipswich St., Boston. Tel. Kenmore 5222.

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A special service for particular employers. THE PERSONNEL COMPANY, 198 Broadway, N. Y. C. Cortlandt 7-2363

FURRIERS

EXPERT attention given to all kinds of fur work; fur trimmed cloth coats now $50, were $75, sizes 18 and 38. WINTHROP FURS, INC. (C. H. Anderson), 250 Devonshire St., Boston. Tel. LIBerty 9583.

EXPERT fur repairing, relining and remodeling; lowest prices; estimates cheerfully given. CANTOR BROS., 165 Tremont St., Boston. Liberty 2724.

HAIRDRESSERS

ELITE BEAUTY AND BARBER SHOPPE. Specializing in All Kinds of Hair Waving. Tel. Win. 0517 Winchester, Mass., 560 Main St.

HOMES WITH ATTENTION

HOME in private family for rest and study; experienced care if desired. Telephone Center Newton 4816 (Mass.).

HOUSES TO LET

FOR RENT OR SALE
ST. PETERSBURG, Fla.—Attractively furnished, 2-story, 4 bed-rooms, 2 baths, spacious living room, heat, all-tiled first floors; garage for 2 cars with 3-room apartment with bath; large corner plot; best residence section; rent for winter season. OWNER, 145 14th Ave. North

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR your home, the lasting gift, Electrolux, new standard of cleanliness. For demonstration phone W. E. LANGSTROTH, Jamaica 2182-W (Mass.).

EXPERT carpet and linoleum layer, reasonable prices. GEORGE J. BALDUF, 445 Marrett Road, Lexington, Mass. Tel. W. New. 1506.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

WOOD, glass sectional office partitions delivered or erected. 2304 Washington St., Boston. Hig. 0370. WALCO CO. Established 1922.

OFFICES TO LET

N. Y. C.—For rent, Practitioner's office; morning hours; two or three mornings. Room 1740, 33 West 42nd St., Telephone afternoons only Chickering 4-1009.

NEW YORK CITY—Practitioner's office (11 West 42nd St.) two days a week, also Saturday and evenings. Telephone Pennsylvania 6-3362.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

PAINTS, VARNISHES, GLASS — Unusual gifts. PAUL PHILIPOFF CO., Painting Contractor, 102 Charles St., Boston. Tel. Laf. 4308.

PAYING GUESTS

SILVER BIRCHES
Lake Ronkonkoma, called the Lakewood of Long Island. Ideal winter home. Near Winnwood School. Booklet. Phone Ronk. 10.

PERSONAL SERVICE

LET ME SAVE YOU TIME
I am a responsible, competent woman, capable companion, reader, personal shopper; care for children; whole or part time; references furnished. MRS. LEWIS MORSE, 221 W. 69th St., New York City. Tel. Tra. 7-8974.

PIANO TUNING

GUARANTEED AND EXPERT PIANO TUNING. MARCEL RIOU, 2063 48th St., Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Tel. Astoria 8-10171.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS: Special examinations for teachers of Radio will be held in Room 61, 15 Beacon Street, Boston, on December 20, 21, and 22.
Address all questions in regard to these examinations to Board of Examiners, 15 Beacon Street, Boston.
JOEL HATHEWAY, Chief Examiner.

REAL ESTATE

KEW GARDENS, L. I., 15 minutes from Penn. Station, N. Y.—Modern, attractive 8-room house, sun porch, 2 tiled baths, extra lavatory, 2-car garage, parquet floors throughout, brass plumbing, slate roof; price $18,000; consider suburban property in exchange. Write Box H-53, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., New York City.

ROOMS AND BOARD

BROOKLINE, MASS., Coolidge Corner—Warm, quiet home with board, large piazza; ideal for elderly people; reasonable; transportation to and from church. Regent 1332.

FIVE MILES from Westport, Conn.—A farmhouse offers an opportunity for rest, recreation or for creative work; prices reasonable. Telephone Westport 5755, Box 513.

ROOMS TO LET

ARLINGTON, MASS.—To let, two connecting rooms in widow's home. Telephone Arlington 1749-W.

ASK MISS ROLFE
Rooms in select homes, $5.00 up. Apartments and houses furnished and unfurnished. 611 W. 114th St., N. Y. C. Monument 2-7663

BOSTON, 76 Gainsboro St., Suite 2—Warm, desirable rooms, homelike, clean; for permanent or transient; reasonable. Com. 8177.

NEW YORK CITY, 25 Park Avenue—Small room, large window, for business woman. Call Caledonia 5-3377.

MT. VERNON, N. Y.—Large front room, suitable for couple or gentlemen, also single room; quiet and refined home. 146 N. High St. Oakwood 6019.

NEW YORK CITY, 61 E. 190th St., Near Fordham Road Sub. Station—Attractive single room; private house; fine outlook; near Christian Science church.

N. Y. C.—Sunny single, double rooms, kitchen privileges, running water; homelike, harmonious atmosphere; reasonable. BARBLAN, Riv. 9-2450.

NEW YORK CITY, 144 East 36th St.—Light, airy, comfortable room, private bath, centrally located, elevator, modern, $7. Tel. Caledonia 5-4466.

NEW YORK CITY, 601 West 137th St., Apt. 63—Desirable sunny room, adjoining bath, elevator, subway, bus at corner; reasonable. Audubon 3-1600. BITTINGER.

PHILADELPHIA, 2127 West Erie Ave.—Two unfurnished rooms, southern exposure, fitted for light housekeeping; business lady preferred. Call after 1 p. m., Radcliff 3808.

SALESMEN WANTED

EFFICIENT salesmen for lithographed products; calling on industrial and mercantile trade; commission basis; representatives desired for Boston, Springfield, Bridgeport, New Haven, Syracuse, Binghamton, Rochester, and Buffalo. K-11, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

MAN, conscientious, capable, desires position executive capacity; consider anything; own car; available for business; experienced, careful chauffeur. Box K-12, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

SALESMAN—Married; with car; wishes opportunity with future; salary plus commission; location open. Box H-25, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

SUPERINTENDENT, single, all repairs, maintenance operation, boilers, coal or oil burning, excellent references. Write X-36, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., N. Y. C.

SITUATIONS WANTED — WOMEN

A MIDDLE-AGED woman wishes position in widower's home as home maker; excellent references. K-9, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER — Experienced in sewing, cooking; good reader. Write Box F-36, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., N. Y. C.

EXPERIENCED nurse desires position as companion; will go anywhere. SARAH F. NICHOLS, 329 New Boston Road, Fall River, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER or care of children: full or part time by a reliable Scotch woman; Boston vicinity preferred; references. K-10, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER — Position wanted, small family adults, experienced, good cook, capable taking charge. Box J-36, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

HOSTESS for tea room or inn; wide experience. O. LAMBERT, R. F. D. No. 7, Woodbridge, Conn. Phone 8-0727.

MOTHER'S SUBSTITUTE—Housekeeper seeks position, experienced, excellent references. Write Box A-36, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., N.Y.C.

N. Y. C.—Experienced housekeeper, good plain cook, can take charge for business people. PRACHET, 115 East 96th. Phone Atwater 9-1504.

SOLOISTS

SOPRANO desires position—church or society—practical experience; permanent or substitute. GRACE DRIGGS, Tel. evenings Columbus 5-3236 (N. Y. C.).

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ELSIE HODSON DAVIS, Teacher of Piano
REMOVED TO
63 Huntington Rd., East Milton, Mass. Blu. 8754
Lessons at Studio or at Pupil's Home

IRMA WILLIAMS, VIOLINISTE
Available as soloist for Concerts, Musicales, etc.
Artistic Instruction. All Grades Accepted
1729 Caton Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phone Buckminster 2-0426

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CHARLES W. ANTON
16 years with Paine Furniture Co. Expert upholstering and cabinet making. 691 Dudley St., Uphams Cor., Dorchester, Mass. Col. 3206.

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AUBURN

For CHRISTMAS
Miniature Japanese Gardens......$2.50 up
Seedums to make your own gardens. 10c to 25c ea.
Sansevierias ....15c to $1.50 ea.
Azaleas ....$2.00 up
Begonias..........35c to $1.00
Cyclamen..........$1.00 to $2.50
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GEO. M. ROAK CO., *Florist*
AUBURN THEATRE BLDG. Tel. 980
Flowers Telegraphed to all parts of the world.

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PLUMBING—HEATING METAL WORK
Agents for the
LYNN OIL BURNER
192 TURNER STREET

W. J. LAWLESS
Insurance
Elm House, Auburn, Maine
Representative
Mutual Life Insurance Co. of N. Y.

Francis Electrical Co.
Electric Fixtures
Philco Radios
Maytag Washing Machines
and all kinds of electrical work.
74 MAIN STREET Tel. 4643

Buy Christmas Presents
for the boys in our Boys' Department
COBB-MORRIS CO.
51 COURT STREET

High Grade Coal
Coke and Wood
Auburn Cash Fuel Co.
212 Court Street

Hardware—Wallpaper—Paint—Fabric Paint and Materials for Textile Art
Also Burpee Bulbs for Fall Planting.
Hyacinths—Narcissus—Tulips
E. V. McCRELLIS & CO.
158 TURNER STREET

Have Your Shoes Repaired
Men's Taps and Rubber Heels........$1.20
Women's Taps and Rubber Heels....$1.00
Rubber Heels 35c
ROBERT W. VICKERY
184 TURNER STREET

HIGHEST GRADE FOODS
at
OLFENE'S
Auburn's Big Public Market
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Christmas Wearing Apparel
for all your men friends at
FLANDERS'
62 COURT STREET Tel. 876

New Hamiltons
for Christmas
We have the latest styles in Hamilton watches. Allow us to show them to you, and you will be under no obligations to buy.
WILLS & HICKS, *Jewelers*
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Smith's Specialty Shop
41 HAMMOND STREET
Dresses of all types for all models, carefully selected and moderately priced. Also Hats, Jewelry, Hosiery and Kickernick Underdress.

Flowers and Plants
MAKE
Ideal Christmas Gifts
Brockway's Flower Shop
15 CENTRAL STREET

Gifts for Christmas
Including the largest and most complete assortment of TOYS we have ever shown.
RICE & MILLER CO.
(Maine's Oldest Hardware Store)
115 years on Broad Street, Bangor

Christmas Gifts
Luncheon Sets $1.95 up — Silk Negligees
Pillow Cases — Silk Underwear
Scarfs — Silk Hosiery
Ladies' and Gents' Linen Handkerchiefs
WILLIAM CHRISTMAS
58 COLUMBIA STREET COE BLDG.

Buy Your Christmas Cards and Gifts at
DILLINGHAM'S
BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS
13 HAMMOND STREET

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79 Pickering Square Dial 2-0023
266 Hammond Street Dial 6183

MAINE

BANGOR
(Continued)

RiceHo
43 MAIN STREET
Coats Dresses Hats
Also Gloves, Bags and Accessories

The DYE HOUSE of experience
Fellows
18 Clinton St Tel 3167
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CALDWELL SWEET Co.
36 MAIN STREET
HIGH GRADE CHOCOLATES
Soda Fountain Service with Special Luncheon Suggestions

Candy for All Seasons
Put Up in Plain or Fancy Boxes.
Also
Large Assortment of Salted Nuts
LUFKIN, 41 Columbia St.

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It's the Calendar Store
Where You Find the Famous
"Mary Lincoln" Candies
Splendid Perfumes and Fine Stationery
All for Christmas at
BABCOCK'S
71 LISBON STREET, LEWISTON, ME.

Antique Maple Finished Breakfast Sets
Drop-Leaf Table
4 Windsor Type Chairs, $12.39
Bradford-Conant Co.
LEWISTON

DORA CLARK TASH
PHOTOGRAPHER
125 MAIN STREET
Christmas Cards
From Your Favorite Snapshots at a Reasonable Price

Say "Merry Christmas"
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Baskets (filled) priced from 50c
FRED I. WILLS
80 ASH STREET Tel. 1000

"Everything in Leather"
Wardrobe Trunks, Men's Gladstones, Women's Fitted Cases, Hand Bags and many other new and unusual items for Christmas.
Fogg's Leather Store
123 MAIN STREET

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Bring the Children to LIBBY'S TOYLAND!
J. R. LIBBY COMPANY
534 CONGRESS STREET

Langley's
J. E. LANGLEY
630-632 CONGRESS ST., 598 CONGRESS ST
Both famous for Quality Food and Service.
When in Portland give us a call.

YES, you'll find the newest
HAMILTONS
and other leading makes of watches at
J. A. MERRILL & CO.
Jewelers Since 1851
503 CONGRESS STREET

Photographic Christmas Cards
from your own negative film
10.....98c *or* 25.....$2.39
Order blanks furnished on request.
Bicknell Photo Service
43 EXCHANGE STREET

LIFE INSURANCE
and ANNUITIES
LEON L. SMITH
813 CHAPMAN BLDG., PORTLAND, ME.

MASSACHUSETTS

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Do Your Gift Shopping in Arlington
A cordial invitation to shop in Arlington is extended by the Arlington Chamber of Commerce, representing 300 Business Houses. Stores are open evenings the week before Christmas.
AMPLE PARKING SPACE

Le Baron's
ELECTRICAL SHOP
Christmas Gifts That Last
$1.00 and up
606 MASS. AVE. Arl. 0222

CHRISTMAS GREENS
Wreaths and Festooning
Fresh From the Woods
G. O. ANDERSON & SONS
991 MASS. AVENUE

MASSACHUSETTS

ARLINGTON
(Continued)

Present a Gift That Betokens The Very Spirit of Christmas . . .
A WATCH!
We have HAMILTONS, Walthams, Bulovas, Elgins, and others. Come in and select.
BEACON JEWELRY CO.
466 MASS. AVE. Tel.
ARL. CENTRE, MASS. Arl. 5892

Make this Hardware Store
Your Gift Store, too!
Our 1932 Holiday Stock offers Practical Solutions to Every Gift Problem
Also Toys, Sleds, Skates, etc.
Menotomy Hardware Co.
663 MASS. AVE. ARLINGTON 1551

MONARCH
FOOD PRODUCTS
Monarch Foods Speak for Themselves
Choice NORTHERN TURKEYS for Christmas
GODDARD'S MARKET
1337 MASS. AVE. Arl. 1700-1701
ARLINGTON HEIGHTS

Furniture of Character
CHARLES F. McMANUS
Convert your Christmas Club Check into Beautiful and Practical Gifts of Furniture.
WE CHALLENGE BOSTON PRICES!
721 MASS. AVENUE ARL. 1790

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PRACTICAL GIFTS
for Everyone
SLEDS, TOYS and SKATES
for the Children
P. R. WINTERS
84 TRAPELO ROAD Belmont 1540
31 LEONARD STREET Belmont 3762

EATMOR CRANBERRIES
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GROCERIES—PROVISIONS
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Commonwealth 4330 Advertising Records

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MANIFOLD SUPPLIES COMPANY OF MASSACHUSETTS
161 HIGH STREET

COSTUMES and WIGS
for all occasions
FOR RENTAL
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HAYDEN COSTUME CO.
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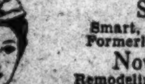
Ritter's Beauty Shop
598 BEACON STREET Com 4500
MYLES STANDISH HOTEL
SPECIALS:
Shampoo, Finger Marcel, $1.00
EUGENE Permanent $6.50



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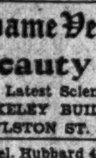
$50 *up*
ROOM 402 373 WASHINGTON ST.
Tel. HAN. 8385
HERMAN D. PAGE



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Formerly $5 to $7.50
Now $3.85
Remodeling a Specialty.
Mme. Buettel Arnould
37 TEMPLE PLACE, Over Whitney's

Madame Vera Alexandra
Beauty Culture
Latest Scientific Methods
BERKELEY BUILDING, ROOM 214
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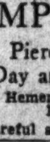

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Hosiery, Underwear, Gifts
WALK-ON HOSIERY
120 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.

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Day and Night Service
Office 94 Hemenway St., cor. Westland Ave.
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Careful and Courteous Drivers

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Florence Hayman
Imported Novelties
Moderately priced, in leather, glass, metal
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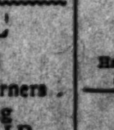
Roosevelt Beauty Salon
195 HUNTINGTON AVE., BOSTON, MASS.
Specializing in Eugene Permanent Waving, Marcel and Finger Waving, Haircutting, Shampooing, Manicuring, Facials.



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COIFFEURS
163 Newbury St. Nr. Dartmouth St.
Permanent Waving
Haircutting, Finger and Marcel Waving
Phone KENmore 1294

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PetrO-NokoL' Oil Burners
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Plumbing and Heating
W. D. AITKEN JR.
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Firestone Batteries
Extra Power
Guaranteed 18 Months at
Cliff Hall's
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Academy and Wash. Sts. Tel. Bra. 0006

MASSACHUSETTS

BRAINTREE
(Continued)

Buy Your Gifts at
GEO. E. WARREN'S
4 ELM STREET
Tel. Bra. 0346 BRAINTREE, MASS.
P. S.—Shop at home where there is plenty of parking space.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS
Lovely, Yet Practical
GOTHAM GOLD STRIPE and GORDON SHEER CHIFFON HOSIERY
KICKERNICK AND GORDON UNDERWEAR
PARSONS DRY GOODS CO.
BRAINTREE, MASS.

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In Brookline *It's*
FREY'S
Start the Season right
with a
FREY'S Permanent Wave
Our FINGER WAVES are perfect.
Enjoy a correct MANICURE by our experts.
BETTER CARE MEANS BETTER HAIR
276 Harvard St., Coolidge Cor.
TELEPHONE ASPINWALL 0800

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FLORIST
Flowers for all occasions
1375 BEACON STREET Tel. Asp. 0621

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Fine Assortment of Books
AT REDUCED PRICES
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A unique Flower Shop and Conservatory
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WE TELEGRAPH FLOWERS

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Ladies' Hairdresser
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The Nut Shell Studio
326 HARVARD ST., COOLIDGE CORNER
CHRISTMAS CARDS and NOVELTIES
LENDING LIBRARY

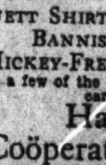
PAINE'S
STATIONERS
Christmas Cards and Toys
256 WASHINGTON ST., corner Davis Ave.

CAMBRIDGE

Christmas Suggestions
from
Fiske's Candy Shops
Gift Packages of Delicious Chocolates,
Fancy Cream Mints, Bon Bons
Ice Cream made of Real Cream.
Salted Nuts, 80c lb Pecans, 80c lb
Also Cashew Nuts, 60c lb
3-lb Home Pkg. $2. Chocolates 70c lb
Mixed Nuts, 90c lb
Special Assortment, 75c lb
3 BRATTLE ST., HARVARD SQ.
Tel. Univ. 8681
501 COMMON ST.
Payson Park. Bel. 2265
Owned and operated by Fiske Himself.

Frederics
Wave Shop
HATTIE V. MOHR, Prop.
1384 Mass. Ave. Univ. 8678
Harvard Sq. Up one flight
A Splendidly Equipped Shop Catering to Women Who Want the Best
Prices Most Reasonable
Beautiful, Lasting Permanents, Each an Original Creation

We Suggest a
HAMILTON WATCH
for CHRISTMAS
JOHN H. DERBY—JEWELER
2 STORES — EST 1907
HARVARD SQ. CAMBRIDGE | DAVIS SQ. SOMERVILLE



Distinctive! Unique! Different!
PICTURES, GIFTS AND CHRISTMAS CARDS
Imported and Domestic
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J. F. OLSSON & CO.
43 Brattle Street Univ. 0938

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BANNISTER SHOES
HICKEY-FREEMAN CLOTHES
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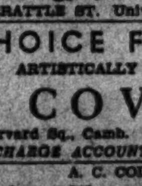
Harvard Coöperative Society
HARVARD SQUARE



Christmas Is Coming
Give Flowers for Presents
from
BRATTLE SQUARE FLORISTS
Plants—Wreaths
Christmas Greens
Fancy Fruit
Vegetables
27 BRATTLE ST. Univ. 10116 Brattle Sq.

CHOICE FLOWERS
ARTISTICALLY ARRANGED
COVIN
Harvard Sq., Camb. Uni. 9490
CHARGE ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

A. C. COLLINS
The Brown Shop
Christmas Gifts for the Whole Family
Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Novelties, Toilet Goods, Lingerie, Gloves
6 BRATTLE STREET HARVARD SQ
Open Evenings Until Christmas

Eleanore Soule Hayden's
DELICIOUS HOME-MADE CANDY
Caramels, Chocolates, Peanut Brittle, Russian Pastila, Fudge, attractively boxed.
MAILED ANYWHERE
36 BEECH STREET, NORTH CAMBRIDGE
Porter 1045

MASSACHUSETTS

CAMBRIDGE
(Continued)

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WEEKLY TRIPS TO MAINE

STOCKWELL'S
For the Holidays Eat Stockwell's Market Quality Foods
CHOICE STOCKS ALWAYS
FRESH MEATS—POULTRY
FRUIT—VEGETABLES
Our Turkeys the Best Ever
MARKET
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SALES and SERVICE
ELLIS BROTHERS CO.
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Optical Repairs — Clock Repairing
Gifts That Last
WILLIAM H. KENYON
Watch Maker and Jeweler
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Phone TALbot 5654
Telephone Bills may be paid here.

GOUNARIS CANDIES
HOME MADE CANDY AND ICE CREAM
A large variety of Fancy Boxes, suitable for Christmas Gifts.
577B WASHINGTON STREET
Tel. Geneva 9055 CODMAN SQUARE

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GIVE BOOKS *for* CHRISTMAS
Christmas Cards, Desk Sets, Book Ends, Writeing Paper in Novelty Boxes
ADAMS BOOKSTORE
165 NORTH MAIN STREET

THE SKIPPER LIBRARY
179 NORTH MAIN STREET
Christmas Cards Wrappings and Ties

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For a Boy's Christmas
and prized above everything
An Iver Johnson Bicycle
$27.50 and up
IVER JOHNSON SPORTING GOODS CO.
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Deposits Next Put on Interest January 1st
Dividends are paid quarterly and have been at the rate of 4½% per annum
Worcester North Savings Institution
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Christmas Gift Suggestions
Thermos Vacuum Bottles
Electric Toasters and Waffle Irons
Pocket Knives
Everything for the Camper
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Yes—WE SELL
Heinz Products—Gerber's Strained Vegetables—Clapp's Baby Foods—Ivory Salt—Postum — Friend's Beans — Burnett's Extracts—Campbell's Soup and other popular products.
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Where Quality Counts Tel. 737

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MR. PHIL, Third Floor in Nichols & Frost
341 Main Street Tel. 2740

LESURE *the Florist*
Flowers for all occasions
5 PUTNAM STREET
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For the Holiday Meals
We make the mince meat for our pies.
Squash Pie—Plum Pudding
Special Cakes made to order.
PENNY BRYN SHOPPE
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Fitchburg Hardware Co.
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Distributors of
Lowe Bros. High Standard Paints and Varnishes
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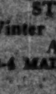
BROOKS'
THE STORE UNUSUAL
VISIT OUR
Restaurant and Gift Shop
MAIN STREET AT OLIVER

BIG BEN CLOCKS
The Polite Alarm
GRUENER HARDWARE
85 MAIN STREET Phone 305

Anna Harlow Hairdressing Shop
Prices on all our work are reduced one-third.
CALL 3433 and let us serve you.
3 DAY STREET

Christmas Suggestions
Dresser Sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, $8.50 up, in Enamel, Silver Plate and Silver. Men's Sets in Silver—Christmas Cards
RICE & CO., 350 Main St.

RITTER *for Flowers*



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Are Different
Priced 25 Cents to $5.00
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Gifts of Luggage and Leather
STEAMSHIP AGENCY
Winter Cruises—Atlantic Crossings
All the Leading Lines
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MASSACHUSETTS

FITCHBURG
(Continued)

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FITCHBURG'S FOREMOST STORE
FITCHBURG, MASS.

A Store Dedicated to the Service of the People of New England
Founded 59 years ago, on the principle of quality merchandise at always lowest in the city prices.
Fitchburg's typical Christmas Store

Fitchburg Coal Company
We can supply you with
FUEL OIL
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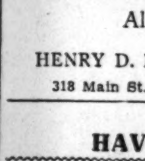
The BOSTON STORE
WILLIAM G. BROWN CO.
The Big Department Store of the North Shore
"THE STORE OF SERVICE"
Twenty-Nine Departments
Located on Five Floors

GREENFIELD



Groceries Meat Fish Vegetables and Fruit
FRANK N.
LYMAN
54 Federal St. Tel. 3664
Greenfield, Mass.

INSURANCE
All Kinds
HENRY D. PACKARD, *Agent*
318 Main St., Greenfield, Mass.

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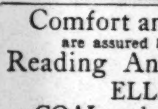

Christmas Gifts for Men
GLOVES—TIES
SHIRTS—HOSIERY
Nichols and Morse Co.
"THE LIVE STORE"
60-62 MERRIMACK STREET

Comfort and Economy
are assured by our Famous
Reading Anthracite Coal
ELLISON COAL and GRAIN CO.
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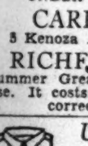
Cassius P. Smith, *Prop.* Tel. 44

THE BUNKER-JOHNSON-WEST CO.
GIFT SHOPPE
10 Merrimack Street
The Finest Assortment Ever
Prices Most Attractive
Horsman Dolls—
Quaker Hosiery

Philbrook-Mackenney Shop
Incorporated
Martha B. Mackenney, *Manager*
64 Merrimack Street Tel. 1352
CORSETS—SILK UNDERWEAR
LINENS—NOVELTY JEWELRY
CHRISTMAS SPECIALS
Also Primrose House Toilet Preparations

The Nash Beauty Shoppe



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Permanent Waving
Artistic Hair-Cutting, Dyeing, Marcel and Finger Waving. For Appointment Phone 5641
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CARR & DREWETT
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RICHFIELD GASOLINE
Summer Grease will not DO for winter use. It costs but little to change to the correct Winter Lubricant.

Useful Christmas Gifts
For Men in
Shirts—Ties—Pajamas
The MANHATTAN SHOP
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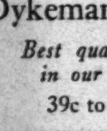
ALBERT W. HUNKINS
165 MERRIMACK ST.

A Fine Selection of Christmas Gifts, Jewelry
The Gift That Lasts

HINGHAM

Weldon Beauty Salon



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Best quality nuts roasted in our store each day
39c to 69c the pound

J. & M. MOTOR SERVICE
A Gift the Whole Family Will Enjoy
—A Perfection Hot Water Heater for Your Car—$13.50 Installed.
Authorized Buick Service
HINGHAM HARBOR Hing. 1023

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Men's
Linen Initialed Handkerchiefs
3 for $1

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Complete your winter ensemble with the latest and most distinctive Rubbers and Overshoes — SHU-GLOVS — The winter footwear that looks like leather.
NAPOLEON BAIL
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Christmas Gifts
Shop at Osborne's, where you will find a complete new stock of dinnerware, glassware, electrical appliances and pottery.
OSBORNE HARDWARE CO.
243 MAPLE ST. 913 HAMPDEN ST.
2 Stores

MASSACHUSETTS

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CHRISTMAS GIFTS
that are useful—Sweaters, Blouses, Neckwear, Lingerie and Infants' Wear
Mrs. E. C. COLEMAN
SPECIALTY SHOP 703 CENTRE ST.

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Established 1923
Battery and Radio Service
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Saturday in Our Basement
DRESSY COATS
$14.75
Value to $37.50
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Master Service Station
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Official Brake and Light Station No. 1118
Telephone Lexington 1438
Night Phone Lexington 1090
DAY AND NIGHT TOWING SERVICE

JEWELRY
Ideal for Christmas Gifts and not expensive
FORREST E. KING
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GIFT SUGGESTIONS
Spinet Desks, Winthrop Desks, Sewing Cabinets, Occasional Chairs, Occasional Tables, and Delightful Toys—Bunnie Kars, Scooters, Desks, Pool Tables, Tricycles, Doll Carriages, Blackboards, Rocking Horses.
A. E. O'HEIR CO.
15 HURD STREET

2000 Gift Handbags $2.98
Leading successes. Samples from foremost makers and importers. Many styles and fine materials.
CHERRY & WEBB CO.

Morse & Beals
FLORISTS
14 KEARNY SQUARE Phone 4400

DONALDSON'S ART SHOP
75 MERRIMACK STREET
GREETING CARDS
for all occasions

Prince-Cotter, *Jewelers*
104 MERRIMACK STREET
DIAMONDS—WATCHES—SILVER
leather goods, novelties and unusual Christmas Gifts.

Lule
JEWELER
LOWELL, MASS.
181 CENTRAL STREET

LYNN

FLOWERS
for Christmas
William Miller & Sons
1888 FLORISTS 1932
884 WESTERN AVE., LYNN
Tel. Breakers 4577
"WE SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE"

Gift Suggestions
"Lane" Cedar Chest, Doll Carriages, GOV. WINTHROP and SPINET DESKS, EASY CHAIRS, MARTHA WASHINGTON SEWING CABINETS, PRISCILLA CABINETS, and many other useful Gifts at Gifford's low prices.
W. B. GIFFORD
99 MARKET STREET LYNN

Visit Our New G. E.
Electrical Appliance Department
Downstairs Store
Goddard Bros
MARKET STREET LYNN

SPECIAL VALUES IN
Waltham Wrist Watches
$25.00 to $27.50
Originally $40.00 and $50.00
ARTHUR STERN
UNION, cor. BUFFUM ST., LYNN

THE IDEAL GIFT
A box of our assorted Chocolates, Bon Bons or Salted Nuts. Made fresh for you at our own shop.
Eleanor Brigham Candies
8 ATLANTIC STREET
Mail orders filled. Open evenings until nine.
Tel. Breakers 4091

MASSACHUSETTS

LYNN
(Continued)

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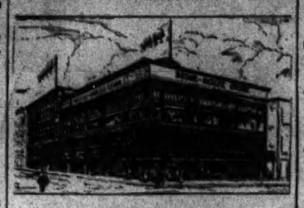
A Christmas Suggestion
Useful gifts of something-to-wear are sure to please, gifts that evidence thoughtful selection from a reliable store.
Besse-Rolfe Store
Corner Market and Oxford Sts.
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FOR DISTINCTIVE WALL PAPERS, Fine Furniture, Rugs, Drapes, and Upholstering
See Lottie E. Phillips
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J. B. & W. A. LAMPER, Inc.
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SHIRTS Made to Order
SHIRT REPAIRING GLOVE REPAIRING BUTTON HOLES MADE
VERA NORMAN
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Tel. Breakers 3137

Christmas Gifts *for Men*
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305 UNION STREET, LYNN

The Red Arrow Fleet
COAL—COKE—FUEL OIL
Sprague, Breed, Stevens & Newhall, Inc.
BREAKERS 3400

MALDEN

SPEARE
DRY GOODS CO.
Make This a Year of PRACTICAL GIFTS
Ladies' Hand Bags, Gloves, Hosiery, Gift Umbrellas. Men's Gloves, Ties, Mufflers, Broadcloth Shirts.
TOYLAND NOW OPEN
97 MAIN STREET

Our New Fall Shoes for Ladies

Arch Preservers	Dorothy Dodd	Enna Jetticks
$8.50 and $10.00	$6.00 and $7.50	$4.40 and $5.00

HIGGINS
102 PLEASANT STREET MALDEN

Our New Fall Hats are on display — priced at $3.00. Also higher-priced hats.
Dorothy Benham
MILLINERY
147 PLEASANT STREET
Tel. 0651-W Malden

Gordon's Woman's Shop
Dresses . . $10.75 to $29.50
Coats . . . $16.50 to $69.50
183 PLEASANT STREET, MALDEN, MASS.

Give Useful Gifts
HOSIERY 59c, 79c, $1.00
UNDERWEAR—FINE RAYONS—29c to 50c
PURE SILKS—$1.00, $1.98 $2.98
JOHNSON'S
146 Pleasant Street MALDEN, MASS.

KEEP YOUR ROOMS BRIGHT AND CHEERFUL
with flowers or plants selected from our large assortment. We also carry greeting cards for all occasions.
WM. A. SULLIVAN, *Florist*
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MEDFORD

HI HEAT *Imported Anthracite*
is the most ECONOMICAL fuel on the market. Use much less coal and get much less ash. One ton will convince you. We also sell
Fuel Oil and New England Coke
GLENDALE COAL CO.
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INSURANCE
Fire—Life—Auto
15 SPENCER ROAD, MEDFORD
Mystic 4672-M

MELROSE

Be SURE to Visit
PLUMMERS
ART SHOP
in their new location. Referred to as the most ATTRACTIVE and UNUSUAL GIFT SHOP in NEW ENGLAND. Where you will find a large and varied assortment of Christmas Cards, Gift Wrappings, Tags, Seals, and Gifts for every member of the Family.
Also a special department for Gift Wrapping and Mailing.
PICTURE FRAMING
OPEN EVERY EVENING
511 Main Street

ONE DOLLAR
Per Ton Discount for CASH
Clearcoal, Anthracite and Ovoids
Highest Quality—Fuel Oil
C. B. & F. H. GOSS
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Lady May Shop
We Will Be Pleased to Offer You Suggestions for Your CHRISTMAS SHOPPING
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The DAINTY SHOPPE
Specializing
Infants' and Children's Wear, Toys and Games. Also a fine line of Art Embroideries and Yarns.
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
for the Family
362 MAIN STREET Tel. 2063

MASSACHUSETTS

MELROSE
(Continued)

NEW HATS
to brighten your winter costumes $1.98 and up.
CHINESE IMPORTATIONS
for CHRISTMAS
MISS NADEAU
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Coal,
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Furnace and Range Oils
GODFREY COAL CO.
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Fur Trimmed Coats
require special care in cleaning and refinishing $1.25 up
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DRY CLEANERS
1040 Great Plain Ave. Ph. Needham 1450

SHOES
FREEMAN $5.00
CHAMPION $5.50
HATS
Stetson $5.00
Mallory $5.50
CARTER'S UNDERWEAR
Firsts and Imperfects
Model Men's Store, Inc.
1010 GREAT PLAIN AVENUE

NEW BEDFORD

Gulf Hill Parlors
596 Pleasant St.
New Bedford, Mass.
So. Dartmouth, Mass.
Grade A Milk Buttermilk Heavy Cream Ice Cream
Luncheon Dinner Afternoon Tea Fancy Pastries Schrafft's Candies

Quality First
We are as much interested in the Small Remembrance as the Lasting Gift.
WATCHES, CLOCKS
DIAMONDS
JEWELRY GIFTS
CHAS. E. UNWIN
JEWELER
586 PLEASANT STREET
In the Cushing Leather Store

CHERRY'S NEW BEDFORD
SALE—
Magnificent Fur Trimmed Coats in a great choice at
$28—$38—$59.75
Second Floor

Willey's Inc.
UNION STREET at 250
Distinctive Apparel for Women and Misses

NICHOLS & DAMON
50th Anniversary Sale
NOW GOING ON
Just in time to buy your Christmas Footwear for the entire family at bargain prices.
99 WILLIAM ST., NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

Verrall's Lunch Room
STRICTLY HOME COOKING
Christmas Dinner Saturday, Dec. 24th
Closed Sundays and Holidays
759 PURCHASE ST. Up one flight

Oregon Dye House
1852 Purchase Street
Tel. Clifford 8671

W. H. MUDGE
PLUMBING HEATING
48 So. Second Street, New Bedford, Mass. Tel. Clifford 2942
And 47 Cherry Street, Fairhaven, Mass. Tel. Clifford 7288

WATCHES—DIAMONDS SILVER—CLOCKS
GEORGE W. T. CASE
204 UNION STREET
Official Watch Inspector N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.

General Electric Appliances
REFRIGERATORS
RADIOS
OIL FURNACES
HAWES ELECTRIC CO.
245 Union Street Clif. 6037

You are invited to visit the *Exhibits and Sale* of
EXQUISITE JAPANESE PRINTS
priced $1.00, $1.25 and $1.75—a few higher. A Christmas Gift that's different.
At HUTCHINSON'S
222 UNION STREET

WE cordially invite you to look at our merchandise when making your selections for CHRISTMAS. LEATHER GOODS of all kinds, and other gifts, all at popular prices.
C. F. CUSHING'S & SON
586 PLEASANT STREET, Opp. Library

The Bookman Shop
LLOYD H. MADER, Prop.
"The Newest Books For Rent!"
Christmas Cards, Magazines, Candy
Daily and Sunday Newspapers—Soda
271 UNION STREET, CLIFF. 1464
Open Every Evening

Christmas Plants
Wreaths of All Kinds
MADE TO ORDER
Woodhouse Conservatories
Tel. Clif 1812 Chas. G. Sturtevant, Prop.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
BLANK BOOKS—LOOSE LEAF—STEEL EQUIPMENTS
WOODSTOCK TYPEWRITERS
CALLANAN & ARCHER
10-14 SOUTH SECOND STREET

OLSON & APPLEBY
General Contractors
Houses, Mills, Stores and Alterations and Repairs

Will be delighted to greet you in our new store *240 Union Street*
MICHAUD'S, Inc.
CLOTHIERS

A Fine Selection of
Toilet Articles, Novelties, Candy and Cards for Christmas Shoppers
The Browne Pharmacy
UNION and PLEASANT STREETS

MASSACHUSETTS

NEWBURYPORT

TASTY SWEETS

The Ever Welcome Gift
Choice Chocolates Attractively Boxed. Large Assortment of Hard Candy.
ICE CREAM, any Flavor and Combination, *Delivered to Your Home.*
CHASE'S
FOUNTAIN AND CANDY SHOP

Electrical Appliances — Household Utensils
Carts, Sleds, Toys, for the Children
D. CASHMAN, *Hardware*

Christmas Greetings of Distinction
Send RUST CRAFT Greeting Cards. A complete line at our Card Counters. Also Gifts for the whole family at
PEABODY'S 34 State St.

NEWTON

Mann & Mann
361 CENTRE ST. 4-6 HALL ST.

HARDWARE
Murray Tires
Liberal Guarantee in Writing
Sold at lowest retail prices in the history of tires.
De Luxe Tire with 24,000 Mile Guarantee

THE ARCH PRESERVER SHOE
W. L. McCammon
283 Washington Street

MONARCH
FOOD PRODUCTS
JOHN FOX PRIEST MAYONNAISE
DEWEY'S MARKET
287 WASHINGTON ST Newton No. 7062
Groceries—Vegetables—Meats

NEWTON—Auburndale

HOLIDAY BOOK SHOP
24 HAWTHORNE AVENUE
Mrs. Geo. W. St. Amant
Books for Grown-Ups and Children
Wrought Iron Handcraft Stands and Brackets—Antiques

WEST NEWTON

C. A. Stimets
1286 WASHINGTON ST. West New. 0360
FRESH FRUIT, VEGETABLES
FANCY MEATS
MONARCH FOOD PRODUCTS

NEWTON CENTRE

When You Are Looking for Inexpensive But Attractive Gifts for Christmas, Come to THE NEWTON CENTRE WOMAN'S EXCHANGE
71-73 UNION ST. Opp. Station

BRICK OVEN HOUSE
Where in a century-old home are shown
GIFTS—OLD and NEW
CHINA, METALS, POTTERY, BAGS, LINENS, BABY ARTICLES
SELECTED CHRISTMAS CARDS
L. M. LAMKIN, 109 Langley Road
Cen. New. 1823

J. H. CHANDLER & SON
HARDWARE
Kitchen Ware—Carmote Paint
Delivery in the Newtons
747 BEACON ST. Cen. New. 4020

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A. Avantaggio
The market where you may buy the Finest Quality
Meats—Fish—Poultry—Groceries
Fruits—Vegetables
obtainable.
New. No. 8346, 8347, 8348 843 Washington St.
323 Walnut St.
Opp. Madison Ave.
Newton Flower Shop
Newtonville
Call Newton North 2900 at any hour—day or night

Paramount FRUIT CO.
319 WALNUT STREET
FANCY FRUITS—VEGETABLES
HATCHET BRAND Canned Goods

Come and See Shop
318 WALNUT STREET
Christmas Cards and Wrappings
Toys, Games, Books, 50c, $1 and up
Jewelry at Lowest Prices Ever Available
New Trays, 98c and $1

MARION L. PERKINS
Stationery and Office Supplies
CHRISTMAS TOYS 10c up
CHRISTMAS CARDS—WRAPPINGS
Agent for new Royal Signet Typewriter $29.50
845 WASHINGTON STREET

LOIS ROBBINS SHOPPE
313 WALNUT STREET
Make Christmas Happy for the Children
Toys and Games for all ages, Christmas Cards and Wrappings.

NORTHAMPTON

GOLDWASSERS
Holiday Specials in
Dresses and Coats
at GOLDWASSERS
227 MAIN STREET NORTHAMPTON
16 Main Street, AMHERST

Phone 3-500
For Coal, Coke or Charcoal Fuel Furnace or Range Oil
KIMBALL & CARY CO.
12 MAIN STREET

PITTSFIELD

● ● ● APPLES ● ● ●
FANCY NORTHERN SPY—The kind that crack as you bite them.
BUSHEL $1.09
ORCHARD RUN, Bushel 89c
KELSEY'S GREAT MARKET
MAIN STORE PITTSFIELD BRANCH AT DALTON

MASSACHUSETTS

PITTSFIELD
(Continued)

We talked to a man the other day who gave us a new slant on conditions. He did not pull a long and gloomy face; on the other hand, he seemed quite cheerful. Said he had found that since commodity prices were on the down-and-down, he could revise his savings budget. Said he was saving five dollars more each week, now.
Agricultural National Bank
Pittsfield, Massachusetts

TOYS
By the looks of things, even the grown-ups enjoy our toys. We've seen hundreds of them smiling happily as they looked over our vast assortment. Perhaps our low prices are one reason for the smiles. Make it a point to do your gift buying now, to insure early delivery. Many toys cannot be duplicated at these prices.
The WALLACE COMPANY

The Perfect Gift This Christmas
Cheerful—Practical Festive—Sensible
A box of Christmas delicacies and good food will be greatly appreciated in many homes this year. The box content is made up of many choice items, products of S. S. Pierce Company of Boston. The gift box has a very distinctive holiday charm that will please the eye as well as the palate. Prices are reasonable, ranging from $1.65 all the way up to $25.00. We are local selling agent for S. S. Pierce Company. Their listed price is our price.
Macken Brothers Inc.

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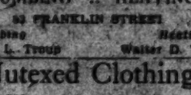
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8x7 Enlargements with each roll
24-Hour Service
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DAILY FEATURES

Rime-O-Grams
No. 78

Gems
Prepared by Ann Lowell for The Christian Science Monitor

Each correct answer counts twenty. What is your score?

1.

Its dominant color
Is nature's own hue.
An island familiar
Will furnish the clue.

2.

Most regal of gems,
The true lover's token;
Though kindred to coal,
'Tis not easily broken.

3.

As a cameo stone
It hasn't an equal.
"Bess" gave one to "Essex"—
Just look up the sequel.

4.

It's black, yet transparent
(And this is no fiction),
Now what do you call
Such a flat contradiction?

5.

In opaline beauty
Reflecting the light,
Its luminous softness
Belongs to the night.

The answers with the names of all readers submitting a perfect score will be published four weeks from today.

Send your lists to the Feature Editor. Be sure to give the number: "Rime-O-Grams No. 78."

The Christian Science Monitor's
Quotation for Today

IT IS a dangerous hardihood to scorn what we do not understand. Do you suppose the limits of truth to be your own understanding?
—MONTAIGNE

Hymnal Notes
No. 281

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

TO STUDENTS of the Bible there are few things more interesting than to discover among the Hebrew people of today the customs that reflect what is found in the Book of books. For example, in John 10:22, we read: "And it was at Jerusalem the feast of the dedication, and it was winter." There is delight in learning that this feast of the dedication still comes to the synagogue and to the homes as the Chanuka ("Hanukka," Webster), or festival of lights. The feast celebrates the new kindling of sacred lamps at the altar set up by Judas Maccabæus 165 B. C., when he triumphed over the hosts of the Syrians who had profaned the temple at Jerusalem with idolatry.

The tune used for Hymn No. 281 is "*Mooz Zur*" ("Rock of Ages"), the tune which for perhaps 400 years has been used during this festival of lights. The tune is not Hebraic in origin, yet, in his "Jewish Music," Idelsohn says that the chorale, "*Nun freuet euch*" ("Now rejoice"), and the old German battle hymn, "Benzenauer," undoubtedly entered the Ghetto and there were "fused in the mind of some Jewish singers as the joyous theme of the victory of the Maccabees." This tune, so derived, was given the name of the Hebrew words to which it was sung, "*Mooz Zur.*" The words are traced back to a Mordecai of the fourteenth century. Idelsohn's "Jewish Song Book" translates the German version, by Leopold Stein, in part as follows:

Rock of Ages let our song praise Thy saving power;
Thou amid the raging foes wast our sheltering tower. . . .
Kindling new the holy lamps, priests approved in suffering
Purified the nation's shrine, brought to God their offering.

Again, when we read that both this tune, "*Mooz Zur*," and "*Leoni*," No. 371, are listed among the "Ashkenazic" songs, we turn eagerly to Gen. 10:3, and read there the name "Ashkenaz" which was supposed to mean ancient Germany. The name is still applied to the Jews of Germany and to other north European groups, and also to their descendants in America and elsewhere.

The chorale which is said to have furnished the first half and the close of "*Mooz Zur*" is in turn traced to a simple German folk song that charmingly begins, "*So weiss ich eins was mich erfreut, das plumlein auff preyter heyde*" ("I know what pleases me; the little flower on the wide heath").

We see here how Luther, if it was he, used a popular song for a hymn-tune and even took the start of his words from it, in "*Nun freuet euch.*" Hardly a stronger, stateller tune appears in the Hymnal than this which began as a song about a little flower!

The words used here for No. 281 were chosen because their joyous, confident mood is like the Hebraic words. These are by Harriet Auber (1773-1862), an English woman whose name is widely beloved for her beautiful hymn "Our blest Redeemer," based on John 14:16-26.

This song seems thus to have a rightful place in the songs of a people who strive for an ever purer worship, with its lamps "trimmed and burning."

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

A Souvenir

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Durham, Ont.

A COUNTRYWOMAN stepped off the train to find herself a stranger in a small northwestern town. She learned that the desolate farm she must visit—the estate of a departed soldier brother—was some 30 miles farther away with only one train a week in that direction. Shy of hunting for garage men, she telephoned to an address an acquaintance had given her.

At once she became the guest in the home of a Scottish family who showed her the beauties of that great ranching country, motored her to the deserted homestead, and finally saw her safely on the train again. With her she carried a memory of gentlefolk and their ways that will be a souvenir for which to thank God always.

But gratitude alone seemed no adequate return for the kindness she had received. Deliberately she set about to pass along the heartening treatment—and opportunities crop up often when one looks for them. Not that she merely picks up the unemployed who walk the highways, for she has always done that; but with her car she goes out of the way to accommodate those who need a lift. A widow has important business in a city and cannot afford the bus fare. That is opportunity. A young woman with her baby has a similar errand. Opportunity again. A baker's truck mires itself near her home. Her team goes to the rescue unremunerated.

Her souvenir is to be a fadeless chain, the first links of which were forged in that small northwestern town.

Did You Know That—

(Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor)

Species of seaweed growing in the Pacific Ocean sometimes reach a length of 1500 feet?

If you are thinking of building one—it takes about 50 to 60 acres for the average nine-hole golf course?

The Children's Corner

Tahu and His Bear Friend

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

THE sun was setting as Tahu, the 10-year-old Indian boy, walked sturdily to a large, round rock that rose like a great apple dumpling in the clearing of the woods. It was summer and his parents were camping near by, having pitched their tepee at the foot of a mountain in Alberta, Canada. This mountain used to be called Indian Chief and Tahu loved to wander on its friendly slope.

Here in this Canadian National Park the wild creatures were free to come and go as they wished and Tahu had many friends among them. At night he watched the beavers build their homes by swimming to the river banks with sticks in their mouths. Tahu kept so quiet that they did not seem to notice him but kept right on with their work. Now one of their homes was almost ready and Tahu thought that perhaps two more nights might finish it.

In the daytime Tahu tried to outrun the deer and the mountain goats which sped nimbly ahead of him through the forests, but at this sunset hour he had eyes only for Giki, the Black Bear.

For two summers he had known his big, furry friend and every day when he was in this neighborhood his parents let him take a piece of bacon or some candy, that had been given him by the whites who came to buy the beadwork his mother made, such as beaded moccasins and bags. But if he had neither bacon nor candy, there was always bread with honey on it. Giki liked sweet things as much as children did.

Two years ago Tahu had wandered into the woods and sat down to watch an elk that he could just see through the dense foliage. Suddenly the leaves close to him began to rustle and turning his head in the direction from which the noise came he saw a big black bear, who began ambling away and looking over his shoulder at Tahu just as Tahu walked away and looked over his shoulder at Giki, as he afterward named him.

That night his mother explained that the bear was only trying to be friendly, and she told him to take a piece of bacon, put it on a rock and watch what would happen. The next day he did so, and, surely enough, Giki found the bacon. Now Giki seemed to know when his little Indian friend was in the vicinity, or perhaps he came to this rock every day, hoping to find him.

It was great fun to watch Giki. This night Tahu put his offering of bacon on the rock, then sat down on the ground a few feet away. Sometimes he waited as much as an hour but this time he had only been here a few minutes when he noticed a shadow at the edge of the clearing. There was Giki standing on his hind legs and sniffing the air.

Giki looked very big when he did that and when at last he sniffed the bacon how awkward he looked when he dropped down on all fours and moved along, shaking from side to side. He walked unhurriedly, turning to see if his little friend were in his regular place. Then sure of some goodie, he sniffed along to the rock, found the bacon, ate it, then stood upon his hind legs and rubbed his back against a tree. This was his way of telling Tahu that he was very happy.

All the while Tahu sat quietly until at last Giki looked once more at the rock to be sure he had not left anything, then nodding his head in Tahu's direction as if to say "Thank you," he ambled away and disappeared among the trees. Then Tahu scampered away before it became too dark to find his way out of the woods. When he reached home he told his mother that Giki was especially pleased today with the piece of bacon and that tomorrow he was going to take some bread and honey to his bear friend, for Giki liked that even better than the bacon.

There Was Giki, Standing on His Hind Legs.

Rime-O-Grams No. 66
Biblical Episodes

Published Nov. 11

ANSWERS

1.

After warning the king
He hid near a brook.
Where winged messengers
Fresh food to him took.
(Elijah and the Ravens)

2.

On the way to Damascus
A teacher profound
By new light was blinded
And fell to the ground.
(The Conversion of Paul)

3.

When rulers announced
That tribute was due,
From a source unexpected
Came taxes for two.
(The Coin in the Fish's Mouth)

4.

A dumb creature spoke,
Much wisdom expressing,
And instead of a curse
There resulted a blessing.
(Balaam's Ass)

5.

What sight caused the leader,
Returning alone,
To cast from his hands
The tables of stone?
(Worship of the Golden Calf)

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Miss Wilma Schultheis, Richmond Hill, N.Y.
Miss Phyllis M. Lambert, London.
Miss Isabel Barston, Howden, Eng.

Brevities

Numerist: The crooning vocalist of an American dance band recently resigned from his band on receipt of a threatening letter. Now that's an idea.

Detroit News: A lock of Napoleon's hair sold for $6.50 at a London auction. Judging by the newsreels, Mussolini's barber won't start saving too soon.

Lighter Vein

"Things That Money Cannot Buy"

"My wife thinks this rather personal," says R. W. R. (Fresno, Calif.) as he inquires for:

A muffler for the organ of speech.

Miss S. M. B. (Scranton, Penna.):
A fence for Scotland Yard.
New buttons for a coat of arms.
A set of markers for pocketbooks.

Mrs. W. R. H. (Oakland, Calif.):
Jewel cases for the rings of a doorbell.

S. M. R. (Berkeley, Calif.):
A patch for the seat of trouble.

J. S. G. (Boston):
A noose for a cord of wood.
A brother for misfortune.

Miss M. B. E. (Portland, Ore.):
Cloth for the "pattern on the mount."
Deed to the "house built on the rock."
Clothes for the body politic.
Carpet for the steppes of Siberia.

Mrs. R. M. L. (Rockford, Ill.):
A finder for the hooked rug.

Mrs. E. H. H. (Muncie, Ind.):
A drink from "All's well."

Mrs. N. I. J. (Parsons, Kan.):
A scarf for a weather bureau.

H. H. G. (Wilkinsburg, Penna.):
A table for the elbows of a stove-pipe.

Miss E. A. C. (Belleville, N. J.):
Feathers from a tailor's goose.

R. L. T. (Des Moines):
A locket for a chain of evidence.
A silk hat for the governor of a steam engine.

All of Them

Colonel Nutt: "Just give me one reason why I should do anything for you when I got only one vote in the election."

Flatbush: "I gave you that vote."
—*Pathfinder.*

Henry Dusts Off an Antique

"A Nebraska farmer has told me what took place. They took him (Mr. Roosevelt) through the henhouse, where a lot of hens were on nests. Franklin asked the farmer, 'What is correct: are those hens sitting or setting?' 'Well, Mr. Roosevelt,' the farmer replied, 'we don't pay much attention to that; all we want to know is, when they cackle, are they laying or lying.'"—*Henry Field,* in an interview for the *New York Herald Tribune.*

A Word a Day

Notes and Queries

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Los Angeles (Mrs. D. M. B.)—Judging from the number of times this name reaches us, our effort to correct careless pronunciation of it has had little effect. It should be remembered that the *g* is sounded as in *get, give, gather* (not as *j*); *Los* (long *o* as in lode) *Ang'-gel-es* (*a* as in *at*, *ng* as in *bang*, first *e* clipped as in *recent*, second short as in *get*). Not *Laus An'-jul-us.*

Advertisement (Mrs. D. M. B.)—Preferably with accent on the second syllable, *ad-vur'-tiz-ment* (*a* as in *hat*, *u* as in *urn*, *i* as in *it*, *e* as in *recent*).

Advertising representatives of the Monitor, however, have been asked not to decline *ad-ver-tize'-ments*—otherwise suitable—when offered by well-intentioned merchants wishing to spend some money with us.

Vagaries (Mrs. D. M. B.)—Accent the second syllable, *va-gay'-ris* (first *a* clipped as in *account*, second long as in *ace*, *i* short as in *it*).

Illustrate (Mrs. D. M. B.)—The accent is preferably on the second syllable, *Il-lus'-trate* (*i* as in *it*, *u* as in *up*, *a* as in *ace*).

Beloved, behold (Mrs. D. M. B., who reports hearing these with accent on the first syllable)—Accent the second syllable in both words.

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Ed.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1932 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

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All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to the Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor.

EDITORIALS

Home Politics vs. Foreign Policy

NEVER was the need of clear foreign policy so great as today. There are many matters on the right solution of which the future, not of one country but perhaps of civilization, will depend. Moreover, these solutions will be ineffective if they come too late. Anything which causes procrastination or postponement must be viewed as inimical to the interests of mankind.

It is also generally agreed that no one country can, by taking unilateral decisions, solve these vital problems. They concern the continents, and the continents must put themselves in accord. And yet we find that the solution of these problems is continually at the mercy of the domestic politics of single nations. During the last year or two, despite the economic crisis, or it may be because of the crisis, the number of national elections has been multiplied exceedingly. It would be difficult to count how many times the leading countries of the world have been plunged into the turmoil of general elections.

The inconvenience—to use no stronger word—of these appeals to the electorate has been twofold. First, foreign policies have been conditioned by home politics, and the countries have been divided by heated discussions in which extreme viewpoints have been opposed with verbal violence. Governments have been accused, for the sake of party capital, of not urging their case forcibly enough, although the governments, and perhaps their critics, were aware that a moderate and conciliatory statement of their desiderata was not only wise but was essential if they were to be successfully urged. Popular passions have been inflamed in matters requiring the most delicate and careful handling.

Secondly, while this internal strife was proceeding, international negotiations of the gravest character have been brought more or less to a standstill. Governments have considered it impossible to come to decisions, or even to frame a final policy, while being attacked before the electorate, and with a sword of Damocles hanging over their heads. They have hesitated to do what they might have thought it necessary to do, both because they might thus bring about their own downfall by furnishing weapons to their adversaries and because they have felt some scruples about committing their country to a course of action which might be repudiated by their successors.

Since the other nations could not come to a decision in the absence, partial or complete, of the nation in which elections were being held, a virtual halt has had to be called. Sometimes suspensions of negotiations have been acknowledged; sometimes the nations have pretended to march though only marking time. No sooner was an election in one country over than there was an election in another country. Occasionally—as in the United States—there is an interregnum between the elections and the incoming of the new government—a period in which it is difficult to proceed as though changes of responsibility were not imminent.

These reflections lead to the conclusion that there should be, in all countries, a truce to party contention, a cessation of political strife, at any rate in respect of foreign policies, until the situation has become normal. It may be that an international agreement could be arrived at to postpone further elections—instead of postponing solutions—for a stated period. It may be that, inside each country, an accord could be reached on foreign policies whatever be the exigencies of home politics, which would lift them above the domestic clash and assure a continuity in the pursuit of international solutions. Home politics cannot be allowed to place perpetual obstacles in the path of foreign policies which so directly concern the whole world—and each nation.

Twilight in the Plaza de Toros

FROM Spain comes a dispatch with the information that "something has gone wrong with the national sport"—bullfighting. The season just ended showed a total of only 215 performances, compared with 249 in 1931 and 302 in 1930.

A number of explanations for the decline are forthcoming from the experts. There's the economic depression, of course; there was only one fatality during the season, and that "insignificant"—an 18-year-old apprentice; the Socialist Party has waged a strong campaign against bullfighting; the new agrarian law has broken up many of the great estates where bulls were bred for the *corrida de toros*.

Such are the interpretations of the experts. But it is in the final paragraph of the dispatch, after the experts have done with their pontifications, that there is disclosed, at least by implication, what one suspects is the simple and gratifying explanation of the whole matter. It appears that puzzlement is universal over the apathy of the most devoted followers of bullfighting. The great Chicuelo prepares for the kill with his old talent—but the crowd no longer greets this spectacle with hysteria. Hats and flowers are not tossed into the arena with the old-time enthusiasm nor in such volume as of yore. And—perhaps most inexplicable of all—the great matadors walk these days through the streets of Madrid with not a single youngster trailing them in awe and worship. This is the overwhelming ignominy.

Can it be that bullfighting is on the wane not because of the reasons advanced by the experts, but preponderantly because, quite simply, its fans are passing beyond its shocking crudities and cruelties?

To Save Future Embarrassment

DETECTIVES from Scotland Yard have a pleasant custom, when taking a man into custody, of warning him with the words, "Anything you say may be used against you." Probably no one will think it necessary to whisper discreetly these words to the gentlemen who, in the Ways and Means Committee hearings and other congressional discussions, make purplish prognostications of the benefits, economic and otherwise, to be obtained by legalizing beer.

Possibly, even, they would not appreciate the counsel. Yet long experience of panacea peddlers should caution that glowing statements of today are always checked up against the cold statistics of tomorrow. Whether the results then will bear out the promises now can be judged to some extent by the statistics of yesterday.

Surveying such wet claims as the one that with repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment the liquor industry would put anywhere up to 2,500,000 persons to work, Mr. A. Weston Smith Jr., in the Financial World, finds from pre-prohibition employment figures that, counting "allied" industries, "it is difficult to imagine how more than 500,000 new workers at the very outside would be required, and this would be a very nominal percentage of the possible 8,000,000 to 10,000,000 who are now unemployed."

Mr. Smith does not write as a dry, for he flatly forecasts repeal. But in view of the ease with which idle near beer and malt plants could be converted into breweries, he is skeptical whether the renovating and rebuilding of old breweries would take up much of the slack in the building trades. He continues:

> The railroads have been mentioned as important beneficiaries, but the records show that prior to prohibition the tonnage of beer, wine and liquor carried never exceeded ¼ of 1 per cent of the annual freight tonnage carried. . . . The makers of bottles, glasses, barrels, boxes, cases, caps, corks and seals will likewise be benefited, but there is a reasonable possibility that any increase in demand from beer, wines and spirits may be offset by losses in the demand from the soft drink industry.

And as for the farmer, it is recalled that less than 1½ per cent of the corn, less than 7½ per cent of the rye and only a fraction of 1 per cent of the wheat produced in the United States was used in liquor manufacture before prohibition.

Another financial journal, the Investors' Review, published in London, throws an interesting sidelight on the American expectations of liquor revenue when it weeps salty tears over the fact that the average dividends of ten brewing concerns have fallen from 18.8 per cent to 14.4 per cent under the increased beer taxes of the present budget, that beer consumption and tax yields have fallen off, and that "tote" clubs (any relation to the American speakeasy?) are springing up everywhere.

But to return to Mr. Smith of the Financial World, he concludes that "the return of beer, wines and spirituous liquors cannot be compared with the introduction of the railroad, the automobile, the radio or the airplane," and that "it appears doubtful if repeal is the key to a new prosperity." The spokesmen for liquor might be well advised, therefore, to remember that the less extravagant their assertions the less embarrassing will be the explanations that must follow.

Ensembles to Make Men

MEN'S outfitters are preparing for greater centralization. No longer need a man scurry around among a dozen city blocks to equip himself properly for a summer holiday. Stores to equip him with everything from a shoestring to a collar button are to be opened. And the prices will be "per ensemble."

An equipment at $50 is said to promise popularity. It guarantees to make one a finished product without a raw seam or a rough edge. It is not stated at which end the purchaser will start, but he will move from counter to counter until he emerges the 100-per-cent-well-dressed man. He will not haggle over the price of this or that article of clothing because nothing but "lump" prices will obtain. Shoes, socks, underwear, shirt, tie, hat and handkerchief will all merge into one symphonic arrangement under the dictatorship of experts who will spend their entire time in designing new compositions.

The customer will know that he is correct in every detail, even to his "galluses," when he walks out in all the embellishment of architectural studies that have been months in the making. Colors, cloths and cuts will be in absolute and incontrovertible harmony. What more could a man ask?

If another step along this line is taken, it probably will apply the nickel-in-the-slot idea to the clothing outfitter. Then the busy man may cast his eye down the list of "special prices for today," select, perhaps, the $50 combination, jump into the $50 hopper and emerge ten seconds later in a brand-new outfit, brogues to fedora, and with his old clothes in a bundle under his arm.

High Spots of Pantomime

PANTOMIME seems to be in no danger of losing its hold upon the affections of the English people. In this Christmas season pantomimes will occupy three of the largest theaters in the West End of London, while up and down the provinces scores of thousands of children and parents will see enacted on their local stages the stories of Cinderella, Puss in Boots, Jack and the Beanstalk, and Dick Whittington, each of them glorified with all the splendor of electric lights, transformation scenes, principal boys, clowns, and Harlequin.

The pantomime audience is a critical one. If Cinderella's coach does not blaze brightly enough, or if Puss does not demolish a sufficient number of rats, some small child is certain to write to the producer to point out the defect. But the pantomime audience is also appreciative. It leaves no one in doubt as to what parts of the entertainment it likes best. Mr. Julian Wylie, who has produced 103 pantomimes, has made an interesting list of the scenes which are always most successful. They include the moment when Sindbad the Sailor is carried off by the giant Roc, the finding of the footprint in "Robinson Crusoe," the pricking of the princess's finger in "The Sleeping Beauty," the fight of Jack with the giants in "Jack and the Beanstalk," and the changing of the rats and the pumpkin into the fairy coach in "Cinderella."

When pantomimes were first introduced into Britain, just over 200 years ago, it was invariably the transformation scene that most hit the public fancy. Later, at the beginning of the nineteenth century, in the heyday of Grimaldi, it was the clown who gained the most applause. Now, it seems that what the youthful pantomime audience most enjoys is neither the humor nor the spectacular scene changes, but the story. For each of the incidents that Mr. Wylie's experience teaches him is most successful in contemporary pantomime is a critical moment in the development of the plot. What the pantomime needs, apparently, is a well-told story.

There is, perhaps, a hint here for the more adult theater, which has recently been neglecting the story-telling side of drama rather more than is wise. On the one hand, there has been a plethora of plays with no story at all, on the other a quantity of productions in which the story is swamped by the scenery. Some of these entertainments have had striking merits, but it is well to remember occasionally that the drama is often an excellent means of telling a tale.

Federal Annual Reports

DURING the last fortnight, various departments and bureaus of the United States Government have been issuing their annual reports. Better than anything else, these reports reveal the extent of the services provided to the public by the Government, and the vast range of work done in all branches of administration and scientific research.

Whatever may be one's individual opinion with respect to many of the services furnished by the Federal Government and of many of the duties intrusted to federal employees, it can hardly be gainsaid that the annual reports do indicate a zealous application to duty. They are valuable, moreover, in that they provide a mass of information which can be of the highest worth to the taxpayers who make them possible.

Furthermore, they should be read by the latter group much as the stockholder in a corporation should read over the annual financial report, or the depositor in a bank should analyze the statements published regularly following the calls of the Comptroller of the Currency.

The annual reports of the federal departments can provide the taxpayer with a thorough understanding of the type of service his money has supported during the last year. Only after a reasonable study of them can he be in a sound position to discuss the value of the various services and to determine whether or not they are worth the cost.

"Paper, Sir?"

"CHILDREN doing business in a grown-up world." In such simple phrase the newsboys are described in an emergency appeal sent out by the Burroughs Newsboys Foundation in Boston.

The business man and woman hurrying from office to the shelter of the subway on stormy evenings grab their evening papers from the outstretched hand of the youthful vendor with quick smiles of acknowledgment as they slacken their steps for a brief instant. They will soon be home, but the newsboy, coat collar turned up, stays on the job. Frequently these days he is helping his home to carry on, doing his brave bit toward keeping the family off the "dole."

Thoughtful people recognize that, in addition to the long, often far too long, hours of work and exposure, there is, especially in big cities, the danger of temptation to wrongdoing. These young workers are a mark for the underworld, ever quick to exploit the needy. In the newsboy and shoeblack, the adolescent seller of smallwares on city streets, the unscrupulous find an alertness which they often seek to use to sinister end.

To counteract these unwholesome influences in Boston, the Burroughs Newsboys Foundation was established. It offers a comfortable center where the boys can get off the street into the kindly atmosphere of clubby activities; it provides instruction in arts and crafts; libraries, sports, entertainments; a summer camp.

Mr. Burroughs, a former newsboy, founded the institution and gives largely of his time and means. These are days, however, when it takes more than a few self-sacrificing people's efforts to keep such social projects afloat. In fact, without widespread aid, the work in Boston, as in other cities, may stop.

Just children doing business in a grown-up world. Wherever they are, they have the right to expect the grown-ups will extend a hand.

Editorial Notes

In reply to a frequently heard criticism that women are worse drivers than men, British insurance companies state that investigation of accident claims shows that there is little to choose between men and women at the wheel. There is, however, no denying the room for an all-round improvement.

Entertainers should never overlook the fact that a sure way to lose the favor of children is to treat them childishly, says a British editorial writer. American movie producers, however, seem not to fear that such treatment will alienate the favor of adults.

Sweden's new Parliament has twenty-two journalists, a number which may seem small to American reporters who so often hear a legislator say, "I used to be a newspaper man myself."

Watching the World Go By

By WILLIS J. ABBOT

A Stalemate Congress—Too Poor to Go Bankrupt

WASHINGTON

IT IS perfectly apparent that the short session of Congress is going to be impotent to enact any legislation on controversial subjects. Especially will it be unable to accomplish any of the liquor legislation which it has threatened. The failure of the Garner repeal resolution, even though it indicated a majority of wet votes in the House, uncovered such dissension among members of that faction as to quiet apprehension that a beer bill may be passed before adjournment on March 4.

The sharp jealousies and antagonisms between brewers, distillers and vintners which did so much toward smoothing the path of the prohibitionists when the Eighteenth Amendment was originally adopted, are now reappearing to block any modification of it. The winemakers of California have served sharp notice that they do not intend to sit back and see beer reinstated as a "non-intoxicating" beverage without some provision being made for the sale of their own product. As the least alcoholic content of wine is 14 per cent, this contention is likely to block any "light wine and beer" legislation for this session at least.

While the country can look with philosophy upon the dissensions that make wholly improbable any legislation on liquor, it is unfortunate that other, more important, matters are likely to go by the board in this short session. It has usually been the case that nothing except the big supply bills got through at such a session, and this is more than ever the situation this year.

It is futile to criticize this condition now, as the progress being made in the ratification of the Norris Amendment makes it certain that this is the last session of the sort the nation will know. But meanwhile foreign governments must think us mildly insane to be wasting on futile talk of beer and wine legislative hours which would be so useful for the correction of our graver economic ills.

* * *

The latest contribution to the story of hard times is related by my friend, W. D. Jamieson, who strives to keep the ideas of pure democracy alive in Washington by publishing a political weekly—the Window Seat. "An intimate letter from a close personal lawyer friend in the West," reports Mr. Jamieson, "says 'Times are really getting tough in the law business. People don't have enough money to go through bankruptcy. This is a fact. They can't pay the filing fees.'"

This does seem hard. But how fortunate a thing it is that the genius of democracy has furnished a remedy for these distressed people. Mr. Walter Lippmann, who sets forth pure, wholesome democracy in a string of newspapers, describes it thus:

> Beer would be a great help in fighting off the mental depression which afflicts great multitudes who are bored and discouraged, and it is an unnecessary cruelty to withhold it in the winter which we face. Beer is nourishing, consoling, and warming, and it should be made available as soon as possible.

Mr. Jamieson overlooked the Lippmann panacea. Instead, he calls upon President-Elect Roosevelt and the incoming Congress to "restore to every man and woman in this country . . . the right to earn a decent living." "What's the use of that," ask beer advocates, "when it's so much easier to give them beer?"

* * *

The next House of Representatives, with a Democratic majority approaching 200, will have a fine opportunity to disprove the theory that the Democracy is essentially a sectional party. It will have a speaker to elect and by, what should be a happy chance, the man in direct line for that post is a representative from Illinois. Henry T. Rainey is a veteran in the House. He has served fourteen terms, being beaten only in the landslide that accompanied the retirement of President Wilson. He has served long and honorably on the Committee on Ways and Means, and is now the Floor Leader of his party. Time-honored precedent demands his advancement to the Speakership.

But there are two Southern candidates—Mr. McDuffie of Alabama and Mr. Byrns of Tennessee. Southern speakers have become a matter of precedent in the party. John G. Carlisle of Kentucky and Charles F. Crisp of Georgia were speakers in the Cleveland Administration; Champ Clark of Missouri presided when Wilson was in the White House, and now "Jack" Garner of Texas is about to lay down the gavel. In fact, the only Democratic Speaker from a northern state since the Civil War was Samuel J. Randall of Pennsylvania. The record is not one that comports with any claim to true nationalism as a party.

Books of Current Interest

Ex Cathedra

> Facing the Facts: An Economic Diagnosis, by Twelve Professors of Economics at Princeton University, edited by J. G. Smith. New York: Putnam. $3.
>
> A Practical Program for America: Symposium of Articles Contributed to The Nation, edited by Henry Hazlitt. New York: Harcourt, Brace. $1.

HERE are two books containing articles by about twenty experts on as many economic problems. The Princeton volume is more concerned with the facts; The Nation volume with the solutions. But the Princeton economics faculty did not come out of their cloisters at this time merely to provide background material; they are also intent on contributing to the "practical program" that The Nation authors set as their goal.

All these essays are so stimulating that there is a great temptation to give the reader a digest of each. Let us, instead, regard them as composing a grab bag and take a dip or two. Two pieces on taxation reward us first. They will upset many current notions—the one, for instance, that federal budgets should be balanced every year. "The requirements of a balanced budget," says Prof. E. R. A. Seligman, in The Nation symposium, "are substantially met if there is an equilibrium after not too protracted a period." In the Princeton volume Prof. F. A. Lutz, after making a careful distinction between capital and current expenditures from the standpoint of balancing, declares that "a more flexible, longer range conception of the national budgetary problem and policy" is required. It might have been good tactics for Republican spokesmen to quote these two authorities in rebutting the budget criticisms of their Democratic opponents.

* * *

The tariff, our next "find," is excellently treated in the Princeton volume by Prof. F. W. Fetter. In short compass he gives a succinct history of the United States tariff and a critique of the theories governing tariff making. There is little left in some of the theories when Professor Fetter has finished with them. The "opposite" chapter in The Nation book is written by Mr. Henry Hazlitt, better known nowadays as a literary critic, though he was trained as an economist. His object is to show how the pivotal business of the world today is everywhere conducted in one great international market. The lesson, so long adhered to in theory and so long neglected in practice, is being rubbed in by recent happenings.

Of more concrete concern is Mr. Hazlitt's view that the cancellation of war debts is, with the reduction of tariffs, "one of the two most urgent moves necessary for world recovery." As to this, Prof. Charles R. Whittlesey, in the Princeton collection, after reviewing both the facts and arguments, concludes with this observation:

> All in all we have mixed a fine devil's brew of reparations, war debts and private investments abroad. The conflicting interests of exporters, bankers, investors, taxpayers and domestic manufacturers cannot all be reconciled by the same formula. In the face of so diverse individual interests a wise and far-sighted policy will be very hard to build. And this fact, unfortunately, we must face: Whatever policy we adopt, some of us are bound to lose and lose heavily. Our goal must be to keep these losses as low as possible, to distribute them as equitably as we can and withal—and this is the most important—not to delay the recovery of trade and industry.

Most readers, engaged in coming to an opinion on this pressing problem, will no doubt give Professor Whittlesey's chapter precedence, and they will not be disappointed.

* * *

Space is getting short, and there is still excellent material in our grab bag. Agriculture is fully and competently explored. Prof. E. G. Nourse, in The Nation book, pleads for a general moratorium on foreclosures and forced sales until we can see on what price level agricultural commodities and farm lands are going to stabilize themselves. He urges a revision of the antiquated property tax which puts such an undue burden on agriculture. And he thinks that submarginal lands should not be left to private exploitation. All three suggestions, and several more, have the indorsement of Prof. A. M. McIsaac of Princeton, who also traverses the ground in more detail.

But, as Prof. H. Parker Willis recalls, Marshall of Oxford once said that money and banking are the nucleus around which all economic science clusters. So we must stop our random picking and search for those chapters on those subjects. They repay the effort. They are fully up to standard. Of all of them, the one written for The Nation by Professor Willis deserves the most careful reading. He calls it: "What Shall We Do With Our Banks?" With banks he includes bankers. The Wisconsin idea of licensing bankers does not find in him, one of the fathers of the Federal Reserve System, the scoffer that usually comments upon it. Likewise he is not so scornful as one might have expected of the plan for guaranteeing bank deposits. He criticizes it in passing, and then leaves it in favor of alternative reforms, such as the scheme, now coming rapidly into public discussion, for compelling all banks to affiliate with the Federal Reserve Banks in some capacity or other.

How alike all these economic pundits think! This is one's first thought on closing these volumes. But it quickly gives place to another: how far apart is political policy from economic thinking! H. B. E.

Mirror of World Opinion

The opinions expressed in the quotations hereunder do not carry necessarily the indorsement of the Monitor.

Too Eager

THE future of the national prohibition law is problematic. Jumping to the conclusion that the next Congress will be overwhelmingly wet as well as overwhelmingly Democratic does not seem justified on the basis of present statistical analysis.

The dry South—and most of it is still dry—will have a great deal to say. But assuming that the next Congress is wet as well as Democratic, what it can do beyond starting the machinery of resubmission in motion is not clear.

There is considerable difference of opinion as to what the Supreme Court will say if changes in the Volstead Act are attempted, especially changes which would try to legalize beer as called for in the Democratic platform. It is true that court has said some things which are construed as recognizing the right of Congress to define an intoxicant; but it is also true that consistently and over a long period of time that court has ruled against the liquor traffic.

The passage of a beer bill by Congress in any event would not mean beer, but prolonged litigation, with the result in doubt, unless and until the Eighteenth Amendment is changed.

It is for this reason that the California action in repealing the state prohibition law—the Wright Act—is so tragically futile. That repeal does not legalize anything, nor take any steps toward legalizing anything; it merely offers an invitation to bootleggers and gangsters to take up their residence and ply their unlawful trade in this State, unhampered by more than a corporal's guard of federal officers.

A licensed and regulated liquor traffic produced such abuses that the people revolted and legislated an end to it. An unlicensed and unregulated liquor traffic promises to be intolerable, and after a few months of it Californians will almost certainly be clamoring for relief. It would have been wiser to wait for orderly processes of change, if change there is to be.—*Los Angeles Times.*

The Stamp Money Plan

PROBABLY the depression has yielded no more interesting economic development than the stamp money plan now in operation at Hawarden, Iowa. There the people have had a practical demonstration that it is possible to devise a substitute for legal money that can be used in their daily affairs.

The Hawarden municipal "dollar" is printed and issued by the city in exchange for work on municipal projects. It is accepted by Hawarden merchants at face value less 3 cents. Each person or firm receiving the dollar must attach a 3-cent stamp purchased from the city. When thirty-six stamps are attached the city redeems the paper for $1 in ordinary money.

It is no exaggeration to say that the vast majority of the American people believe that some form of currency reform is needed in the United States. The present monetary system has bogged down under the weight of credit that has been piled upon the base structure of gold and it no longer functions effectually.

Nations ever have been properly hesitant about tampering with their currency system. There is a natural reluctancy to do anything about it now. But manifestations such as the Hawarden development will serve as an inspiration to consider seriously the needs of the people and their growing determination to take matters into their own hands. . . .

From a broad viewpoint, the principal value of the Hawarden idea may be the stimulating effect it will have upon statesmen, economists and financiers in inducing them to attempt to right apparent national economic wrongs with the least possible delay. It is a straw that shows the direction the wind of public sentiment is blowing in these troubled times.—*Sioux City (Iowa) Tribune.*